

## Index

Abbreviations: archbp. = archbishop/archbishopric; b. = born; bp. = bishop/bishopric; d. = died; r. = reigned/ruled

- Aachen, 89, 207, 252, 303, 312  
 absolutism, 7. *See also* European imperial nation-state  
 academies: Bremen, 253; Herborn, 253, 279  
 Acceptance of Mainz, 92n13  
 acculturation, 289n101  
 accumulation, benefices, 57n25  
 Adalbero (d. 1030), bp. of Laon, 29–30, 34, 49  
 Admont, abbey (Styria), 81  
 Adrian VI (r. 1522–23), pope, 145n63, 208  
 AEIOU, 91  
 Agnes (1551–1637), countess of Mansfeld-Eisleben, 365  
 Agricola, Gregor, pastor of Hatzendorf (Styria), 344  
 Agricola, Johannes (1494–1566), 39  
 agriculture, 31  
 Agrippa of Nettesheim, Cornelius (1486–1535), 54n10  
 Ahausen (Franconia), 368  
 Alba, duke of, Francisco Alvarez de Toledo (1507–82), 238n41, 250n80  
 Alber, Erasmus (1500–53), 264, 281  
 Albert (b. 1490, r. 1515–45), archbp.-elector of Mainz, 139, 145–6, 148, 217  
 Albert II (r. 1438–39), archduke of Austria and German king, 87, 93  
 Albert III Achilles (1417–86), margrave of Brandenburg, 59, 95, 105  
 Albert IV (b. 1447, r. 1465–1508), duke of Bavaria, 44n44, 99, 120–1  
 Albert V “the Magnanimous” (b. 1528, r. 1550–79), duke of Bavaria, 294  
 Albert “the Stout-hearted” (1443–1500), duke of Saxony, 244  
 Albertine Saxony. *See* Saxony, Albertine  
 Alcalá de Henares (Castile), 210  
 Alexander VI (r. 1492–1503), pope, 144  
 Alexander VII (r. 1655–67), pope, 401n83, 410  
 Alfonso I (b. 1396, r. 1442–58), king of Naples, 93  
 Allgäu, 193  
 alliances, confessional: Catholics 1525, 215; League of Gotha 1526, 215; Protestants 1529, 216; Swiss cities with Strasbourg and Hesse 1530, 217. *See also* Smalkaldic League  
 Alsace, 18, 23, 190; religious wars, 239; Swabian War, 119  
 Alt, Salome (1568–1633), domestic partner of Archbp. Wolf Dietrich von Raitenau, 306  
 Alte Veste, battle 1632, 382  
 Altenstetter, David (1547–1617), goldsmith of Augsburg, 332  
 Altötting, shrine (Bavaria), 286  
 Amersbach, Johann, pastor of Schwäbisch Gmünd, 315  
 Ammann, Jost (1539–91), Swiss artist, 29  
 Amsdorf, Nicolaus von (1483–1565), Lutheran reformer, 265  
 Amsterdam, 27  
 Anabaptism, geography: Augsburg, 202, 330; Austria, 328; Bavaria, 327, 330; Bern, 204, 328;

- Anabaptism, geography (*cont.*)  
 Bohemia, 204; Electoral Saxony, 330; Hesse, 329–30; Moravia, 203, 206, 328; Münster, 202, 205–6; Netherlands, 205–6; Nuremberg, 330; Palatinate, 330; Peasants' War, 201; Salzburg, 327, 330; Strasbourg, 203–5, 330; Switzerland, 203; Tyrol, 204, 327–8; Upper Rhine, 203; Zurich, 202–3; Zweibrücken, 33
- Anabaptists, 201–6, 216n44, 347; and Jews and witches, 346–8; community, 197n53, 202; death penalty, 327, 328, 331; executions, 328; Melchiorites, 205; name, 201; Peasants' War, 201; persecutions, 203, 327–29; Swiss Brethren, 202; toleration 329–30, 408
- Anatolia, 354
- Anders, Uly, 182
- Anderson, Margaret Lavinia, 414
- Andreae, Johann Valentin (1586–1654), pastor of Calw (Württemberg), 400
- Angevins, dynasty, 45, 72
- Anhalt, principality, 271
- Anjou. *See* Angevins, dynasty,
- Anna (1532–85), Danish royal princess and electress of Saxony, 240, 243n55, 334
- Anne (1503–47), princess of Bohemia and Hungary and Holy Roman empress, 210, 256
- Anne de Foix (1484–1506), 210n9
- Anselm of Canterbury, St. (1033–1109), 60
- Anshelm, Valerius (ca. 1475–1546/47), Bernese chronicler, 200
- anticlericalism, 63, 77, 140, 167, 262, 277
- anti-Italianism, 126, 137, 151
- antinomianism, 264
- anti-Romanism, 134–40, 151, 158, 250, 271, 275
- Antoine “the Good” (1489–1544), duke of Lorraine, 189–91
- Antonino (Pierozzi), St. (1389–1459), archbp. of Florence, 105
- Antwerp, 207
- apocalypticism, 259
- Arabic numerals, 36
- aristocracy, definition, 43n37
- Armbruster, Hans, patrician of Strasbourg, 39
- armies, size, 353
- Arpadians, dynasty, 72
- arsen protection (*Brandschatz*), 383
- Arzt, Ulrich (1460–1527), patrician of Augsburg, 192
- Ascanians, dynasty, 86
- Assum, Johann Christoph (1561–1651), chancellor of Hohenlohe-Langenburg, 285
- Augsburg, bp., 297
- Augsburg, city, 26, 109, 114, 126, 145, 147, 150, 176, 192, 208, 213, 217, 219, 241, 248, 309, 380, 391; calendar dispute, 334–6; *convivencia*, 330–2, 334–6; firms, 114; investigations of dissent, 332; militia, 217–18; religious parity, 233; religious parties 1530, 219; Schilling affair, 163; Smalkaldic League, 221; Swedish occupation, 394; Thirty Years War, 402
- August (b. 1526, r. 1553–86), elector of Saxony, 231, 239–41, 244, 266; confessional disputes, 241; defeat of John Frederick II, 244; Imperial policy, 238; Lutheran concord, 244–5, 266–7
- Augustin (“Master Ouch”), executioner, 200
- Augustine, St. (354–430) 49, 59
- Austerlitz, 370
- Austin, Sarah (1793–1867), 5n4
- Austin Friars (Augustinian Hermits), 64n49, 148
- Austria. *See* Austrian lands; Habsburgs, dynasty; Lower Austria; Outer Austria; Upper Austria
- Austria, archduchy, 18, 44, 90n5; Greater Privilege, 91. *See also* Austrian lands
- Austrian lands, 69, 90, 93, 106, 114, 256, 296, 298, 379; Burgundian models, 111; Catholic reformation, 296, 302; confessional divisions, 370; government, 102, 111; episcopal *Hochstifte*, 297; estates, 111, 299n32; exploitation by Maximilian I, 112; Habsburgs' territorial base, 128; Jews, 39; new dioceses, 144; officials, 101; partition, 90, 99, 246; Peasants' War, 200; Protestant reformation, 296, 299–302; regional governments, 111; reunion, 91; strife 1440s, 93–4; territorial state, 99, 106; titles, 297n28; toleration, 297; war costs, 123
- auxiliary bishop. *See* bishops, auxiliary
- Aviz, dynasty, 92
- Aztecs, 218
- Bacon, Francis (1561–1626), 3n1
- Baden (Aargau), 269
- Baden, margraviate, 99–100, 102; Peasants' War, 194, 201
- Baden-Durlach, Reformed reformation, 253
- Balduin, Balthasar (1605–52), pastor at Zwickau, 287
- Ballenberg (Franconia), 188

- Baltic region, 204, 237–8, 320  
 Baltringen (Upper Swabia), 193  
 Bamberg, bp., 189, 191, 211–12  
 banditry, 96–7  
 Barbara (ca. 1390–1451), countess of Cilli/Celje and Holy Roman empress, 71  
 Barnabites, religious order, 311  
 Barnim IX (1501–73), duke of Pomerania, 221  
 Basel, 27, 37, 135, 281; evangelical movement, 164; poor, 37; Protestant reformation, 279–80; Switzerland, 119; territorial church, 281  
 Bavaria, 18, 44, 57, 68, 87, 120, 211, 294, 296–8, 302, 308, 365; Catholic reformation, 294–6; central government, 102; Council for Spiritual Affairs, 295; ecclesiastical jurisdictions, 57; estates, 102; feuds, 96; laws, 100; Marian cult, 296; partitions, 44; Peace of Westphalia, 401; primogeniture, 99; Protestants, 294, 296; revenues, 73; state formation, 99; Swedish occupation, 394, 396  
 Bavarian War, 120, 209  
 Bayreuth (Franconia), 78  
 Bebel, Heinrich (1472–1514), humanist, *In Praise of Germany*, 138  
 beggars, 37, 355  
 beghards, definition, 52n8  
 begunages, definition, 52n8  
 begunes, definition, 52n8  
 Benedetti, Alessandro (1452–1512), physician of Venice, 110  
 Benedictines, religious order, 52–3, 293, 311  
 benefices, 43, 57, 92, 133, 136, 144–5, 194, 214, 293; accumulation, 57n25  
 Bergen, abbey (Magdeburg), 267  
 Bergen-op-Zoom, siege 1622, 385  
 Berlichingen, Götz von (1480–1562), Franconian nobleman, 48, 96, 123, 188  
 Bern, 35, 176, 287–8  
 Bernard (1604–39), duke of Saxe-Weimar, Protestant general, 382, 391, 396–8  
 Berthold of Henneberg (b. 1441, r. 1484–1504), archbp.-elector of Mainz, 116–20  
 Besançon, ecclesiastical province, 16  
 Beukelszoon, Jan (1509–36), baker of Leiden and Anabaptist, 205–6, 260  
 Bianca Maria (1472–1510), duchess of Milan and Holy Roman empress, 121, 143  
 Biberach an der Riss (Upper Swabia), 233  
 bill of exchange, 36  
 Bingen, 226  
 Binnsfeldt (Franconia), 316  
 bishops: archbishops, 16n12; auxiliary, 16n12, 50; defense against Protestants, 302–7; election, 54–5, 92; judicial authority, 55; losses to Protestants, 304; metropolitans, 16n12; nobles, 136n25; office and powers, 54; ordinary, 54n13; prince-bishoprics, 18, 55–6; residences, 56; spiritual and temporal powers, 16n14, 55, 132–3, 142; suffragan, 16n12; wealth, 57  
 Black Courtier (Renner, Margarete), 188  
 Black Death, 11–12, 21–2, 30–4, 39–40, 44, 53–4  
 Black Forest, 96, 200, 213  
 Bloch, Ernst (1885–1977), philosopher, 415–16  
 Bloch, Marc (1886–1944), historian, 6  
 Bock, Hans (d. 1542), patrician of Strasbourg, 162, 213  
 Böckingen (Franconia), 188  
 Boguet, Henri (1560–1619), Burgundian demonologist, 338  
 Bohemia, kingdom, 36, 73, 76, 87, 349, 364, 371–2, 378, 394–5; Catholic reformation, 378; Confederation 1619, 376; confessional divisions, 370; Confiscations Court, 378; *convivencia*, 370–2; Habsburg succession, 208; Hussite victory, 79; incomes, 75; inquisitions, 74; letter of majesty (*Majestätsbrief*), 372; Ottoman threat, 371; population, 22; Protestants, 299; relation to the Empire, 73; Religious Peace of Augsburg, 370; revolt 1618–19, 375–7; royal incomes, 73; sovereignty, 372; toleration, 331; trade, 73, 76, 87, 349, 364, 371–2, 378, 394–5  
 Bologna, 208  
 Boniface, St. (672–754), 309  
 Bonn, 324  
*Book of Concord*, 259, 267  
 “Book of the Hundred Chapters,” 135, 207  
 Botero, Giovanni (ca. 1544–1617), 353  
 Bouwsma, William J., historian (1923–2004), 417  
 Boyle, Nicholas, 417  
 Brandenburg, margraviate and electorate, 18, 86–7, 145; ecclesiastical jurisdictions, 57; electorate, 218, 224; Lutheran church order, 272; Peace of Westphalia, 401; Reformed reformation, 252–3, 271–3, 275; religious policy, 247; tithes, impropriated, 50

