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3 Forces of nature

1 Vocabulary

Natural disasters

■ Write words 1–7 in the puzzle. Then use the □ letters to make one more word for a natural disaster.



- Read the descriptions and write the words from Exercise 1a.
 - 1 There has been almost no rain here for the past three years.
 - 2 Snow and ice rolled down the mountain at incredible speed.
 - **3** There was so much rain that many houses were under water.
 - 4 The largest wave was over ten metres high and it travelled at 800km per hour across the ocean.
 - 5 The ground shook for 30 seconds. In that time many buildings were badly damaged.
 - 6 We've had temperatures of around 35°C every day this week.
 - 7 When it came in from the sea, the wind was blowing at 120km per hour.
 - 8 Smoke was pouring from the mountain and it threw out a rain of red-hot rock.

Help yourself!

Idioms: the weather

Read these sentences. Then match the weather idioms in **bold** with the definitions.

- 1 Everyone was really upset about the decision at first, but it was just **a storm in a teacup**.
- 2 I can't go out at all this weekend. I'm **snowed under** with homework.
- **3** Monday seemed like a normal day, but it was just **the calm before the storm**. On Tuesday everything went wrong!
- 4 Are you OK? You're looking a bit **under the** weather.
- 5 It's been a really awful week, but I think we've managed to **weather the storm**.
- 6 They **blow hot and cold** about the plan. I don't know what they'll decide to do.
- A to get through a difficult time successfully
- **B** to have opinions or feelings that keep changing sometimes positive, sometimes negative
- ${\bf C}\,$ having a huge amount of work to do
- **D** a small problem which people think is a lot more important than it really is

- E not feeling very well
- F a quiet period before big problems arrive

Unit 3

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Grammar **Check it out!** Grammar reference: page 82 If a decision has already been made, use will and going to going to. If a decision is made at the time of speaking, use will. (Circle) the correct words. а 1 l've ordered a special software program on **4** A: Don't forget your camera. the internet. B: Oh, it's not working very well, so I won't / I'm not *I'll / I'm going to* use it for writing music. going to take it. 2 A: Is that the phone? 5 A: Where will you / are you going to meet your **B:** Don't worry, *I'll / I'm going to* answer it. friends? 3 A: You've got a great voice. Why don't you join the B: In front of the theatre. school choir? 6 A: I'm having a party for Helen, but I want it to be B: Mmm ... maybe. I'll / I'm going to think about it. a surprise. B: Oh, OK. We won't / aren't going to say anything about it. Ь Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of will or going to. 2 3 (5) (4



- 1 Listen to this song. I think you(like) it.
- 2 I'd love to go, but I probably (not have) enough money.

С

- 3 Look! It(land) on the roof.
- 4 What _____ you (do) with that?
- They're faster than us. We (not win).
- 6 Maybe we (be) rich and famous one day.



Check it out!

Will and going to are both used for predictions. and often both forms are correct. But we normally use going to if the prediction is a sure conclusion based on strong evidence.

15 Complete the dialogues with <u>one or two</u> words. Then listen and check.

- A: The hurricane ¹... hit land some time tonight. We're 2______sleep in the basement. It's the safest place in the house.
- B: When ³ be safe to come out?
- A: I don't know. But they say the winds ⁴_____ be very strong, so we ⁵_____ to move until
 - we hear on the radio that everything's OK.
- A: I'm ⁶ to do any work this afternoon. It's too hot.
- B: Yes, I know. It's hard to do anything in this heat wave. How long is ⁷..... to last?
- A: For the whole week. They say the weather ⁸_____get cooler until Sunday.
- B: Well, I think ⁹ have a swim.
- A: Good idea. ¹⁰...... come with you.
 - Unit 3

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3 Read

Read the four answers to questions about volcanoes. Match the answers with the questions (A–D).

- **A** Which volcano is going to produce the next big eruption?
- **B** What information do volcanologists look for?

Volcanoes FAQs

1

Santorini (Greece, 1630 BC) and Krakatoa (Indonesia, 1883) are probably the best known. When these volcanic islands exploded, they created huge waves of hot gas and rock and giant tsunamis. But the 1815 eruption of Mount Tambora in Indonesia was worse. 160km³ of volcanic material shot into the air, and the whole mountain was described as 'a mass of liquid fire'. Ash covered the land for hundreds of kilometres and hid the sun. Across the world, the temperature dropped and 1816 was called 'the year without a summer'. About 72,000 people died, many of them from hunger, as a result of this eruption.

2

Yes, Tambora, Santorini and Krakatoa are all still active. In fact Krakatoa is pushing up a new volcanic island, called Anak Krakatoa (Child of Krakatoa), which is growing fast. Experts say that all three volcanoes will definitely produce big eruptions again — but they won't happen soon.

3

Nobody knows. The greatest danger will probably come from the area around the Pacific Ocean, called the Pacific Ring of Fire, where most of the world's active volcanoes are found. Some, like PopocatépetI in Mexico, are close to big cities, while others, like Merapi in Indonesia, are extremely active and have already caused recent disasters. Volcanologists are carefully watching many of the volcanoes in this region.

C What was the worst volcanic disaster in human history?

D Will these volcanoes erupt again?

4

They find out how often earthquakes take place and look for changes in the shape of the mountain. They also check for increases in temperature and changes in the gases coming out. These can be signs that the volcano is going to erupt. But it is impossible to predict exactly where or when an eruption will happen or how large it will be.

b Are the sentences *right* (\checkmark) or *wrong* (\cancel{x})?

