

A military history of Ireland

This is a major, collaborative study of organised military activity and its broad impact on Ireland over the last thousand years or so, from the middle of the first millennium AD to modern time. It integrates the best recent scholarship in military history into its social and political context to provide a comprehensive treatment of the Irish military experience.

The eighteen chronologically organised chapters are written by leading scholars each of whom is an authority on the period in question. Drawing the whole work together is a wide-ranging introductory essay on the 'Irish military tradition' which explores the relationship of Irish society and politics with militarism and military affairs. The text is illustrated throughout by over 120 pictures and maps.



A military history of IRELAND

Edited by

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Dedicated to

Thomas Bartlett (1868–1918), Royal Garrison Artillery (1914–18)

Thomas Bartlett (1901–56), Belfast IRA (1918–21) and Óglaigh na hÉireann (1922–4)

> Ernest Jeffery (1885–1962), Durham Light Infantry (1915–19)

William Lumley Hackett (1888–1918), Canadian Machine Gun Corps (1915–18)



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Preface

This volume, which deals with organised military activity and its broad impact on Ireland over the last millennium or so, reflects with an Irish dimension the enormous growth in serious military history which has occurred in the last three decades. In the past, many academic historians tended to dismiss 'military history' as no more than the limited, frequently antiquarian and rather technical study of battles and combat generally. Confined within a circle of martial enthusiasts the military historian could afford to ignore wider historiographical developments. Academics, for their part herbivorous creatures with delicate scholarly sensibilities, were content to keep their distance from the rough-and-tumble carnivores who dealt in the blood and thunder of the battlefield. Thus two branches of historical endeavour advanced, mutually uncomprehending, if not mutually antagonistic. In fact, this is a caricature. The wonderful range of work published since its establishment in 1949 in the Irish Sword, the 'house journal' of the Military History Society of Ireland, testifies to the richness rather than the narrowness of Irish military history. But this work has never properly been integrated into the academic historical mainstream, and an emphasis on combat has perhaps led to the neglect, for example, of the social history of the military in Ireland. This collection of essays seeks to redress that balance and attempts to draw together in a single volume the best fruits of military history within the broad social and political context of Ireland as it has developed to the present day. Taking up the metaphor used above, we contend that the historian must be an omnivore, and will neglect the bloodier aspects of our history at his or her peril.

One theme which we have addressed from the start is that of the alleged Irish 'military tradition'. Given the conventional wisdom that the Irish, north and south, were (and are) a martial, not to say warlike nation, it is surprising that to date very little attention has been paid to this area of study. In drawing up our agenda we have urged the contributors – each of whom is an authority on the period in question – to consider the interaction of the military with society in general. We have for the most part limited our study to military affairs within the island of Ireland itself and have not attempted to follow exhaustively the exploits of Irish



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soldiers throughout the world. The exceptions to this limitation, which occur in one complete chapter and parts of others, have been made on the grounds that an examination of the service of the Irish abroad can help us test the validity (or otherwise) of an Irish military tradition. Overseas service, too, has clearly influenced social and political attitudes back home.

It may be that this volume, with its emphasis on the social aspects of soldiering and warfare, will be characterised as part of the so-called 'new military history'. At its most extreme this becomes the manifestly absurd production of military history with the war left out. In our view this would be neither magnificent nor history. On the other hand, while we have aimed to include some account of the chief battles of Ireland's history, we have not dwelt on them, nor have we required our contributors to provide 'blow-by-blow' accounts of Irish military engagements. Such narratives are already widely available, for example in the admirable work of G. A. Hayes-McCoy and A. E. C. Bredin. We have sought to build on this work and begin to fill in the wider social and political background to the armed life-and-death struggles of Irishmen through the centuries.

We have deliberately chosen to call this volume a military history rather than the military history of Ireland since we are acutely aware of how much work has recently been done in this field, and how much more academic research is currently being pursued. In a way, like all historians, our findings and conclusions can only be interim and provisional, and it ill behoves us to be too definitive or dogmatic. Working in the two polities of modern Ireland, though both having roots in the north of the island, it may additionally be taken that we are well aware of the corrosive impact which war, violence and militarism has had, and continues to have, on Ireland. But unless we strive to understand these forces and to examine their effects on society in general, and over our whole history, we will never even be able to counteract their malignant power and fearsome attraction. Our hope is that this work may contribute something towards such understanding, and, as we write just a few weeks after cease-fires have been declared by both republican and loyalist paramilitary groups, we hope that the apparent timeliness of our volume's completion may not be undermined by any resumption of organised military action on the island of Ireland.