- Brandenburg-Ansbach, 200; church ordinance, 224; Peasants' War, 194; visitations, 268
- Brant, Sebastian (1457–1521), lawyer and humanist of Strasbourg, 29, 117, 260; *Ship of Fools*, 140, 142
- Bratislava/Pressburg, 87
- Breisach, siege 1638, 391
- Breitenfeld, battle 1631, 380, 389, 392–4, 396
- Bremen, archbp., 16, 51
- Bremen, city, 221, 252
- Brenner Pass, 89, 110, 217
- Brenner, Martin (1548–1616, r. 1585–1615), bp. of Seckau/Graz, 297–8
- Brenz, Johannes (1499–1570), Lutheran reformer, 224
- Brescia, 122, 312
- Breslau, 50, 320
- Brethren of the Common Life, 208
- Breu, Jörg the Elder (ca. 1475–1537), artist of Augsburg, 217n53
- Brigittines, religious order, 52
- Brixen/Bressanone, bp., 195
- broadsheet, 166n13
- Brothers of the Common Life, 64
- Brück, Gregor (1482–1557), chancellor of electoral Saxony, 222, 224
- Bruni Aretino, Leonardo (ca. 1369–1444), chancellor of Florence, 82–3
- Brunswick, city, 277–8
- Brunswick, duchy, 53, 99, 101
- Brunswick-Calenberg, 123
- Brunswick-Göttingen, 53
- Brunswick-Lüneburg, duchy, 123
- Brunswick-Wolfenbüttel, duchy, 101–2, 123, 224, 277, 290, 293
- Brussels, 153, 229
- Bucer, Martin (1491–1551), evangelical reformer of Strasbourg, 175, 178–9, 204, 216–17, 236n29, 321; Anabaptists, 204, 329–30; exile and death, 235; Hessian bigamy, 225; Hessian church ordinance, 224; Interim, 265
- Buchner, Nikolaus, O.S.B., abbot of Zwiefalten, 288
- Buda-Ofen, 87
- Bugenhagen, Johannes, Lutheran reformer (1485–1558), 224
- Bundschuh, 123, 186, 198, 244
- burghers, 34–42
- Burgundian Netherlands. *See* Low Countries; Netherlands
- Burgundian Wars, 105, 209
- Burgundy, 104n58
- Bursfeld, abbey, 53
- Bursfeld Congregation, 53
- Butler, Walter (1569–1634), of Tipperary, 395
- Butz, Peter (d. 1530), secretary of Strasbourg, 162
- caesaropapism, 132n2
- Caetani, Enrico (1550–99), cardinal, 370
- Cajetan. *See* de Vio, Tommaso
- calendar dispute, 334–6
- Calvin, John (1509–64), reformer of Geneva, 273
- Calvinism, 239n45. *See also* Reformed reformations
- Camerarius, Ludwig (1573–1651), Palatine councilor, 376–7
- Camillans, religious order, 311
- Campano, Giovanni Antonio (1429–77), humanist, 107
- Canisius (Kanyss), Peter, S.J. (1521–97), 293, 298, 304
- Canons Regular of St. Augustine, 64n49, 148n74
- Capistrano, Giovanni da, O.F.M. (1386–1456), German-Italian preacher, 78, 320
- Capito, Wolfgang (1478–1541), evangelical reformer of Strasbourg, 178, 204, 329
- Capuchins, religious order, 306, 310
- Carinthia, 14–15, 18, 36, 90n5, 111, 246; Catholic reformation, 297–8; Peasants' War 186
- Carlos (1545–68), son of Philip II of Spain, 246
- Carlyle, Thomas (1795–1881), historian, 3
- Carmelites, religious order, 311, 313
- Carniola, 14, 18, 41, 90n5, 111, 246, 297; Catholic reformation, 299; Peasants' War, 186
- Carranza, Bartolomé (1503–76), archbp. of Toledo, 230–1
- Carthusians, religious order, 52–3, 127, 311
- Casimir (1481–1527), margrave of Brandenburg-Ansbach, 126, 200
- Castile, kingdom: Council of, 230; revolt of *comuneros*, 208
- Catechism Sisters, 312
- cathedral chapters, 54, 293, 305; noble domination, 57
- Catherine (1485–1536), queen of England, 208
- Catholic Center Party, 413, 415
- Catholic counterreformation, definition, 291

- Catholic League, 250, 369; Bohemian revolt, 377; Cleves-Jülich succession, 368; members, 369n46
- Catholic reformations, 12-14, 28, 43, 45-6, 70, 72, 87, 89-92, 94, 99, 106, 109, 111, 113, 127-8, 144, 154, 209-11, 215, 238, 246, 273, 285, 293, 296-7, 299, 347, 355-61, 370, 377; Austria, 293-4, 296, 299-302, 366; Bavaria, 293-6, 366; beginnings, 233; Bohemia, 377-8; Carinthia, 297-8; Carniola, 298; cathedral chapters, 305; definition, 291; France, 408; Freising, bp., 295; Fulda, 309; *Hochstifte*, 305; Inner Austria, 296-8; Italy, 291, 293, 307; Kitzingen (Franconia), 380; Lorraine, 366; Low Countries, 291; new religious orders, 311; noble bishops, 304-5; northern bishoprics, 304; Paderborn, bp., 305-6; papacy, 294, 305, 307-10; reform deliberations, 293; Salzburg, archbp., 306; Spain, 291; Speyer, bp., 310; Switzerland, 307; traditional Catholicism, 310; visitations, 314-17; women, 310-14; pastoral work, 311
- celibacy, clergy, 51
- Celtis (Bickel), Conrad (1459-1508), *On the Fame of Germany*, 19
- Central Highlands (*Mittelgebirge*), 23, 224
- Chamber Court, Imperial, 116, 124, 208, 237, 308, 368; calendar dispute, 335; confessional struggles, 367; costs, 223; Jews, 324; Protestant opposition, 224; restoration suits, 222; suspension, 223
- chancery, definition, 112n20
- chapter, rural, definition, 315n91
- Charlemagne (b. 742, r. 768-814), king of the Franks and emperor, 128, 207, 212; wealth, 107
- Charles (b. 1540, r. 1564-90), archduke of Austria, 246, 297, 372
- Charles IV (b. 1316, r. 1346-78), Holy Roman emperor, 11, 40, 44, 73-4, 86-7
- Charles V (1500-58, r. 1519-56), Holy Roman emperor, 97, 116, 225, 241; abdication and partition, 229-30, 247; appearance, 209; death, 231; Diet of Augsburg 1530, 217-20; Diet of Worms 1521, 152-6; election, 126, 207; fortunes in 1520s, 208-9; Hessian bigamy, 225; Imperial Catholicism, 245, 247; Imperial coronation, 208; Imperial election, 36, 146; Jewish protection, 321-3; Luther at Worms, 152-6; Ottoman Wars, 237; papacy, 145; Princes' War, 227; retirement, 229-30; royal coronation, 152, 207; Smalkaldic War, 408; territorial base, 209-10
- Charles VIII "the Affable" (b. 1470, r. 1483-98), king of France, 115, 144
- Charles IX (b. 1550, r. 1604-11), king of Sweden, 392
- Charles "the Bold" (b. 1433, r. 1467-77), duke of Burgundy, 104-5, 107-8, 121; Burgundian kingdom, 104; wealth, 107
- Chemnitz (Saxony), 240
- Chiemsee, bp., 16
- Chigi, Fabio (b. 1599, r. 1655-57), papal nuncio. *See* Alexander VII, pope
- Christendom, definition, 12
- Christian (1599-1626), duke of Brunswick, 378
- Christian (1568-1630), prince of Anhalt-Bernburg, 373, 376-8
- Christian II (b. 1481, r. 1513-23), king of Denmark, 243n55
- Christian III (b. 1503, r. 1534-59), king of Denmark, 164n9, 240n48
- Christian IV (b. 1577, r. 1588-1648), king of Denmark, 379
- Christian Assembly, 193
- Christian Association, 198
- Christian Federation (Allgäu), 193
- Christian Union, 192
- Christina (1573-1625), duchess of Holstein-Gottorp, 392
- Christina (1626-89, r. 1632-54), queen of Sweden, 286, 395
- Christoph (b. 1515, r. 1550-68), duke of Württemberg, 288; critique of Reformed reformations, 239
- Christoph I (b. 1453, r. 1475-1515), margrave of Baden, 99
- Chur, bp., 119n46
- Church: terminology, 161n2; universal and local, 63
- Cilli/Celje (Slovenia), 45
- Circles, Imperial, 124-6, 239, 247
- Cistercians, religious order, 52-3, 293, 311
- cities, 35, 38-9
- Cities' War, 95-6, 105
- classes and estates, 2
- Clement VII (r. 1523-34), pope, 208
- clergy, 49; celibacy, 51; citizenship, 177-8; definition, 49n1; female, 52; illegitimacy, 51, 133n2; marriage, 133, 150, 179-80; Mass priests, 50; money, 134; numbers, 52; regular, 52-4; tithes, 50, 134, 202

- clergy, Protestant, 77, 263; Albertine Saxony, 277; civil servants, 263; Denmark, 277; education, 278; Electoral Saxony, 277–8; endogamy, 277–8; first generation, 277; Livonia, 277; Nuremberg, 277; social origins, 277; Thuringia, 277; universities, 278–9
- Cleves-Jülich, duchies, 302n50; ecclesiastical jurisdictions, 57; Protestant overtures, 224; Reformed churches, 253; religious policy, 247; succession, 273, 367–8; territories, 367n37, 368
- Clipper and Nipper Era (*Kipper- und Wipperzeit*), 381
- Cluny, abbey, 53
- Cochlaeus, Johannes (1479–1552), Catholic writer, 20, 351
- coercion and toleration, 346–8
- collegiate church, definition, 517
- colloquies, religious, 217, 225
- Cologne, archbp.-electorate, 218, 256, 365; ecclesiastical province, 16, 51; electorate, 224; *Hochstift*, 105, 365; Jews, 324; Peasants' War, 194; Protestant overtures, 224; Wittelsbach archbishops, 295
- Cologne, city, 312; Hanseatic League, 35; population, 35; St. Barbara's Monastery, 292; women, religious, 312; women workers, 38
- Cologne Troubles 1837–39, 411, 414
- Cologne War, 365–6
- common man, definition, 185n3
- Common Penny, 116–18, 129
- communalism, 140–4, 187
- communes, rural, 32
- communes, urban, 37–9, 178
- Communion of Saints, 63
- Compacts of Basel, 78
- comuneros*, 208
- conciliarists, 76, 82–3, 136, 152
- Concordat of Vienna 1448, 54, 92, 136
- concubinage, 51
- Confession of Augsburg, 220–1, 228, 231, 246, 260, 267–8, 273, 319, 332
- confessional absolutism, 397
- confessional struggles: Aachen, 366; Cleves-Jülich, 366; Cologne, 365; Strasbourg, bp., 365–6
- confessionalism, 416; aggression, 414–16; polemics, 334; post-Imperial *convivencia*, 410
- confessionalization thesis, 252, 258, 289
- confessions, definition, 8
- Conrad (1540–92), count of Solms-Braunfels, 253
- conscience, 213n27
- conscription, 384
- Constance, bp., 16, 71, 133n12
- Constance, city, 179–80
- Constantine (b. 272, r. 306–37), Roman emperor, 134, 219
- Constantinople, 354, 361
- contributions system, Thirty Years War, 383
- Contzen, Adam, S.J. (1571–1635), 303, 380
- convivencias*, 233–4; Augsburg, 334–6; Bohemia, 370, 372; definitions, 185n3, 233n18; Imperial, 233, 256, 266, 319, 350, 354, 365–7, 369, 408–9; Moravia, 370; parity cities, 233
- Cortés, Hernán (1485–1528), conqueror of Mexico, 207
- councils, general: Basel, 53, 78, 80, 82–4, 92, 131–2, 139, 145–6, 152; Constance, 71–2, 75–6, 80, 82–3, 146, 154, 219; German national, 92, 136, 219; Mantua, 225; Trent, 225, 227, 245–6, 265, 302, 307, 311; Vatican I, 412n14, 413
- Cracow, Georg (1525–75), Saxon counselor, 240n50
- cradle fee, 133
- Cranach, Lucas the Elder (1472–1553), artist, 166
- Cranach family, 242
- Crell, Nikolaus (1551–1601), Saxon counselor, 271
- Cressthal (Franconia), 316
- Crimea, 354
- Croats (*Crabatten*), definition, 387n40
- crypto-Calvinists. *See* Philippists
- Cuspinian, Johannes (1437–1529), humanist, 108
- customs duty, Imperial, 211–12
- Dalmatia, 20
- Danube, river, 127, 193, 226
- Danzig, 37
- de Busbecq, Ogier Ghiselin (1520/21–92), Imperial diplomat, 360
- de Busto, Bernabé (d. 1557), Spanish historian, 226
- deanery, definition, 387n40
- Declaration of King Ferdinand. *See* Ferdinandine Declaration

- Dederoth, Johann (d. 1439), abbot of Bursfeld, 53
- defenestration of Prague 1618, 372–3
- Del Rio, Martin, S.J. (1551–1608), theologian and demonologist, 339
- demesne, royal, 72
- democracy, Reformed reformation, 276–7
- Denmark kingdom, 164; Northern War (1563–70), 238; Protestant reformation, 224
- Devereaux, William, Irish officer, 396
- devil literature, 260
- de Vio, Tommaso (“Caejetan,” 1469–1534), cardinal, philosopher, and diplomat, 146–7
- Diet, Imperial, 69, 81, 85, 97, 104, 112, 115–16, 119, 129, 156, 237, 241, 248, 294, 401; caucuses, confessional (*itio in partes*), 237; confessional parties, 241, 367; constitution, 20, 153; formation, 85, 115; frequency, 222, 225, 247; origins, 355; prince-bishops, 18; Princes’ Chamber, 44; reforms post-1555, 237; resumption 1541, 225; standing army, 47; strengthening post-1555, 247; taxation, 237; tax register, 208n4. *See also* Diets, Imperial
- Dietenheim (Upper Swabia), 297
- Dietrich (b. 1546, r. 1585–1618), count of Fürstenberg and bp. of Paderborn, 305, 306n64, 309
- Diets, Imperial: 1442 Frankfurt am Main, 115; 1471 Regensburg, 107; 1481 Nuremberg, 115; 1486 Frankfurt am Main, 108, 115; 1495 Worms, 114–21, 97, 135, 232, 354; 1496 Lindau, 118; 1498 Freiburg im Breisgau, 118, 135; 1500 Augsburg, 117–18; 1505 Cologne, 120–1; 1507 Constance, 122; 1512 Trier/Cologne, 124; 1518 Augsburg, 124, 127–8, 145–6, 148; 1521 Worms, 150, 152–6, 174–5, 208–10, 292–3; 1522 Nuremberg, 162, 211; 1523 Nuremberg, 211; 1524 Nuremberg, 212–13; 1525 Augsburg, 213; 1526 Speyer, 213–16, 231, 256; 1529 Speyer, 203; 1530 Augsburg, 208, 217–21, 322; 1532 Regensburg, 231; 1539 Frankfurt am Main, 231; 1542 Speyer, 320; 1546 Regensburg, 225; 1547–48 Augsburg, 227; 1555 Augsburg, 245, 292; 1559–60 Augsburg, 237; 1564 Worms, 237; 1566 Augsburg, 239, 294, 303; 1570 Speyer, 27; 1576 Regensburg, 255; 1577 Worms, 245
- Dillenburg (Nassau), 253
- Dillingen, 309
- Dilthey, Wilhelm (1833–1911), philosopher, 413
- Dinkelsbühl, 233
- dioceses, 49
- Döllinger, Johann Joseph Ignaz von (1799–1890), church historian, 412
- Donatus, Roman grammarian, 34
- Donauwörth, 90
- Dossenheim (Alsace), 190
- double papal election. *See* Western Schism
- double-entry bookkeeping, 36
- Dränsdorf, Johann (d. 1425), Hussite priest, 67–8
- Dream of Hermansgrün*, 114
- Drenss, Agnes, 180
- Drenss, Augustin (d. 1552), 180
- Drenss, Margarethe, 180
- Dresden, 240, 286
- Drummer of Niklashausen, 64, 66–7
- dry Mass, 316n99
- Dürer, Albrecht (1471–1528), artist of Nuremberg, 45, 48, 126, 128, 145, 207
- Dutch Republic, 256; Cleves-Jülich succession, 368; Reformed reformation, 253
- Dutch Revolt, 238, 304
- dynasties, royal/Imperial, 44n45
- early bourgeois revolution, 418
- Early New High German, 15
- East Frisia, 253
- Eastphalia, 72
- Eberhart, Veit, of Neuler, 199
- Ebner, Katharina, O.F.M., of Nuremberg, 174–5
- Ecclesiastical Reservation, 232, 255, 304, 366, 380
- Echter von Mespelbrunn, Julius (b. 1545, r. 1573–1617), bp. of Würzburg, 306–7, 309, 366
- Eck, Leonhard von (1480–1550), chancellor of Bavaria, 197, 214
- economic depression 1570s–1620s, 381
- Eder, Georg (1523–87), Catholic jurist and controversialist, 300–1, 310
- Edict of Restitution, 375–6, 380, 390–1, 400
- Edict of Worms, 155, 211–13, 220
- Eger/Cheb (Bohemia), 395
- Egmont, Maximilian of (ca. 1500–48), count of Buren and Leerdam, 226
- Ehrenberg, Philipp Adolf von (b. 1583, r. 1623–31), bp. of Würzburg, 380
- Eichstätt, bp., 295
- Eisenach (Thuringia), 147
- Eisenhut, Anton, priest, 189
- Eisleben (Mansfeld), 147, 285