- 1 The Santorini and Krakatoa eruptions were the worst in human history.
- 2 The Earth's climate became colder because of the Tambora eruption.
- 3 Tambora probably won't erupt again in the future.
- 4 If Popocatépetl has a big eruption, it will affect a large number of people.
- 5 Experts are going to start checking volcanoes in the Pacific Ring of Fire.
- 6 Scientists can't be sure when a volcano is going to erupt.

4 Vocabulary

Outdoor equipment

- Put the letters in order and write the words.
 - 1 two things that you wear to keep warm
 - 2 two things that you put on your skin for protection
 - **3** two things that you wear in the water
 - **4** something that you carry on your back

Unit 3

18

а

skuccark soglegg sicten letpelner karano nus remac elfece pigleens gab utiwest throc nagwilk stobo

- **5** something that you lie in when you're in a tent
- 6 something that creates light so you can see at night
- **7** something that you wear on your feet

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- **b** Complete the sentences with words from Exercise 4a.
 - 1 You need a good pair of ______ when you go trekking.
 - 2 Professional swimmers wear ______ to protect their eyes in the swimming pool.
 - ${\bf 3}~$ It's too dark to see where we're going. We need a

 - 5 We must remember to take some _____ The mosquitoes are bad at this time of year.
 - 6 I slept well while I was camping because I've got a nice warm _____.
 - Always put some ______ on for your skin when you're sunbathing.
 - **8** Jack wears a _____ when he goes surfing in cold weather.

(5) Grammar Grammar reference: page 84

Future continuous

Match the sentences.

а

- 1 At 4:30 this afternoon I'll be in town.
- 2 This time next week the school will be closed.
- **3** Alice will be on the ferry this evening.
- 4 I hope Leah will ring me tonight.
- **5** Between 12:30 and 1:30 Janet will be in the school dining room.
- **6** We'll be in the music room for an hour after school today.
- A She'll be having her lunch.
- **B** We'll be practising for the concert.
- **C** I'll be waiting for her call.
- ${\bf D}~$ We'll be having a good time on holiday.
- **E** I'll be shopping for clothes.
- **F** She won't be travelling by plane.

b Write your own answers to these questions.

- 1 What will you be doing in two hours' time?
- **2** What will you be doing this time tomorrow?
- **3** What will you be doing at 9pm this evening?

.....

4 What will be happening in your home at 8am on Sunday?

c Complete the dialogue. Use the future continuous form of the verbs.

ride get do shine look surf not think not sit





/uː/ and /ʊ/

a ↓ Listen and tick (✓) the correct vowel sound.

		/uː/	/ប
1	room		
2	took		
3	foot		
4	pool		
5	soon		
6	stood		
7	roof		
8	cook		

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↓				
boot	school	floor	book	should
good	flew	June	tooth	pull
shut	wood	blood	through	come
full	push	blue	shoe	duck
sun	door	fruit	flood	look
could	put	cool	lose	group

Find a way through the puzzle. Follow the words which

have the /uː/ sound. Then listen, check and repeat.

c Isten and practise saying these sentences.

> Those new boots look cool! There's some good food in Julia's cookery book. You should put on some waterproof shoes.

Practise saying these words

drought earthquake emergency huge hurricane necessary rucksack successfully tornado

7) Listen

21 Jess and Emma are going on a camping trip with a group of friends. Listen and tick (\checkmark) the picture а that shows the place where they are going to stay.







Ь **21** Listen again and answer the questions.

- **1** What will the weather be like
 - a on Saturday?
 - **b** on Sunday?
- **2** What clothes are they going to take?

..... 3 Why will the water be too cold for swimming?

- **4** What is Emma going to bring?
- **5** What is Jess going to buy tomorrow?
- 6 Which of the two girls do you think is going to this campsite for the first time?

Unit 3

20



Portfolio 3

You have written an email to a friend to say that you are planning a beach barbecue, and you receive this answer. Write a reply answering your friend's questions.

Your idea for a barbecue on the beach sounds great. Give me some more info. When are you having it, and where, exactly? Who else is coming and how are we going to get there? What about food – is everyone going to bring something? I'll bring a dessert if you like. Are you going to organise some music? Also, what are you going to wear? Let me know!

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 What do you remember about Unit 3? Answer all the questions you can and then check in the Student's Book. 	B
What is the nationality of the person who wrote this? In Victoria we often get heat waves in January and February.	7 One word is wrong in each sentence. Cross it out and write the correct word.
	a I'm going to put my sleeping sack in
What is the name of the heavy rain that comes to India every year?	 the tent. b Take some insect cream for the mosquitoes. c He's going to buy a new pair of walking bags.
3 What is the word for the extreme weather in picture A?	 Complete the sentences. Use the future continuous. A:
Find the words for three natural disasters in this puzzle. ehdturscroununagarhmiti	(you / stay) in Rome on 10 March? B: No,
	9 Match the words in the boxes to make four time expressions.
5 Cross out the verb that is not correct in each sentence.	at in on Wednesday morning tomorrow half past six the evening
A The weather will get is getting is going to get won't work	
B My parents aren't working tomorrow. aren't going to work	
6 The man in picture B is wearing	A book good cool
and a	B wood spoon food C room flood pool
C Now look at your Student's Book and write three Question:	e more quiz questions for Unit 3. Question:
Annual	Answer:

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