The editors dedicate this work to their own forebears who in the twentieth century served as soldiers for Ireland and Britain.

Thomas Bartlett and Keith Jeffery

Galway and Belfast

Armistice Day 1994

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During the preparation of this volume the editors and contributors have incurred many debts for the generous assistance of fellow scholars, archivists, librarians and others. The editors would like specially to acknowledge the support and encouragement they have received from their own colleagues and institutions; they are also grateful for the admirable tolerance which their families have at times demonstrated towards the whole exercise. Thomas Bartlett owes a particular debt to University College, Galway. William Davies, at Cambridge University Press, has been constantly supportive and helpful from the very start. Sheila Kane has been an exemplary copy-editor.

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We are indebted to Her Majesty the Queen for her gracious permission to use materials from the Royal Archives at Windsor Castle, and to the Comptroller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office for the use of Crown Copyright records in the Public Record Office, the Environment Service Monuments and Buildings Record and the Public Record Office of Northern Ireland. We have made particular use of unpublished materials in the Bodleian Library; the British Library; the Imperial War Museum; the Library of Trinity College, Dublin; the Military Archives, Dublin; the National Archives, Dublin; the National Army Museum, London; the National Library of Ireland; University College, Dublin, Department of Archives; and the United States National Archives; to all of these institutions, and their staffs, we are most grateful.

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Abbreviations

Citations of both published and unpublished secondary sources in the notes consist of author's surname(s) and short titles, with full information being provided in the bibliography. Citations for primary sources are generally given in full in the notes, apart from some abbreviated references to well-known printed editions of documents.

Add. MSS Additional Manuscript Annala Rioghachta Eireann **AFM**

ALC Annals of Loch Cé Ann. Inisf. Annals of Inisfallen Ann. Tig. Annals of Tigernach Annals of Ulster AUBk Rights Lebor na Cert BL **British Library**

Bodleian Library, Oxford Bodl.

Cal. S.P. Dom. Calendar of State Papers, Domestic Series

Cal. S.P. Ire. Calendar of the State Papers relating to Ireland, 1509-

1670 (20 vols., London, 1860-1912)

Cal. S.P. Spain Calendar of . . . State Papers relating to . . . Spain

CCC Caithréim Cellacháin Chaisil CGG Cogad Gáedel re Gallaib Cog. Gaedhel Cogadh Gaedhel re Gallaibh

Commons' Jn. Journals of the House of Commons

Chronicum Scotorum

Fiants Ire., Hen. VIII (etc.) 'Calendar to fiants of the reign of Henry VIII . . . ' (etc.) Franciscan MSS HMC, Report on the Franciscan Manuscripts preserved

at the Convent, Merchants Quay, Dublin (Dublin,

1906)

Giraldi Cambrensis opera Gir. Camb. op. HC House of Commons (Papers)

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List of abbreviations

HMC Historical Manuscripts Commission (Royal Com-

mission on Historical Manuscripts)

IWM Imperial War Museum (London)

L. & P. Hen. VIII Letters and Papers, Foreign and Domestic, Henry VIII

(21 vols., London, 1862-1932)

MA Military Archives (Dublin)

NAI National Archives of Ireland

NAM National Army Museum (London)

NLI National Library of Ireland

New Hist. Ire. New History of Ireland

OED Oxford English Dictionary

Ormonde MSS HMC, Report on the Manuscripts of the Duke of

Ormonde, new series (8 vols., London, 1902-1920)

PRO Public Record Office (Kew)

PRONI Public Record Office of Northern Ireland

RA Royal Archives (Windsor Castle)

RIC Royal Irish Constabulary

Rot. Pat. Hib. Rotulorum Patentium et Clausorum Cancellariae

Hiberniae

s.a. sub anno

S.P. Hen. VIII State Papers, Henry VIII

Stat. Ire., John-Hen. V Statutes and Ordinances . . . King John to Henry V

TCD Trinity College, Dublin

UCDA University College Dublin Department of Archives

USNA United States National Archives