- Elbe, river, 18, 227, 389
- Eleanor (1434–67), Holy Roman empress and princess of Portugal, 92–3, 108–9
- Eleanor (1598–1655), Holy Roman empress, 313
- electors. *See* Holy Roman Empire, electors
- Elizabeth (1409–42), countess of Luxemburg and German queen, 87
- Elizabeth (1542–1603), countess of Nassau-Dillenburg, 253n90
- Elizabeth (1478–1504), duchess of Bavaria, 120
- Elizabeth (1347–93), German queen and Holy Roman empress, 74
- Elizabeth (1596–1662), princess of Scotland and England, queen of Bohemia, 376–7
- Elizabeth, wife of Burkhard Zink, 41
- Emden (East Frisia): Netherlandish refugees, 252; presbyterian church order, 270; Reformed synod, 253
- Emser, Hieronymus (1478–1527), Catholic controversialist, 181
- Engels, Friedrich (1820–95), 409
- England, kingdom of, 222, 312, 314, 330; Bohemian revolt, 377; Charles V's visit, 208
- English ladies, 313–14
- Epicurean, 235n29, 236n35
- Ensisheim (Alsace), Austrian regional regime, 111
- Erasmus, Desiderius (1466–1536), humanist, 33n10, 57n23, 197; Albert of Mainz, 145; influence, 62; monks, 143; piety, 61; reign of folly, 260; spiritual religion, 61–2
- Erasmus (b. 1507, r. 1541–68), Schenck von Limburg and bp. of Strasbourg, 236
- Erastian, 271n43
- Erastus (Lüber), Thomas (1524–83), Palatine councilor, 269
- Erfurt, 37, 148
- ergotism, 338
- Eric II (b. 1528, r. 1540–84), duke of Brunswick-Calenberg, 233
- Ernest (1479–1531), count of Mansfeld, 190
- Ernest (1500–60), duke of Bavaria and administrator of Passau, 211
- Ernest (b. 1554, r. 1583–1612), duke of Bavaria and archbp. of Cologne (1583–1612), 211, 292, 295, 304, 324, 365
- Ernest (b. 1441, r. 1464–86), elector of Saxony, 244
- Erzgebirge, 36, 87, 240
- estates, Imperial (*Reichsstände*), definition, 20
- Eucharistic dispute, 216–17, 221, 254, 274
- Eucharistic piety, 64–5
- Eugenius IV (r. 1431–47), pope, 84–5, 92, 131
- European imperial nation-state, 5–6, 34
- European marriage pattern, 21
- evangelical movements, 158, 161–4, 197; Augsburg, 162–3; Basel, 164; Bremen, 163; clerical citizenship, 177–8; Cologne, 163; Constance, 163; drama, 168–70; episcopal cities, 303; Hamburg, 162–3; Hanseatic cities, 162; images, 170–2; Lübeck, 164; Memmingen, 182; Nuremberg, 162–3; printing, 164–7; prostitution, 178; spoken word, 167–8; Strasbourg, 162–3; Ulm, 162–3; Worms, 177; Zurich, 162
- executive council, Imperial, 116–17, 119
- farmers, 30–4; definition, 31n4
- Father August. *See* August, elector of Saxony
- Feast of the Holy Lance, 212
- Felix V (r. 1440–49), papal claimant, 92
- Ferdinand (1529–95), archduke of Austria and count of Tyrol, 297
- Ferdinand (b. 1577, r. 1612–50), duke of Bavaria and archbp.-elector of Cologne, 344
- Ferdinand (b. 1452, r. 1479–1516), king of Aragon, 210
- Ferdinand I (b. 1503, r. 1556–64), archduke of Austria and Holy Roman emperor, 111, 198, 210, 213, 233, 243, 266, 294, 297, 372; Anabaptists, 328; assembly of deputies, 237; Austrian enfeoffment, 219; Austrian lands, 209–10 burial, 256; characteristics, 210; death, 246; defense of Catholic Church, 293; Diet of Augsburg 1530, 217–18; Diet of Speyer 1526, 214; Imperial Catholicism, 245–6; Imperial vicar, 209–10; marriage, 210; partition of Austrian lands, 246; physical appearance, 210; Religious Peace of Augsburg, 231; royal election, 208; Saxon campaign 1547, 227; succession, Bohemia and Hungary, 215; succession, Empire, 231; Treaty of Passau 1552, 228
- Ferdinand II (b. 1578, r. 1619–37), archduke of Austria and Holy Roman emperor, 313, 372, 378, 390; Bavaria, 379; Bohemian revolt, 375, 377; Bohemian succession, 372–3, 376; Catholic policy, 378; Edict of Restitution, 380; Imperial election, 376; Ottomans, 364; personal characteristics, 378; piety, 392



- Ferdinand III, (b. 1608, r. 1637–57), king of Bohemia and Hungary and Holy Roman Emperor, 396, 398, 400
- Ferdinand Maria (b. 1636, r. 1651–79), duke and elector of Bavaria, 295
- Ferdinandine Declaration, 232, 366, 380
- Fernando (1609–41), Infante of Spain and archbp. of Toledo, 396
- Fettmilch, Vinzenz (d. 1616), gingerbread baker of Frankfurt, 326
- feud, 96–7
- Fiore, Joachim of (ca. 1132–1202), O.Cist., abbot, 196n51
- Flacius Illyricus, Matthias (Matija Vlačič, 1520–75), Lutheran theologian, 244n58, 265–6
- Flanders, county, 312, 360
- Flensburg, 359
- Floriszoon, Adriaan. *See* Adrian VI, pope
- Fondaco dei Tedeschi, 36
- Forchheim (Nuremberg), 212
- Formula of Concord, 245, 254, 266–7, 271, 275, 366
- fortifications (*trace Italienne*), 353
- Four Articles of Prague, 78
- France, 20, 27; Bohemian revolt, 377; centralization, 98; Council of Trent, 246; Italian Wars, 47, 144; Peace of Westphalia, 401; persecution of Protestants, 239, 330; Reformed reformation, 253, 271, 276; Thirty Years War, 384, 396, 398; wars of religion, 241
- Francis I (b. 1494, r. 1515–47), king of France, 208, 230
- Franciscans, religious order, 52, 311; anti-Jewish images, 320
- Franck, Sebastian (1499–1542), historian, *German Chronicle*, 22, 97, 204
- Franconia, 18, 23; Cities' War, 95; feuds, 96; Jews, 39; nobility, 47
- Frankenhausen (Thuringia), 190, 196
- Frankfurt am Main, 23, 145, 321; Fettmilch rising, 326–7; Jewish wealth, 325; Jews, 40, 326; religious refugees, 326n21; seat (proposed) of Imperial regime, 117
- Frankfurt an der Oder: siege 1631, 385
- Franz, Günther (1902–92), 418–19
- Frederick (1482–1556), Count Palatine, 217
- Frederick (b. 1529, r. 1554–56), duke of Schleswig-Holstein and bp. of Hildesheim, 292
- Frederick I Barbarossa (b. 1122, r. 1152–90), Holy Roman emperor, 82, 93, 115, 124, 196
- Frederick II (b. 1194, r. 1212–50), Holy Roman emperor, 18
- Frederick III (b. 1414, r. 1440–93), Holy Roman emperor, 88–9, 104, 106; appearance, 91; Burgundy, 104–5, 108; church reform, 92; Concordat of Vienna, 136; coronation, 89, 93; dynastic pride, 91; education, 91; Imperial Reform, 105; marriage, 93, 115; officials, 137; religion, 91; reputation, 106; territorial base, 89, 128; travels, 89–90, 93
- Frederick II (b. 1534, r. 1558–88), king of Denmark, 243
- Frederick III “the Pious” (b. 1515, r. 1559–76), Elector Palatine, 239, 241, 246, 254
- Frederick III “the Wise” (b. 1463, r. 1486–1525), elector of Saxony, 127, 146, 154, 199; Edict of Worms, 213; Imperial candidate, 241; Peasants' War, 215
- Frederick IV “the Belligerent” (1370–1428), margrave of Meissen and elector of Saxony, 87
- Frederick V “the Winter King” (1596–1623), Elector Palatine and king of Bohemia, 376–7, 394, 401
- Frederick William “the Great Elector” (b. 1620, r. 1640–88), elector of Brandenburg; Peace of Westphalia, 401
- Freiberg (Saxony), 239
- Freiburg im Breisgau, 13n8, 24; Peasants' War, 188
- Freising, bp., 295, 304; Catholic reformation, 295
- French Wars, 225, 249
- Freytag, Gustav (1816–95), novelist and historian, 7
- Fribourg/Freiburg im Üchtland, 13n8
- Friesenegger, Maurus (1595–1655), abbot of Andechs, 387
- Fritz, Joss, Bundschuh leader, 123
- Frundsberg, Georg von (1473–1528), military commander, 47
- Frundsberg, Hans von, Swabian nobleman 33
- Fuchstadt (Franconia), 316
- Fugger family, Augsburg, 146, 297
- Fugger, Jakob “the Rich” (1459–1525), 36, 126
- Fulda, abbey, Catholic reformation, 309
- Füll von Geispolsheim, Wolf, 190
- full peasants, definition, 31n6

- Gaismair, Michael (1490–1532), Tyrolean rebel, 195–6
- Gallas, Matthias (1584–1647), Imperial commander, 385, 396
- Gallus, Nikolaus (Hahn, 1616–70), Lutheran pastor, 265
- Gandersheim, abbey, 53
- Gattinara, Mercurio Arborio di (1465–1530), Imperial grand-chancellor, 207, 209
- Geiler, Johann (1445–1510), preacher of Strasbourg, 261; anticlericalism, 140–1; *Ants, The*, 141–2; appearance, 140; bishops, 142; Maximilian I, 146; merchants and money, 141–2; reform program, 140–4; sermons, 140
- Geispolsheim (Alsace), 190
- Gelderland, duchy, 104
- Geneva, 239, 268
- George I (b. 1605, r. 1626–61), landgrave of Hesse-Darmstadt, 394, 397
- George “the Bearded” (b. 1471, r. 1500–539), duke of Saxony, 120, 211, 214, 218; Edict of Worms, 213; evangelical movement, 293; Hessian marriage, 224; Peasants’ War, 215
- Gerber, Erasmus (d. 1525), Peasants’ War commander, 190, 199
- Gericke, Otto (von) (1602–86), of Magdeburg, 388–9
- German Catholicism, 307, 413
- German College, 304, 306
- German Congregation, 304
- German Democratic Republic, 418
- German kingdom, 12, 81–3, feudal character, 18; royal elections, 73. *See also* Holy Roman Empire
- German lands, definition, 12, 18
- German nation, 19, 138, 151, 228, 264, 412–13, 417; idea, 20; definition, 12
- German Social Democracy, 413, 415n29
- Germany: boundaries, 20–1; definition, 4; extent, 22n26; idea, 19; secularization, 419
- Gerung, Mathis (ca. 1500–70), artist, 362
- Ghent, 109
- Gnesio-Lutherans. *See* Real Lutherans
- godly law, Peasants’ War, 187, 197
- Goethe, Johann Wolfgang (1749–1832), 7
- Golden Bull, 20, 73, 81, 99
- Golden Fleece, order, 114, 126
- good governance (*gute Policy*), 100
- Gordon, John (d. 1648), colonel, of Aberdeenshire, 395–6
- Görres, Johann Joseph (1776–1848), journalist and historian, 412
- Gotha (Thuringia), 243
- Göttingen, 53; Smalkaldic League, 221
- Governing Council, Imperial, 208, 210–12; Edict of Worms, 213
- Gramsci, Antonio (1891–1937), Italian communist theorist and politician, 193n35
- Grandson, battle 1476, 105
- Granvelle, Nicholas Perrenot de (1486–1550), Imperial chancellor, 20
- Graubünden, 119n46, 192, 276
- Graz, bp., 297–8, 300n44
- Graz, city (Styria), 296–8, 308; Catholic reformation, 298; Habsburg residence, 89
- Great War 1914–18, 413
- Greater Privilege, Austria, 91
- Grebel, Conrad (ca. 1498–1526), Anabaptist of Zurich, 202
- Gregorian calendar, 308
- Gregory I (r. 590–604), pope, 181n51
- Gregory VII (r. 1073–85), pope, 86
- Greifswald (Pomerania), 24
- Grimmelshausen, Hans Jakob Christoffel (1621–76), 383, 386, 403; *Adventurous Simplicissimus*, 383
- Grimmenstein Castle (Gotha), 243
- Groote, Geert (1340–84), 65
- Grumbach, Wilhelm von (1503–66), Franconian nobleman, 244
- Gruter, Lambert (r. 1573–82), bp. of Wiener Neustadt, 255
- Guicciardini, Francesco (1483–1540), 119
- guilds, 36–8
- Günzburg (Upper Swabia): Jewish assembly 1529, 322
- Gurk, bp., 300n44
- Gustavus II Adolphus (b. 1594, r. 1611–32), king of Sweden, 381, 392n59; armies, 382; death, 394; German campaign, 392–4; savior of Protestants, 380
- Gutenberg, Johann (ca. 1400–67/68), printer of Mainz, 26
- Habsburgs, dynasty, 44, 87, 89; brothers’ quarrel (*Bruderzwist*), 371; Catholic reformation, 299–302; intra-dynastic strife, 90, 95; marriages, 45; officials, 101; origins, 72; Ottomans, 353–4, 362–4; rule of

- seniority, 90; territorial base, 69, 209–10;  
tombs, 90, 127–8, 255–6
- Halberstadt, bp., 145; *Hochstift*, 285
- Hamburg: evangelical movement, 163–4;  
Smalkaldic League, 221
- Hanseatic League, 35, 164
- Hansi. *See* Henkel, Hansi
- Harz Mountains, 196
- Hatzendorf (Styria), 344
- Havelberg, bp., 65
- heartlands, Imperial, 12–14, 18, 20, 24, 33–4, 48,  
89–90, 105–6, 124, 152, 201, 295, 339, 343, 347
- Heberle, Hans (1597–1677), Swabian cobbler,  
390–1, 399, 403
- Hedio, Caspar (ca. 1494–1552), evangelical  
preacher of Strasbourg, 143, 180, 261–2
- Hegel, Georg Friedrich Wilhelm (1770–1831),  
411, 413
- Heidelberg, 67, 239, 253–4, 268; occupation  
1622, 378; Reformed reformation, 253–4;  
university library, 378n12
- Heidelberg Catechism, 239n45, 246, 270, 273–4
- Heilbronn, 67, 186, 188–90, 194
- Heimburg, Gregor von (ca. 1400–72), jurist,  
101, 124, 136–7; *Appeal from the Pope to a  
Future Council*, 137
- Heine, Heinrich (1797–1856), 7
- Heinrich VII (1464–99), count of Fürstenberg,  
116n36
- Heinrich Julius (b. 1564, r. 1589–1613), duke of  
Brunswick-Wolfenbüttel, 102
- Henkel, Hansi (d. 1567), angel-friend, 243–4
- Henneberg, county, 43, 116
- Henneberg-Schleusingen, Wilhelm von (1478–  
1559), 190
- Henry II (b. 1519, r. 1547–59), king of France,  
227, 230
- Henry IV, (b. 1553, r. 1589–1610), king of  
France, 252
- Henry VII (b. 1378/9, r. 1308/12–13), Holy  
Roman emperor, 72
- Henry II “the Pious” (b. 1473, 1539–41), duke  
of Saxony, 239; Smalkaldic League, 221, 239
- Herborn (Nassau), 253, 279
- Hergot, Hans (d. 1528), printer, 196–7; *On the  
New Transformation of a Christian Life*,  
196
- Herolt, Johann, priest of Weinsberg, 189
- Herrenstein Castle (Alsace), 190
- Hesse, landgraviate, 18, 23; central  
government, 102; church ordinance, 224;  
feuds, 96; Jews, 39; laws, 100; Protestant  
reformation, 294; Reformed reformation,  
271; state-church, 260
- Hesse-Cassel, clerical endogamy, 278
- Hildesheim, bp., 123, 256, 292
- Hildesheim Feud, 123–4
- Hilspach (Rhine Palatinate), 189
- Hipler, Wendel (ca. 1465–1526), Peasants’ War  
leader, 194
- Hochstifte*, 83, 105, 123, 192, 285, 297, 305, 365;  
Catholic defense, 306; secularization, 240,  
248n69
- Höck, Theobald (1572–after 1621), poet, 349
- Hoffman, Melchior (ca. 1495–1543),  
spiritualist, 204–5, 260
- Hohenheim, Theophrastus Bombastus von  
(Paracelsus, 1493–1541), physician and  
philosopher, 54n10
- Hohenlandsberg Castle (Franconia), 249
- Hohenlohe, county, 43, 190, 194n36; marriage  
discipline, 285; partition, 283n84
- Hohenstaufens, dynasty, 72, 208
- Hohenzollerns, dynasty: Cleves-Jülich, 273;  
Franconian nobles, 46; origins, 72; Prussia,  
237
- Holck, Henrik (d. 1633), military commander,  
382
- Holy League 1454, 144
- Holy Roman Empire: and modern Germany,  
409; boundaries, 14; Catholic and Protestant  
ideas, 248–52; Catholic reformation,  
bishops, 305–7; church, 15–18; dispersal of  
power, 98; economic regions, 22–3; electors,  
73, 92, 247; emperor and Empire (*Kaiser und  
Reich*), 85; emperor and territorial princes,  
135, 138; geography, 13n7, 34–2; geography,  
confessional, 256; geography, ecclesiastical,  
16; governance, 86; heartlands, 12–14, 18, 20,  
24, 33–4, 48, 66, 89–90, 105–6, 124, 152, 201,  
286, 295, 339, 343, 347; Italian Wars, 144;  
languages, 12n5, 14–16, 28, 104; names, 12, 19;  
secularization, 409n4, 410; shrinkage, 28;  
territorial states, 99
- Hölzl, Blasius, Austrian official, 101, 113
- Honsperg of Klöden, Hans, Saxon nobleman,  
45
- Horn, Gustav (1592–1657), Swedish  
commander, 396
- Hornhausen (Magdeburg), 285–7
- House of Habsburg. *See* Habsburgs, dynasty  
household, 31, 36–7

- Huber, Konrad (1507–77), secretary to Martin Bucer, 235
- Hubmaier, Balthasar (ca. 1480–1528), Anabaptist, 203
- Hug, Johannes, priest of Strasbourg, 59
- Huguenots, 238, 253
- Huizinga, Johan (1872–1945), historian, 11
- humanists, 19, 150
- Hungary, kingdom, 20, 75, 87, 240, 249, 349, 353, 362, 364; crown of St. Stephen, 88; Habsburg succession, 208–9; Ottomans, 350, 355; threats, 75; toleration, 330
- Hus, Jan (ca. 1369–1415), Bohemian theologian, 65–6, 76–7, 105; forerunner of Luther, 79; teachings, 76; theology of blood, 65
- Hussite Wars, 76, 78–9, 355, 370
- Hussites, 67, 77, 80n32, 93; Compacts of Basel, 13; Council of Basel, 78; interpretations, 79; parties, 78; revenge for Hus, 77; schism, 143
- Hutten, Hans von (1477–1515), 139n40
- Hutten, Ulrich von (1488–1523), Franconian nobleman and humanist, 48, 96, 138–9, 145, 151; complaint of rural life, 48; *Roman Triads (Trias Romana)*, 139; *Vadiscus, or the Roman Trinity*, 139
- hybrid governance, definition, 408n3
- iconoclasm, 181–3
- Ignatius of Antioch, St. (d. before 117) 54
- Immel, Barbara, of Donsbach (Nassau-Dillenburg), 342
- Immel, Krein (Katharina), of Donsbach (Nassau-Dillenburg), 342
- Imperial Aulic Council, 237, 300–1, 325
- Imperial Catholicism, 245–8, 250, 295, 349, 372, 378
- Imperial Chamber Court. *See* Chamber Court, Imperial
- Imperial Diet. *See* Diets, Imperial
- Imperial governance: quickening after 1555, 247; reforms post-1550, 237; taxation, 237
- Imperial princes. *See* princes, Imperial
- Imperial Reform, 114–21
- Imperial Tax Collector, 237
- incorporation of parishes, 55
- indulgences, 65, 134, 144, 146–8, 166, 169, 182
- Industrial Revolution, 413
- Ingolstadt, 44, 225; battle 1546, 226
- Inner Austria, 246, 296–8
- Innocent III, pope (r. 1198–1216), 16
- Innsbruck, 27, 111, 217, 227, 246, 298–9, 322, 337; Austrian regional regime, 111, 119, 328, 341, 370; central regime, 111–12; Emperor Maximilian I, 101, 112–13, 127–8, 138
- Inquisition, Spanish, 231
- Institoris (Kramer), Heinrich, O.P., 337n52, 340; *Hammer of Witches*, 336–8
- Interim of Augsburg 1548, 225, 227, 234–5, 248, 265–6, 335
- Interim of Leipzig, 248, 265
- Ireland, 330
- Isabella (1503–39), royal princess of Portugal and Holy Roman empress, 208
- Isabella “the Catholic” (b. 1451, r. 1474–1504), queen of Castile, 120
- Istanbul, 254
- Italian Wars, 115, 121–3, 137, 144, 351
- Italy, 20, 27, 78, 121–2, 137, 208, 217, 310
- Jagiellonians, dynasty, 210
- Janissaries, 356, 360
- Jesuitesses, 311–14
- Jesuits, 52, 256, 273, 294–5, 298, 302, 306, 308–11, 313–14; Austrian lands, 298; Bavaria, 310; Bohemia, 309; Fulda, 309; Ingolstadt, 310; Low Countries, 309; Munich, 310; Münster, 310; noble preference, 304; Olmütz/Olomouc, 379; Paderborn, bp., 309; Speyer, bp., 310; Switzerland, 309
- Jewish Sow, 170
- Jews, 135, 320–7; appellate courts 1603, 324; as burghers, 39, 41; as Imperial estate, 324; blood libel, accusation, 65; dispersals, 40; executions, 321; Fettmilch rising, 326; Frankfurt am Main, 324–5; general property tax 1603, 324; Hesse, 321n6, 325; Hildesheim, 323; host desecration, accusation, 65, 320; Anabaptists, and witches compared, 346–8; Low Countries, 325; Mainz, 325; Middle Rhine valley, 325; Nuremberg, 40; persecutions, 11, 40; political integration, 321, 323; population, 325; Prague, 325; protection, 408; Regensburg, 40, 203; ritual murder, accusation, 320; settlements, 39–40; taxpayers (Frankfurt am Main); usury, 320; wealth, 325; Wetterau, 325; Worms, 326
- Jews, expulsions, 39–41, 203, 320–1; England, 320; France, 320; Hesse-Darmstadt, 324; Regensburg 40, 203; Saxony, 321; Spain, 320

- Joachim I Nestor (b. 1484, r. 1499–1536), elector of Brandenburg, 221, 272
- Joachim II Hector (b. 1505, 1535–71), elector of Brandenburg, 272–3, 321
- John (ca. b. 1478–1547, r. 1503–27), duke of Saxe-Lauenburg and bp. of Hildesheim, 123–4
- John IV (r. 1569–92), count of Manderscheid-Blankenheim, bp. of Strasbourg, 365
- John VI (b. 1536, r. 1559–1605), count of Nassau-Katzenelnbogen, 253
- John “the Blind” (1296–1346), king of Bohemia, 72–3
- John Casimir (1543–92), Count Palatine, 253–4
- John Casimir (1584–1638), Count Palatine of Zweibrücken, 387
- John “the Constant” (b. 1468, r. 1525–32), duke of Saxony and elector, 215–20
- John Frederick I (1503–54, r. 1532–47), elector of Saxony 218, 222, 224, 226–7, 241–2, 321
- John Frederick II (1529–95), duke of Saxony, 241–4
- John George I (b. 1585, r. 1611–56), elector of Saxony, 377, 397
- John Sigismund (b. 1572, r. 1608–19), elector of Brandenburg, 273–5, 367
- John William (b. 1562, r. 1592–1609), duke of Cleves-Jülich, 367
- Jonas, Justus (1493–1555), Lutheran reformer, 355
- Josel (Joseph) of Rosheim (ca. 1480–1554) 321–3; *Articles and Regulations*, 323; coronation of Charles V, 322; Ferdinand I, 322; Imperial Diet of Augsburg 1530, 323; Martin Luther, 321
- Juana (1479–1555), queen of Castile and Aragon, 120
- Jülich-Berg, duchies, estates, 102
- Julius II (r. 1503–13), pope, 109, 122, 144
- Jung, Barbara, of Donsbach (Nassau-Dillenburg), 342
- Jura Mountains, 336
- Jutland peninsula, 379
- Kaiserwerth (Cologne, archbp.), 343
- Karl Eusebius (1611–84), prince of Liechtenstein, 300
- Karlstadt, Andres Bodenstein von (1480–1541), evangelical theologian, 181, 204; *On the Removal of Images*, 181
- Karlstadt (Franconia), deanery, 315
- Kaysersberg (Alsace), 42, 140, 179
- Keller, Hans, of Memmingen, 182
- Kempen (Cologne, archbp.), 414
- Kempten, abbey, 33, 193
- Kepler, Johannes (1571–1630), mathematician and astronomer, 379
- Khlesl, Melchior (b. 1552, r. 1598–1630), bp. of Vienna 301–2, 314, 373
- Kiefferknecht, Martin, of Rappoltsweiler/Ribeauvillé, 198–9
- Kinsky, Ulrich, Bohemian nobleman, 373
- Kitzingen (Franconia), 200, 380
- Klagenfurt (Carinthia), 298
- Klöggel, N., pastor at Ödenwaldstetten, 388
- Kneip, Otilie, of Hirschberg (Cologne, archbp.), 342
- Kniebis, Claus (1479–1552), ammeister of Strasbourg, 162, 175, 180
- Kniebis, Margarethe, 175
- Knights of St. John, military-religious order, 56
- Komárom/Komorn (Hungary), 88
- Königsmarck, Hans Christoph, count of (1600–63), general, 382
- Kottannerin, Helene (ca. 1400–58?) 87–8
- Kraichgau, district, 189
- Krems (Lower Austria), 11
- Kufstein (Tyrol), 120, 127
- Kulmbach (Franconia), 78
- Kulturkampf*, 411, 412n14, 413–14
- Kutna Hora (Bohemia), 74
- Kyffhäuser Mountain (Thuringia), 196
- La Bicocca, battle 1522, 208
- Ladislaus/Lazlo “the Posthumous” (b. 1440, r. 1453–7), king of Hungary, 88, 92–4
- Laer (Westphalia), 19
- Lake Constance, 23, 71, 119, 193
- Lamormaini, Wilhelm (Guillaume), S.J. (1570–1628), 380–1, 395, 397, 381
- Landsknechte*. *See* lansquenets
- Lang, Matthäus (b. 1468, 2. 1519–40), archbp. of Salzburg, 114, 127, 145
- Langendorff (Franconia), 316
- lansquenets, 47, 110, 120, 122, 187, 351, 356
- Lavant, bp., 300n44
- lay patronage, 55
- Lazlo. *See* Ladislaus
- League of Cambrai, 122, 144
- League of Gotha 1526, 215

- League with St. George's Shield, 47  
 Lech, river, 217  
 Lehmann, Hartmut, 419–20  
 Leiden, 27, 279  
 Leininger, Johann, priest of Worms, 177  
 Leipzig, 7, 19, 23–6, 150, 166, 244–5, 268, 271, 385, 393–4  
 Leipzig Interim, 248, 265  
 Lemgo (Lippe), 276  
 Leo X (r. 1513–21), pope, 126–7, 144  
 Leonstein, county, 190  
 Leslie, Walter (1606–67), of Aberdeenshire, 395  
 Lessing, Gotthold Ephraim (1729–81), 410  
 liberal Protestants. *See* Protestant liberals  
 Lichtenberger, Johann (1440–1503), astrologer, 186  
 Liechtenstein, Paul von (ca. 1460–1513), Austrian official, 114  
 Lindemann, Margarethe (d. 1531), 147  
 Linz (Upper Austria), 210  
 Lippe, 276  
 Lithuania, 320, 330  
 Little Ice Age, 338, 365  
 Livonia, 237  
 Livorno, siege 1496, 118  
 Loher, Theodor, O.Cart. (d. 1554) 292  
 Lollards, 77  
 Lombardy, duchy, 217  
 Long War, 353–4  
 Lorck, Melchior (1527–ca. 1589), artist, 359  
 Lord God's chancery, Magdeburg, 265  
 Lorraine, 18, 105, 190, 302; and Empire, 367n36  
 Lotz, Matthis, Hessian miner, 329  
 Lotzer, Sebastian, furrier of Memmingen, 198  
 Louis, count of Sayn-Wittgenstein (1532–1605), 253  
 Louis I “the Great” (b. 1326, r. 1342–82), king of Hungary, 72, 74–5  
 Louis II (b. 1506, r. 1516–26), king of Hungary and Bohemia, 208, 210, 215  
 Louis III (b. 1378, r. 1410–36), Elector Palatine, 57, 77  
 Louis IV “the Bavarian” (b. 1287, r. 1314/28–47), Holy Roman emperor, 87  
 Louis VI (b. 1539, r. 1576–83), Elector Palatine, 254, 269  
 Louis VII (b. 1365, 1413–47), duke of Bavaria-Ingolstadt, 44  
 Louis X (b. 1495, 1514–45), duke of Bavaria, 218  
 Louis XII (b. 1462, r. 1498–1512), king of France, 120, 122  
 Louis XIII (b. 1601, r. 1617–43), king of France, 398  
 Low Countries, 27, 64, 105, 312, 314; economies, 27; population, 22; prosecutions for heresy, 328; Reformed reformation, 271, 276; union with Spain, 230. *See also* Netherlands  
 Löwenstein, county, 190  
 Lower Austria, 93–4; Catholic reformation, 297–8, 302; Protestants, 299–300  
 Lower Saxony, Thirty Years War, 379  
 Lower Union, 105  
 Loyola, Ignatius, S.J. (1491–1556), 304  
 Lübeck, 38; evangelical movement, 164; northern wars, 237; Smalkaldic League, 221; women workers, 38  
 Luder (Luther), Hans (d. 1530) 147  
 Ludolf, Lorenz, pastor of Reichensachsen, 388  
 Lusatia, 73, 377  
 Luther, Martin (1483–1546), 53, 62, 152; Anabaptists, 261, 264; anti-Judaism, 321; anti-Romanism, 150; apocalypticism, 259–60; Cardinal Cajetan 1518, 146–7; Charles V 1521 152–6; chiliasm, 260; circulation of writings, 156; clerical marriage, 179; clerical recruitment, 277; Diet of Augsburg 1518, 152–3; Diet of Worms 1521, 152–6; doctrine of salvation, 152; editions, 165–6; education, 147–9; Eucharistic dispute, 216; excommunication, 147; family, 147; German language, 15; idea of the Church, 150, 262–4; idea of the state, 260–2; image, 147; Heidelberg disputation, 153; Hus, Jan, 79; indulgences, 146–7; Lutheran faith, 258; Marburg Colloquy, 217; monastic life, 172–4; as monk, 148; new Elijah, 156; Ottomans, 361–2; papal authority, 151; path to reformation, 146–50; Peasants' War, 197–200; political views, 152; positive Catholic judgments, 412; priesthood of believers, 150; prince as emergency bishop, 262; princes, 150, 152, 195; professorship, 148; state-church, 261; resistance to emperor, 221; revolutionary theology, 257, 307, 407; Saxon visitation, 288; spiritualists, 261; theology, 149–50; Zwingli, Huldrych, 264  
 Luther, Martin, writings: *On the Babylonian Captivity of the Church*, 150; *To the Christian Nobility of the German Nation*, 150–2; *On the Freedom of a Christian*, 150;

- On Good Works*, 150; *On the Jews and Their Lies*, 321; *Large Catechism*, 267; *A Military Sermon against the Turks*, 362; *On the Papacy at Rome*, 150; *Small Catechism*, 261, 267, 273; *On Temporal Power, Whether It Should Be Obeyed*, 150, 200, 262; *On War Against the Turks*, 361
- Luther jubilee 1883, 413
- Lutheran reformation: adiaphorism, 264; antinomianism, 264; church ordinances, 268; compromise with papacy, 266; idea of the Church, 264; images of Martin Luther, 258; Lutheran doctrinal controversies, 264–8; Real Presence, 275; Reformed reformation, 253–4, 271; resistance to authority, 276
- Lutter, battle 1627, 379
- Lützen, battle 1631, 382–3, 392, 394–5
- Luxemburghs, dynasty, 44, 72–4, 87; ambitions, 106; failure, 86–8; marriages, 72; territorial base, 69, 72–3, 76–7, 86–7, 128
- Machiavelli, Niccolò (1469–1527), 98, 119, 227, 249, 351
- Mackays, clan, 385
- Magdeburg, 37, 51, 242; anti-Interim propaganda, 265; ecclesiastical province, 16, 51; Lord God's chancery, 265; sack 1631, 388–9; siege 1550, 266; Smalkaldic League, 221
- Magdeburg quarter, 389
- Mailberger League, 94
- Main, river, 224
- Mainz, archbp.-electorate: feuds, 123; Imperial commissioner, 231; Peasants' War, 194
- Mainz, city, 145; ecclesiastical province, 16, 51, 111; Jesuits, 306; reform assembly 1451, 136; St. Alban's Abbey, 57
- Mair, Martin (ca. 1420–80), chancellor of Bavaria-Landshut, 101
- Mansfeld, county, 147, 381
- Manuel Deutsch, Niklas (1484–1530), artist and writer of Bern, *The Corpse Eaters*, 168
- manufactures, 23, 36–7
- Marburg Castle, 217
- Marburg Colloquy, 217
- Marcks, Erich (1861–1938), historian, 413
- Margaret (b. 1480, r. 1507–15), archduchess of Austria and governor of the Netherlands, 210n8
- Margaret (b. 1522, r. 1559–66), duchess of Parma and governor of the Netherlands, 210n8
- Margaritha, Anthonius (b. ca. 1500), *The Whole Jewish Faith*, 322
- Maria (1528–1603), Spanish royal princess and Holy Roman empress, 246, 255
- Mark, county, 31, 368
- Marpeck, Pilgram (ca. 1495–1556), Anabaptist, 204
- marriage courts, 282–3
- Marsiglio of Padua (ca. 1290–ca. 1343) 82–3
- Martinicz, Jaroslav Borzita of (1582–1649), Bohemia royal governor, 372–3
- Marx, Karl (1818–1883), 63, 398
- Marxist history, 418n44
- Mary (1505–58), archduchess of Austria and queen of Hungary and Bohemia, 210, 230
- Mary (1551–1608), duchess of Bavaria, 297
- Mary (1457–82), duchess of Burgundy, 104, 109
- Mary (1371–95), princess of Hungary, 75
- Master Claus, stonemason of Kitzingen, 380
- Matthias, Holy Roman emperor, 296, 302, 371–2; Habsburg succession, 371; letter of majesty 1609, 372; protection of Jews, 327
- Matthijs, Jan (d. 1534), Anabaptist, 205
- Maurice (b. 1521, r. 1547–53), duke and elector of Saxony, 227, 239–41, 265–6; Interim of Leipzig, 265; “Judas of Meissen”, 227, 266; Princes' War 1552, 227; Saxon campaign 1547, 227; Smalkaldic League, 222; Smalkaldic War, 227; Treaty of Passau 1552, 228
- Maximilian I (b. 1573), duke of Bavaria (r. 1597–1651), and elector (r. 1623–51) 295–6, 303, 313, 369; Catholic League, 369; Catholic reformation in Bohemia, 377–8; Ferdinand II, 379; peace with France, 400; Peace of Prague, 397; religion, 392
- Maximilian I (b. 1459, r. 1493–1519), Holy Roman emperor, 89, 107, 143, 295; Austrian governance, 102; Austrian and Imperial governance, 111; Austrian kingdom, 111; basis of power, 128; betrothal, 104; Burgundy, 107–11; Charles V, 126; Charles the Bold, 107–8; church, 135, 140, 144–6; coronations, 121–3; death and burial, 127–8; education, 108; finances, 109, 111–13, 115, 121; ideal emperor, 138; Imperial reform, 114–21; Imperial succession, 127; Innsbruck treasury, 113; languages, 108; marriages, 109,

- Maximilian I (*cont.*)  
 121; money, 115; motto, 108; officials, 113–14; Ottomans, 354–5; papacy, 127, 144–5; penury, 109, 128; power, 98; princes, 116; reputation, 128; strategic situation, 122; succession, 106, 126; unification of Austrian lands, 111; warlord, 47, 128, 110, 121–3; Young Wise/White King, 45, 112, 127
- Maximilian II (b. 1527, r. 1564–76), Holy Roman emperor 233, 237–40, 245, 247–8, 250, 254, 256, 266, 296, 300, 372; death and burial, 255–6; Imperial Catholicism, 246–7; Reformed reformation, 246–7; religious views, 246, 254; Spanish succession, 246; youth, 246
- Mayländer (Epple), Johann Otmar, 288
- Mechelen/Malines, 210
- Mecklenburg, duchy, 18, 57, 102, 238, 276
- Megerich, Jacob, priest of Memmingen, 182
- Meissen, bp.: Interim of Leipzig, 265; secularization of *Hochstift*, 240, 248n69
- Melanchthon, Philip (1497–1560), 240, 265; Anabaptists, 330; Eucharistic dispute, 216; heresy and revolution, 216
- Memmingen, 186; economic depression ca. 1600, 381; Our Lady's Church, 182; Peasants' War, 186, 193
- mendicant friars, 52–3, 64, 176
- Mentz, Jörg, pastor at Neuler, 199
- mercenaries, recruiting areas, 351
- merchants, 35–6
- Merici, Angela (1474–1540), founder of the Ursulines, 312
- Merseburg, bp., secularization of *Hochstift*, 240, 248n69
- Meter, Franziska Ludovika, of Augsburg, 332
- Metz, bp., 238
- Metz, city, 223–4, 252
- Metzler, Jörg, Peasants' War commander, 188, 190
- Meusel, Alfred (1896–1960), 418n47
- Middle High German, 15
- Midelfort, H. C. Erik, 9
- Mikulov/Nikolsburg (Moravia), 370
- Milan, 110, 119, 121, 396
- milieu, definition, 415n28
- military enterprisers, 351
- military (Habsburg) frontier, 353
- military revolution, 351
- Minden, 36, 87, 224, 240
- Mirror of Swabia (*Schwabenspiegel*), 98
- Moctezuma II (ca. 1466–1520), ruler of Tenochtitlán (Mexico), 207
- Modern Devotion, 64–7
- Mohačs, battle 1526, 208, 215, 361, 371
- Mojados (Castile), 210
- Molsheim (Alsace), 365
- mono-confessional state, 330–1
- monopolies, 141, 211, 322
- Monro, Robert (ca. 1590–ca. 1675), chief of the Clan Mackay, 384–5
- Monschau (Eifel), 303
- Montfort, counts of, 297
- Moravia, 73, 202, 370
- Morone, Giovanni (1509–80), cardinal, 246, 292, 304
- mortmain, definition, 59n28
- Moryson, Fynes (1566–ca. 1617), English traveler, 370
- Mosel Valley, 53
- Moser, Friedrich Carl von (1723–98), 7, 410, 414
- Mother Anna, Danish royal princess and electress of Saxony, 240, 243n55
- Mühlberg, battle 1547, 227, 241
- Mühlhausen (Thuringia), 186
- Müller, Christoph, of Dresden, 286
- Müller, Hans (d. 1525), of Bulgenbach, Peasant's War commander, 187
- Munich: St. Michael's Church, 294; Swedish occupation, 394
- Münster, Anabaptist kingdom, 205–6, 327
- Münster, bp., 256
- Müntzer, Thomas, O.F.M., chiliast (ca. 1488–1525) 190, 196, 203, 216, 260, 330
- Murner, Thomas, O.F.M. (1475–1537), 165–6
- Murten/Morat, battle 1476, 105
- Mylius (Müller), Georg (1548–1607), pastor of Augsburg, 335
- Nahe, river, 53
- naming customs, 331
- Nancy, 105
- Nancy, battle 1477, 105
- Naples, kingdom, 144
- Napoleon I Bonaparte (1769–1821), 410–11
- Nassau, county, 18, 279; partitions, 18, 99; Reformed reformation, 253–4, 271
- national council, German, 92, 136, 219
- national religion, German, 414–15
- Naumburg, bp. secularization of *Hochstift*, 240, 248n69



- Neszmély/Langendorf, 87
- Netherlands, 23, 108, 121, 207, 210, 224, 314;  
Dutch independence, 401; Maximilian I as regent, 110; persecution of Protestants, 239; real wages ca. 1600, 381; separation from the Empire, 230; Spanish rule, 251; wars of religion, 241. *See also* Low Countries
- Neubrandenburg (Brandenburg), 264
- Neuler (Württemberg), 199
- Neuss, siege 1474–75, 105
- New Catholicism, 307, 413
- new popes, 263
- Nicholas of Cusa, conciliarist and cardinal, 20, 49, 69, 71, 83–4, 117, 136; bishops, negligent, 133; *Catholic Concordance*, 84–5; expulsion from Brixen, 137; Imperial reform, 86; legislation, 85; papal legate, 136; shift to papacy, 8
- Nicholas V, pope (r. 1447–55), 93
- Nicodemites, 330, 331n33
- Niem, Dietrich von (ca. 1340–1418), 82
- Niklashausen (Franconia), 66
- Ningel, Hermann, of Donsbach (Nassau-Dillenburg), 342
- Nipperdey, Thomas (1927–92), historian, 410, 416
- nobles, 45–8; Catholic reformation, 305; definition, 43n37; ecclesiastical offices, 43; Imperial vassals, 47; jousting societies, 47; knighthood, 42; lesser, 45–8; marriage and survival, 42–4; ministerials, 42; noble church, 56–7, 59; princely service, 46–8; reputation for violence, 96
- Nördlingen, battle 1634, 396–7, 399
- Northern Ireland, 420n51
- Northern Wars, 237
- Notker “the Stammerer” (ca. 840–ca. 900), monk of St. Gall, 22n24
- nuns, 172–7; Augsburg Dominicans, 175–6; claustration, 52; Nuremberg Franciscans, 174–5; Strasbourg Dominicans, 175, 235
- Nuremberg, 20, 23, 36, 38, 40, 95, 119, 174–6, 182, 390; church ordinance, 224; Emperor Frederick III; 90; feuds, 123; Imperial relics, 212–13; Jews, 40; officials, 137; reformation, 176; St. Sebald’s Church, 90; territory, 35; visitations, 268; women workers, 38
- Nützel, Clara, O.F.M., nun of Nuremberg, 174
- Oberman, Heiko Augustinus (1930–2001), historian, 405
- Obrecht, Georg (1547–1612), jurist of Strasbourg, 381
- observance, 53
- Odenwald army. *See* Peasants’ War, armies
- Ödenwaldstetten, 288–9
- Old Catholics, 413
- old confessional order, 159, 289, 346, 401–2, 406, 408–10, 413–14, 416, 419
- old European population regime, 21
- Oldenburg, duchy, 278
- Olmütz/Olomouc (Moravia), Swedish occupation, 386
- Oratorians, religious order, 311
- Order of St. Teresa (Carmelites), 311, 313
- orders, 2
- Ortenau, 201
- Osiander, Andreas (1498–1552), evangelical reformer of Nuremberg, 212, 334n46
- Osnabrück, bp., 50, 256
- Ott, ropemaker of Augsburg, 161
- Ottoheinrich (b. 1502, r. 1556–59), Elector Palatine, 218, 254
- Ottoman Wars, 225, 237, 353–4
- Ottomans, 75, 115, 118, 121–2, 208, 215, 249, 302, 307, 322, 350, 354–5, 357, 360–2, 373, 381; and Imperial solidarity, 237; and reformation, 300; captives, 361; Danubian suzerainty, 354; demonization, 362; Diet of Augsburg 1530, 218; Habsburgs, 353–4, 362–4; Hungarian frontier, 299; images, 350–1, 355–65; invasions of Hungary and Lower Austria, 215, 350–1, 355–6, 360; Janissaries, 356, 360; name, 351n4; Persia, 354; Poland, 354; Russia, 354; sultans, 128; truce, 255; Venice, 354
- Ottomians, dynasty, 208
- Outer Austria, 90n5; revolts, 96
- Oxenstierna, Axel (1583–1654), chancellor of Sweden, 395–6; dependence on France, 395; Habsburg tyranny, 396; mistrust of German Protestants, 399; primacy of Polish theater, 399; Richelieu’s judgment, 398
- Paderborn, bp., Catholic reformation, 305–6
- Padua, 122
- Palatinate, principality, 54, 218; church ordinances, 268; Ecclesiastical Council, 268; electorate, 224, 247; High Council, 268; Lutheran reformation, 254; Peasants’ War, 194; Reformed reformation, 252, 256, 271; religious policy, 247, 254

- pamphlets. *See* printing
- papacy, 49, 55, 73, 84–6, 214, 303, 307, 415;  
aggression against Lutherans, 258;  
antipapalism, 126; Avignonese era, 134;  
Catholic reformation, 273, 304, 307–10, 314;  
encyclicals, 415; exempt dioceses, 16;  
Imperial coronation, 93; *Kulturkampf*, 413;  
Luther affair, 146; Papal State, 137; Peace of  
Westphalia, 378. *See also* anti-Romanism
- papal legate, definition, 110n14
- papal nuncio, definition, 163n4
- Pappenheim, Gottfried Heinrich (1594–1632),  
Imperial commander, 388, 393
- Paris, 221
- parishes, 49, 51, 55
- parity cities, 233, 331
- particularism, 19
- Passau, bp., 211, 295, 301
- Passau, Treaty of 1552, 227, 245, 265
- Pastor Iron-hat (Anton Eisenhut), 189
- Paul III (r. 1534–49), pope, 225, 308, 311
- Paul V (r. 1605–21), pope, 309
- Pavia, battle 1525, 208
- Peace of Prague 1635, 375–6, 387, 391, 397
- Peace of Westphalia, 307, 375–6, 400–1, 408;  
Imperial *convivencia*, 408
- peasants, 30–4, 31n4
- Peasants' War, 177, 185–6, 249, 407–8; armies,  
187–91; atrocities, 190; battles, 186–7;  
geography, 186; godly law, 187, 197;  
grievances, 186–7; Luther, 197–200; modern  
interpretations, 418–19; outcomes, 200–1;  
programs, 191–7; punishments, 201;  
Reformation, 197–200; women, 188
- Perpetual Public Peace. *See* Public Peace
- Persia, 364
- Peucer, Kaspar, Saxon physician (1525–1602),  
240, 245
- Peutingger, Conrad (1465–1547), city secretary  
of Augsburg, 217
- Pfizing, Sebald (d. 1543), patrician of  
Nuremberg, 40
- Pflug, Julius (b. 1499, r. 1542–64), bp. of  
Naumburg, 248; Empire and reformation,  
248–50
- Philip I (1515–60), duke of Pomerania,  
Smalkaldic League, 221
- Philip II (b. 1527, r. 1556–98), king of Spain, 208,  
229–30, 255
- Philip “the Belligerent” (1503–48), Count  
Palatine, 218
- Philip “the Handsome” (1478–1506), archduke  
of Austria and king of Castile, 109, 121, 210
- Philip “the Magnanimous” (b. 1504, r. 1518–  
67), landgrave of Hesse, 214, 225, 329;  
bigamy, 225; Danube campaign 1546,  
226; Edict of Worms, 213; Eucharistic  
dispute, 217; Lord's Supper, 216; Peasants'  
War, 215; resistance to emperor, 221; Swiss  
alliance, 217
- Philip “the Upright” (b. 1448, r. 1476–1508),  
Elector Palatine, 57
- Philippists, 241, 245, 265, 267; definition,  
241n52
- Piasts, dynasty, 72
- Piccolomini, Enea Silvio (1405–64), 91–4, 104,  
124, 133, 136, 355
- Piccolomini, Ottavio (1599–1656), Imperial  
commander, 383
- Pimpinella, Vincenzo (1485–1534), archbp. of  
Rossano and papal nuncio, 218n57
- Pirckheimer, Caritas, O.F.M., prioress of St.  
Clara's, Nuremberg (1470–1530), 174–5
- Pirckheimer, Willibald (1470–1530), patrician  
of Nuremberg, 38n53
- Pistoris, Simon Ulrich (1570–1615), jurist of  
Brandenburg, 274n57; *Twelve Important  
and Well-Founded Reasons*, 274
- Pius II, pope. *See* Piccolomini, Enea Silvio
- Pius IV (r. 1559–65), pope, 255
- Pius V (r. 1566–72), pope, 292, 307
- Planitz, Hans von der (d. 1535), Saxon  
councillor, 211
- Platter, Felix (1536–1614), 279
- Platter, Thomas (1499–1582), 33–4
- Plettenberg, Gertrud von (d. 1608), 304
- Poggio Bracciolini, Giovanni (1380–1459),  
91
- Poland, kingdom, 20, 87, 320, 330, 370
- political culture, 27–8
- Pomerania, duchy, 18, 221, 224, 238, 401, 392
- Poor Clares, 174–5
- popes. *See* papacy
- population density, 22
- positive Christianity, 416
- Pötsch, Engelbert (ca. 1250–1332), abbot of  
Admont, 81; *De regimine principum*, 109
- Pottenstein, Ulrich von (ca. 1360–1417), 15
- Prague, archbp., 16, 73
- Prague, city, 73, 78, 371; Bethlehem Chapel, 76;  
defenestration 1618, 372–3; Hradschin/  
Hardčany Castle, 349; Imperial court, 299;

- Jews, 325; population, 35, 73; St. James's Church, 256; St. Vitus's Cathedral, 73, 255-6, 377; unrest, religious, 75
- Prague, university, 76
- prelates, 18, 42, 55-9
- Premonstratensians, religious order, 52
- Presmylids, dynasty, 72
- price scissors, 35, 45
- priests' alley, 393
- Prignitz (Brandenburg), 65
- prince-bishoprics, 18, 55-6
- princes, Imperial: church, 57-9; dynasties, 43-5; Imperial governance, 42; intra-dynastic conflict, 44; list, 43; marriages, 44-5; territories, 44; titles, 18
- Princes' War 1552, 227-8, 249
- printing, 15, 26-7, 38, 124, 164-7, 170-1
- protection (*Gewalt*), 98
- Protestant and Catholic reformations, compared, 317-18, 346
- Protestant liberals, 415; definition, 412n14
- Protestant reformations: Austrian lands, 296; Brandenburg-Ansbach, 380; bishoprics, 304; churches, 271, 289; church ordinances, 224; clergy, 277-81; Denmark, 307; discipline of marriage, 281-5; England, 307; evangelization, 285-9; gains, 222; Hungary, 307; Lutheran and Reformed, 289; Saxony, 306; Scandinavia, 307; successes and failures, 228 280-1; Sweden, 408; union of confessions (modern), 411n11; universities, 278; Württemberg, 306
- Protestant Union, 272, 366, 368-9, 376-7
- Prudhon, Pierre-Joseph (1809-65), 402n86
- Prussia, duchy, 100, 237, 272n46, 411
- public life, definition, 5
- Public Peace, 97, 115-16, 232, 354
- putting out, 23, 36
- Quinn, Arthur J. (1942-97), 9
- Rabus, Johann Jacob, S.J. (d. 1585), 236
- Rain (Bavaria), battle 1632, 382, 389, 394
- Ranke, Leopold von (1795-1886), 3-6, 8, 10, 199, 217n51, 405, 417, 418n42, 419
- Rappoltswiler/Ribeauvillé (Alsace), 198
- Rauw, Johann (d. 1600), geographer, 20
- Ravensburg, 233, 337-8
- Real Lutherans, 241-2, 244, 265-7, 273-4; definition, 241n52
- reform programs, 131-5, 140-4; caesaropapist, 134-5; communalist, 140-4; nationalist, 135-40; prophecy, 135
- Reformation, definition, 4
- reformation and Peasants' War, 215
- Reformation of Emperor Sigismund*, 96, 100, 132-5
- Reformed reformations, 233, 258; church ordinances, 269; democracy, 276-7; excommunication, 269; France, 238; Holy Roman Empire, 239, 241, 246, 252-4; Low Countries, 238; presbyterian church order, 253, 268; refugees, 253; Second Reformation, 239
- refusing the flank, definition, 393n62
- Regensburg, bp., 295
- Regensburg, city, 40, 45, 107, 203, 295, 381; battle 1504, 120
- Rehm, Jakob, S.J. (d. 1618), 309
- Reichensachsen (Hesse-Cassel), 388; plundering and decline 1623-42, 387
- Reinkingk, Theodor von (1590-1664), jurist of Giessen, 321
- Reisch, Gregor, O.Carth. (ca. 1467-1525), 127
- religion: bond of society, 59-60; definition, 60; devotions and piety, 68; doctrine, 60-1; liturgical year, 63; sacraments, 63; spiritual, 61-2, 64; two-tier, 62
- Religious Peace of Augsburg 1555, 230-3, 237, 239, 241, 245, 247, 249, 266, 296-7, 307, 330, 365-6, 372-3, 408; Austrian lands, 370; Bohemia, 370, 373; Catholic interpretation, 380; Cleves-Jülich, 368; heresy, 319; Imperial cities, 366; parity cities, 233; restricted toleration, 331
- religious wars, 238, 252, 351
- Rem, Bernhard, organist of Augsburg (b. after 1472), 176
- Rem, Katharina, O.P., of Augsburg (b. after 1475), 176
- Rem, Wilhelm (1462-1529) of Augsburg, 109, 163
- Renchen, treaty, 201
- Renner, Margarete (Black Courtier), 188
- Reuchlin, Johannes (1445-1522), 320
- Rhine, river, 77
- Rhine Palatinate, 377, 401; princely opposition, 120
- Richelieu (Armand Jean du Plessis) (1585-1642), cardinal, 384, 394, 398

- Richental, Ulrich von (ca. 1438), 71, 77
- Riemenschneider, Tilman (ca. 1460–1531), sculptor, 54n10
- Riga, ecclesiastical province, 16, 304n57
- right of reformation (*ius reformandi*), 215, 222, 260, 378, 400
- Rocroi, battle 1643, 398
- Rohrbach, Jäcklin (d. 1525), Peasants' War commander, 188–90
- Rolevinck, Werner (1425–1502), 19, 47
- Roman Catholic Church: critiques, 76; feudal character, 418; Imperial status, 92; inherent strengths, 415; *Kulturkampf*, 413; symbiosis with Imperial monarchy, 247
- Roman Curia, 76, 92, 117, 134, 136–7, 139, 146, 304; anticurialism, 126; congregations, 314n89; German affairs, 303; Penitentiary, 51; seat of Antichrist, 259
- Roman Inquisition, 304
- Roman law, 81, 99, 102
- Rome, 27, 92–4, 106, 148, 208, 246, 305, 312–14, 407
- Rosenheim (Bavaria), 127
- Rostock, 276
- Rothenburg ob der Tauber, 35, 200
- Rothmann, Bernhard (ca. 1495–1535), Anabaptist preacher, 205
- Rottenburg am Neckar (Württemberg), 202
- Rudolph II (b. 1552, r. 1576–1612), Holy Roman emperor, 233, 255–6, 296, 299, 302, 306, 366; court culture, 349–50; death, 371; Imperial Catholicism, 247; mental illness, 349; Ottomans, 354
- Rupert, Count Palatine (1481–1504), 120
- Rupert, king of the Romans (r. 1400–10), 75
- Saale, Margarethe von der (1522–66), second wife of Landgrave Philip of Hesse, 224
- Sachs, Hans (1494–1576), 29, 30, 168; *The Wittenberg Nightingale*, 182
- Sack of Rome 1527, 47, 208
- Sacramentarians, 217, 271, 327
- Sagstetter, Urban (b. ca. 1529, r. 1556–73), bp. of Gurk and court preacher at Vienna, 361
- Saint-Omer, 312
- Salat, Johannes (1498–1561), town clerk of Lucerne, 214–15
- Salchmann, Friedrich (d. 1648), pastor of Hornhausen, 285–6
- Salzburg, archbp., 16, 51, 218, 297, 306
- San Jerónimo de Yuste, monastery (Estremadura), 230
- Sattler, Michael (ca. 1490–1527), O.S.B., Anabaptist, 202
- Saverne (Alsace), 56, 190–1
- Savona (Genoa), 230
- Savoy, duchy, 302, 330, 373
- Saxony, Albertine, 103n42, 239; church ordinance, 268; laws, 100; Reformed reformation, 252, 271–2; territorial gains, 241
- Saxony, Ducal, definition, 103n42
- Saxony, duchy and electorate, 18, 44; confessional struggles, 239–45; economy, 240; electorate, 72, 224; Jews, 39; mining, 36, 87, 240; partitions, 99, 244; secularizations, 248n69
- Saxony, Electoral, definition, 103n42
- Saxony, Ernestine, 103n42; evangelical clergy, 277; Protestant reformation, 244–5; state-church, 260; territorial losses, 240–1; visitations, 260, 268, 288, 315
- Scandinavia, peasant political rights, 201
- Schaffhausen, 119, 140, 202
- Schappeler, Christoph (1472–1551), priest of Memmingen, 182, 192, 198
- Scharnschlager, Leupold (d. 1563), Anabaptist, 263
- Schedel, Hartmann (1440–1514), *World Chronicle*, 38, 93
- Scherenberg, Rudolf von (b. ca. 1401, r. 1466–95), bp. of Würzburg, 26
- Scherer, Georg, S.J. (1540–1605), 334
- Schertlin von Burtenbach, Sebastian (1496–1577), military commander, 226
- Scheurl, Christoph (1481–1542), jurist of Nuremberg, 39
- Scherwiller (Alsace), 190, 191n23
- Schieder, Rolf, sociologist, 416
- Schiemer, Leonard (d. 1526/27), Anabaptist of Tyrol, 203
- Schilling, Heinz, 417
- Schilling, Johannes, O.F.M., of Augsburg, 163
- Schiner, Matthäus (b. ca. 1465, r. 1499–1522), bp. of Sion/Sitten and cardinal, 33, 146n63
- Schleiermacher, Friedrich Daniel Ernst (1768–1834), Protestant theologian, 411, 413
- Schleithem Articles, 202
- Schleswig-Holstein, duchies, 253
- Schnabel, Franz (1887–1966), 419

- Schneider, Ursula, of Ingelfingen (Hohenlohe), 283
- Schoen, Erhard (ca. 1491–1542), artist of Nuremberg, 355, 356
- Schott, Cuntz (d. 1526), Franconian nobleman, 96
- Schütz, Johann (1531–84), Franconian nobleman, 271
- Schütz Zell, Katharina (1497–1562), 179–80
- Schwäbisch Gmünd, 315
- Schwanberg (Franconia), 193
- Schweinfurt, 19, 380
- Schweitzer, Albert (1875–1965), 420
- Schwenckfeld, Caspar (1489–1561), spiritualist, 204
- Schwendi, Lazarus von (1522–84), Imperial general, 249–52, 266, 302
- Schwyz (Swiss confederate), 192n26
- Scotland, 276, 408
- Scultetus, Abraham (1566–1625), court preacher at Heidelberg, 252, 272, 274, 276, 310, 368, 376, 377n7
- Seckau, bp., 297–8, 300n44
- Second Reformation, 254, 271–6
- second serfdom, 32
- secularization, Holy Roman Empire 1803–6, 409n4, 410
- Sélestat/Schlettstadt, 34
- Selim I (b. 1470, r. 1512–20), Ottoman sultan, 357
- Selim II (b. 1524, r. 1566–74), Ottoman sultan, 357
- Sender, Clemens (1475–1537), O.S.B., chronicler, 218
- Seven Articles of Schleithem, 202
- Seven Years' War of the North (1563–70), 238
- Sforza, Lodovio (1451/52–1508), duke of Milan, 121
- Sickingen, Franz von (1481–1523), Franconian nobleman, 96
- Sidonia (1518–75) of Saxony, duchess of Brunswick-Calenberg, 233
- Siena, 91
- Sigismund (b. 1368, r. 1410/33–37), German king and Holy Roman emperor, 45, 71–8, 80, 84, 86–7, 258, 377; Bohemian succession, 77; Brandenburg, 87; condemnation of Hus, 76–7; death, 78; enfiefments, 87; Imperial election, 75; incomes, 73, 75; Jewish protection, 323; marriages, 45, 75; officials, 137; parcelization of power, 86; reform literature, 86; reform project, 80, 132; royal oath, 75; successes and failures, 72
- Sigismund (b. 1427, r. 1446–90), archduke of Austria and count of Tyrol, 105, 115, 137
- Silesia, land, 73, 100, 252, 377
- Simons, Menno (ca. 1496–1561), Dutch Anabaptist leader, 206
- simony, 134–5
- Sinsheim (Rhine Palatinate), 189
- Sion/Sitten, bp., 33n9
- Sisters of the Common Life, 64
- Sixtus V, pope (r. 1585–90) 297, 306
- Slavata, Vilem (1572–1652), Bohemian royal governor, 372–3
- Slovakia (Upper Hungary), 36
- Smalkalden (Thuringia), 220–2
- Smalkaldic Articles*, 267
- Smalkaldic League, 216–17, 220–4, 321, 408
- Smalkaldic War, 225–7, 241, 249–50, 256
- Social Democracy, German, 413, 415n29
- Society of Jesus. *See* Jesuits
- Society of St. Ursula (Cologne), 312
- Soltau (Brunswick-Lüneburg), 123
- Spain, kingdom, 144, 207, 230, 238–9, 246
- Spalatin, Georg (1484–1545), Ernestine Saxon chancellor, 127
- Spangenberg, Cyriakus (1528–1604), Lutheran theologian, 264, 267
- Spanish Army of Flanders, 385
- Spee, Friedrich (1591–1635), of Kaiserwerth, archbp. of Cologne, 342–4
- Spengler, Lazarus (1479–1534), city secretary of Nuremberg, 213, 221
- Speyer, bp., 56, 123, 310, 317
- Speyer, city, 83, 223, 225, 335
- spiritual religion, 61–2, 64
- Sponheim, abbey, 53
- Sprissler, Joseph (d. 1879), Catholic priest, 412
- St. Gallen (Gall), abbey, 182n61
- St. John's Eve, 316n100
- Stadion, Christoph von (b. 1473, r. 1517–43), bp. of Augsburg, 218
- Stäudlin, Carl Friedrich (1761–1826), 8
- Staufen (Black Forest), 202
- Stein (Lower Austria), 11
- Steinmetz, Max (1912–90), 418–19
- Stephani, Joachim (1544–1623), jurist of Greifswald, 231n14
- Stephen I (b. ca. 969, r. 1001–38), king of Hungary, 75
- Stertzing/Vipiteno (South Tyrol), 195, 199

- Stetten, Paul von (1731–1808), patrician of Augsburg, 335–6
- Stifel, Michael (1487–1567), poet and mathematician, 259
- Stoer, Niklas (d. 1563), artist, 355
- stole fees, 134
- Stotterheim (Thuringia), 148
- Strasbourg, bp., 50, 56, 140
- Strasbourg, city, 11, 20, 23, 37, 39, 74, 105, 140, 175, 179–80, 188, 190, 198–9, 204, 216, 239, 261n10; Anabaptists, 203–5, 263, 329–30; anticlericalism against Protestant clergy, 261; Catholic survival, 236; clerical citizenship, 177; Concordat of Vienna, 92; Diet of Augsburg 1530, 219; Jews, 40; Knights of St. John, 235; Metz affair, 223; Peasants' War, 199, 201; poor relief, 37; religious divisions, 221, 236; St. Nicolaus-in-Undis convent, 175; Swiss alliance 1530, 217
- Streckfus, Hans, of Ingelfingen (Hohenlohe), 283
- Streicher, Magdalena, healer of Ulm, 255
- Streiff (d. 1632), Gustavus Adolphus's mount, 383
- strong farmer, definition, 31n6
- Strüblin, Heinrich, pastor of Basel, 280
- Sturm, Jacob (1489–1553), patrician of Strasbourg, 20, 60, 140, 162n3, 188, 190, 204, 215; Anabaptists, 204–5; Diet of Augsburg 1530, 220; Hessian bigamy, 224; Interim, 234; Lord's Supper, 216–17; religious coercion, 263
- Sturm, St., abbot of Fulda (b. ca. 705, r. 747–79) 309
- Stuttgart, 221
- Styria, duchy, 18, 36, 81, 90n5, 94
- Süleyman I, "the Lawgiver" (b. 1494/95, r. 1520–66), Ottoman sultan, 215, 355, 357
- Sundtheim (Franconia), 316
- Susanna (1502–43), duchess of Bavaria, 126
- Swabia, land, 18, 47, 96
- Swabian League, 47, 112, 119–20, 192, 209, 327; Peasants' War, 188–9, 193
- Swabian War 1499, 119–20
- Sweden, kingdom, 222, 238, 286, 384, 392, 401, 403
- Swiss Brethren, 202
- Switzerland, 22, 28, 47, 143, 192, 193, 401
- Sylvester I (r. 314–35), pope, 134
- Székesfehérvár/Stuhlweissenburg, 88
- Tenochtitlán, 207
- territorial states, 18–19, 42–3, 70, 81, 85, 270; administration, 101–2, 273; archives, 102; characteristics, 98; Diets and estates, 102–3; districts (*Ämter*), 100, 102; ecclesiastical jurisdictions, 57–9; feuds and violence, 98; institutionalization, 102; laws, 97, 100–2; lawyers, 101; origins, 44, 69, 97–9; partitions, 99–100; territorialization, 70, 81, 85, 270
- territories, episcopal. *See Hochstifte*
- tertiaries, definition, 31n75
- Tetleben, Valentin von (b. 1488/89, r. 1538–51), bp. of Hildesheim, 292
- Teucher, David, schoolteacher of Silesia, 350
- Teutonic Knights, military-religious order, 56, 188, 222
- Thaur and Rettenberg, districts (Tyrol), 198
- Theatines, religious order, 311
- Thirty Years War, 99, 258, 275, 309–10, 316, 327, 336, 354–5, 365, 367, 370, 373, 375, 384, 386, 390, 392; armies, 353, 382, 384–7, 399; artillery, 383; atrocities, 386–9, 392; cannibalism, 391–2; contributions system, 383; decisive battles, 393; disease, 389; economic depression, 381; finance, 382–3; French intervention, 398; garrisons, 382; horses, 383; Imperial *convivencia*, 408; logistics, 383; mortality, 385; peace celebrations, 402–4; peace negotiations, 400; phases, 375; plundering, 385–6; population losses, 389; Scots and Irish, 384; social consequences, 390; turning points, 391
- Thomas à Kempis (1379/80–1471), 65, 414n25; *Imitation of Christ*, 65
- Thomas Aquinas, O.P. (ca. 1225–74), 338
- Thuringia, land, 18, 23, 96, 100, 147, 186, 348
- Thuringian Forest, 23
- Thurn, Henry Matthew (1567–1640), Bohemian commander, 376
- Tilly (Tserclaes), Johan (1559–1632), Catholic general, 377–9, 387–9, 394; Breitenfeld, battle 1631, 393; northern German lands, 379; Rain, battle 1632, 394; Sack of Magdeburg 1631, 388–9; reputation, 389
- Timur (Tamerlane) (1336–1405), 75
- Titelmans, Pieter, inquisitor, 328
- tithes, 50
- Titian (Tiziano Vecelli, ca. 1485–1576) 227

- Tocke, Heinrich (ca. 1390–ca. 1445), canon of Magdeburg, 66
- Toggenburg (St. Gallen), 182n61
- Toledo, Fernando Alvarez de. *See* Alba, duke of
- toleration, religious, 233–4
- Topler, Dr. Erasmus (1462–1512), 113
- Torgau (Saxony), 240, 245
- Torstenson, Lennart (1603–51), Swedish general, 286
- Toul, bp., 238
- Transelbia, 32
- Trauttmansdorf, Maximilian von (1584–1650), Imperial diplomat, 398
- Treitschke, Heinrich von (1834–98), 411–14
- Trent. *See* councils, general, Trent
- Trent, bp., 218
- Tridentine profession of faith, 294n17
- Trier, archbp.-electorate, 16, 51, 84, 154, 126, 194, 218
- Trier, city, 104, 107, 145, 252
- Trithemius, Johannes (1462–1516), abbot of Sponheim, 53–4
- Tritheim (Eifel), 53
- Troeltsch, Ernst (1865–1923), 9, 420
- True History of Emperor Frederick I with a Long Red Beard*, 124
- Tübingen, 24
- Tucholsky, Kurt (1890–1935), 7
- Turks. *See* Ottomans
- Turner, Sir James (1615–86), 384
- Tuscany, 118
- Twelve Articles of the Swabian Peasantry*, 186–7, 191–3, 198, 201, 214
- Twelve Years Truce, 368
- Typotius, Dr., cathedral cantor of Würzburg, 315
- Tyrol, county, 36, 100, 102, 297; Peasants' War, 191, 195, 200; Swabian War, 119
- Überlingen, 37
- Ulm, 35, 37, 39, 50, 192, 255, 390; celebration of Confession of Augsburg 1630, 391; Thirty Years War losses, 391
- Ulrich (b. 1487, r. 1498–1519, 1534–50), duke of Württemberg, 139n40, 209, 221
- Ultramontanism, 413
- Unity of Brethren, 370
- universities, 23–6, 138, 278–9; Altdorf, 279n67; Angers, 306; Basel, 24–5, 249, 278–9; Bologna, 24, 139; Cologne, 24–5, 163; Dillingen, 297, 309; Erfurt, 24–5, 148; France, 279; Frankfurt an der Oder, 24–5, 196, 253–4; Freiburg im Breisgau, 25, 140; Graz, 297; Greifswald, 25, 231; Heidelberg, 24, 83, 253, 269, 279, 294, 297; Ingoldstadt, 24, 294, 297; Italy, 297; Leipzig, 24–5, 245; Leuven/Louvain, 208, 306; Mainz, 24; Marburg, 253, 278, 279n67; Montpellier, 279; Münster, 309; Osnabrück, 309; Paderborn, 306, 309; Padua, 83, 279; Paris, 24–5, 306; Pavia, 138, 306; Prague, 24, 278; reformation and decline, 278; Rome, 139; Rostock, 24; Strasbourg, 279n67; Siena, 279; Trier, 24; Tübingen, 24, 138; Vienna, 24–5, 138, 278; Wittenberg, 24, 146, 148, 158, 166, 181, 245, 265, 277; Würzburg, 24
- Unterwalden (Swiss confederate), 192n26
- Upper Austria, 93, 297–9, 378
- Upper Hungary, 36
- Upper Palatinate, 254, 368, 401
- Upper Rhenish Revolutionary. *See* “Book of the Hundred Chapters”
- Upper Rhine Valley, 40, 96, 123, 201
- Upper Saxony, 72
- Upper Swabia, 23, 96, 186, 192–3, 198
- Upper Union (Switzerland), 105
- Uppsala, 394
- Urach (Württemberg), 288
- urban reformations, 161–4, 176–7, 179–80
- Urban VIII (r. 1623–44), pope, 314
- Urbanus, pastor of Sundtheim (Franconia), 316
- Uri (Swiss confederate), 192n26
- Ursulines, religious order, 312
- usury, definition, 141n46
- Utraquists, 76, 78, 256, 278, 370–1
- Vaduz (Liechtenstein), 33n9
- Valais, 33, 192
- Valdštejna, Albrecht z. *See* Wallenstein, Albrecht Wenzel Eusebius Von
- Valladolid, 210, 212
- Valois, dynasty, 104, 111
- van Bergen, Maximilian (d. 1521), Imperial diplomat, 209
- Vatican Library, 378n12
- Velen, Alexander II von (1599–1675), Imperial general, 387
- Vener, Job (ca. 1370–1447), conciliarist, 83, 101
- Venice, 27, 75, 120, 122, 144, 195

- Verdun, bp., 238  
 Verona, 122  
 Vesch, Jost, of Donsbach (Nassau-Dillenburg), 342  
 Veste Recklinghausen, 387  
 Vicenza, 122  
 Vico, Giambattista (1688–1744), 303  
 Vienna, bp. 301n46  
 Vienna, city, 94, 215, 241, 296, 299, 314; Black Death, 11; castle, 94; Catholic reformation, 297–8; civil strife, 90, 94–5; Jews, 325; Lower Austrian regime, 111; Ottoman siege 1529, 362; Protestants, 300; St. Stephen's Cathedral, 127, 255  
 Villach (Carinthia), 11  
 villages, 31–2  
 Villalar, battle 1521, 208  
 Villinger, Jakob (ca. 1480–1529) 114  
 Vilnius (Lithuania), 331  
 Visby, 35  
 Visegrád/Plintenburg, Castle, 87  
 visitations, 260, 315–16; episcopal, 55; Protestant, 268; Saxony, 261  
 Volker, Margarethe, 284  
 Volmers, Enn, midwife of Cologne, 344  
 Vrie, Dietrich (ca. 1370–after 1434) 76  
  
 Waldauf, Florian, Austrian official (ca. 1445–1510) 114  
 Waldburg, Gebhard II, Truchsess von (1547–1601, r. 1580–3), archbp.-elector of Cologne, 365  
 Waldburg, Jörg Truchsess von (1488–1531), military commander, 189  
 Waldensians, 74, 143  
 Wallenstein, Albrecht Wenzel Eusebius von (1583–1634), Imperial supreme commander, 372n56, 381–2, 386, 395–6; ambitions, 396; assassination, 395–6; astrology, 379; contributions system, 383; creditor, 379; discipline, 386; dismissal, 381, 395; finances, 379; Imperial commissions, 379, 394; logistics, 383; Lützen, battle 1632, 394; northern German lands, 379; officers (nationalities), 395n69; outlawry, 395; titles, 396n71; treason, 395; war profiteer, 381  
 Wallis. *See* Valais  
 Walther, Heinrich (d. 1564), city secretary of Strasbourg, 235  
  
 War of the Bavarian Succession, 120, 209  
 Ward, Mary (1585–1645), “Jesuitess,” 312–14  
 Weber, Max (1864–1920), social scientist, 97, 142, 152n52  
 Weigandt, Friedrich, Peasants' War leader, 194  
 Weimar Republic, 414  
 Weinsberg, Hermann (1518–97), burgher of Cologne, 312  
 Weinsberg Castle, 188–9  
*Weisskunig*. *See* Maximilian I, Young Wise/White King  
 Welfs, dynasty, partitions, 99  
 Wels Castle, 127  
 Wenceslas (b. 1373, r. 1376–1400), king of the Romans, 45, 74–5  
 Werth, Johann von (1591–1652), Bavarian commander, 385  
 Weser, river, 53, 224  
 Western Christendom, 13, 16n12, 55, 77, 137, 159, 350, 361  
 Western Europe, 5–8, 27–8, 70, 83, 98, 129, 157, 238–9, 245, 258, 320, 370–1, 398, 408n3. *See also* European Imperial nation-state  
 Western Schism, 69, 71, 75  
 Westphalia, 18–19, 47  
 Wetterau, 264  
 Wettins, dynasty, 44, 71, 87, 242–4  
 Weyer Johann (Wier, Johan) (1515–88), Netherlandish jurist, 339  
 White Mountain, battle 1620, 377  
 Wiener Neustadt, bp., 301n46  
 Wiener Neustadt, city, 89, 94, 108; St. George's Church, 127–8  
 Wildenberg, Hans Ebran von (d. by 1503), Bavarian nobleman, 95  
 William (1495–1547), count of Fürstenberg, 226  
 William IV (b. 1493, r. 1508–50), duke of Bavaria, 197, 213–14, 218, 293  
 William V (b. 1548, r. 1579–93), duke of Bavaria, 209, 294–5, 297, 301, 344  
 William “the Constant” (b. 1602, r. 1627–37), landgrave of Hesse-Cassel, 394, 397  
 William of Ockham, O.F.M., (ca. 1280–ca. 1349), 148  
 William “the Silent” (1533–84), prince of Orange-Nassau, 229, 238, 239, 250n80  
 Wilsnack Blood, 64–7  
 Wimpfen (Franconia), 190



- Wimpheling, Jakob (1450–1528), humanist of Sélestat/Schlettstadt, 26
- Windesheim Congregation, 64
- windowing, 284
- Winkworth, Catherine (1827–78), 22n24, 333n41
- Winter King. *See* Frederick V
- witchcraft, and witches: diabolic theory, 336–7, 408; gender, 336–7; numbers, 338; skepticism, 339; Jews, and Anabaptists compared, 346–8;
- witch hunting, 337–44; Cologne, archbp., 341, 343; causes, 338; children, 344; definition, 336n51; Dillenburg (Nassau), 342; ecclesiastical states, 343–4; explanations, 345–6; executions, 340n63; gender, 336, 338, 345; German lands, 338; Graubünden, 341; laws, 339–40; Lorraine, 341; mass trials, 343–4; popular initiatives, 340–1, 344; Paderborn, bp., 305n64; Prättigau (Graubünden), 341; Siegen (Nassau), 340; Trier, archbp., 343; Vorarlberg, 340; Würzburg, bp., 342–3
- witch-panic, 336–9
- Wittelsbachs, dynasty, 44, 106, 120, 295
- Wittelsbachs, Palatine, 57
- Wittenberg, 146n67, 227
- Wittenberg Concord, 221
- Wolf Dietrich von Raitenau (1559–1617), archbp. of Salzburg (r. 1587–1612), 306
- Wolfenbüttel (Brunswick), 164
- Wolfgang (1526–69), duke of Zweibrücken, 238
- Wolfgang William (1578–1653), Count Palatine of Neuburg, 367–8, 369n42
- women: Catholic reformation, 310–14; poverty, 37; Protestant reformation, 172–7; sexual behavior, 283–4; workers, 38
- Worms, bp., 50, 55
- Worms, city, 40, 254–5, 209, 326
- Wullenwever, Jürgen, burgomaster of Lübeck (ca. 1492–1537) 164
- Wurm von Geudertheim, Mathis, patrician of Strasbourg, 181
- Württemberg, 18, 100, 289, 334, 339; church ordinance, 260, 268; clerical endogamy, 278; confessionalism, modern, 414; conquest by Swabian League 1519, 209; Habsburg acquisition, 209; Lutheran faith, 256; Smalkaldic League, 221
- Würzburg, bp., 50, 67; Catholic reformation, 306–7; Drummer of Niklashausen, 66–7; Peasants' War, 191–2, 194; visitations, 315–16
- Würzburg, city, 188, 243, 309, 315, 394
- Wycliffe, John (d. 1384) 76
- Yorkshire, 312, 314
- Zainer, Günther (d. 1478), printer of Augsburg, 26
- Zegenhagen, Johann (d. 1531), priest of Hamburg, 163
- Zell, Katharina. *See* Schütz Zell, Katharina
- Zell, Mathis (1477–1548), priest of Strasbourg, 164–5, 179, 198–9
- Zepper, Wilhelm (1550–1607), Reformed theologian, 253–4
- Ziegler, Clemens (ca. 1480–1535), gardener of Strasbourg, 181; *Short List and Extract*, 181
- Zimmern Chronicle*, 43
- Zimmern, Wilhelm Werner von (1485–1575), Swabian nobleman, 223
- Zink, Burkhard (1396–1474/5), burgher of Augsburg, 41–2, 95
- Zsitvatörök, treaty 1606, 354, 364
- Zurich, 37, 178, 268
- Zutphen, county, 104
- Zwiefalten, abbey, 288–9
- Zwingli, Huldrych (1484–1531), reformer of Zurich, 178, 182, 198, 202, 204, 208, 215–17, 221; Anabaptism, 202; benefices, 51; communal church, 143; Diet of Augsburg 1530, 219; Lord's Supper, 273; Marburg Colloquy, 217; revolutionary, 216; translation of the Bible, 202
- Zwinglians, 221, 327