

The fifteen years between the conclusion of the GATT Tokyo Round in 1979 and the finalisation of the Uruguay Round in 1994 witnessed a period of spectacular growth in East Asia. Many of the countries in the region have in the interim developed vibrant economies characterised by significant liberalisation and deregulation which has led to strong trading performances. They have become major actors in the world economy as they benefited from a liberal open multilateral trading system.

This volume provides a comprehensive assessment of the likely effects of the Uruguay Round agreements and the establishment of the World Trade Organisation (WTO) on the dynamic economies of East Asia. The rapid development of these countries owes much to the strong export performance and unilateral deregulation of their economies in recent years. Their major stake in maintaining the integrity of the global trading system was demonstrated by their active participation in the negotiations. The impact of the Uruguay Round liberalisation on East Asian economic development and policies is evaluated, including using sophisticated CGE models to estimate the effects on trade and income. The strengthening of trade rules and dispute settlement procedures are examined by leading world trade experts. They establish that some gaps and weaknesses in the multilateral trading system remain to be tackled (anti-dumping, regional discrimination) and that some new problems are pending (competition policy, investment).

Readily accessible to a wide audience, this book will be of great interest to political economists, policy makers and international trade experts.



East Asian trade after the Uruguay Round



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East Asian trade after the Uruguay Round

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Contents

| List of figures | | page ix | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------|
| List of tables List of contributors | | | |
| | | | Preface and acknowledgements Glossary |
| xvii | | | |
| 1 | East Asian trade and the new world trade order David Robertson | 1 | |
| Par | t I World trade after the Uruguay Round | | |
| 2 | The outlook for the world trading system beyond the Uruguay Round <i>Kym Anderson</i> | 21 | |
| 3 | The new world trade order and OECD Geoff Raby | 45 | |
| 4 | The Multifibre Arrangement in practice: challenging the competitive framework Kala Krishna and Ling Hui Tan | 59 | |
| 5 | Financial deregulation and trade expansion Suiwah Leung | 78 | |

Part II Modelling the Uruguay Round outcome

6 The Uruguay Round: a global general equilibrium assessment 101 *Joseph F. Francois, Bradley McDonald and Håkan Nordström*



| viii | Contents | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 7 | A general equilibrium assessment of the Uruguay Round with trade-related externalities Yongzheng Yang | 131 |
| 8 | A review of Uruguay Round modelling Will Martin | 152 |
| Part | III Trade issues for East Asia | |
| 9 | What the Uruguay Round means for East Asia Gary P. Sampson | 159 |
| 10 | What the Uruguay Round means: the case of Australia Graeme Thomson | 178 |
| 11 | Competition policies as irritants to East Asian trade J. David Richardson | 194 |
| 12 | Japan's trade and investment in East Asia Masahiro Kawai | 209 |
| 13 | China: export growth and enterprise reform Frances Perkins | 227 |
| 14 | Globalisation, East Asian trade and the Uruguay Round David Robertson | 243 |
| 15 | An APEC postscript David Robertson | 260 |
| Bibliography Index | | 267 285 |



Figures

| | | page |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 2.1 | Regional shares of world merchandise trade, 1963 and 1993 | 23 |
| 4.1 | Quota licence price determination in a competitive market | 62 |
| 4.2 | Adjusted export prices against US prices for eight supplying | |
| | countries, 1981–88 | 64 |
| 5.1 | Current account balance, as percentage of GDP, 1970–92 | 90 |
| 5.2 | Exchange rates, yen per US\$, 1970–94 | 90 |
| 8.1 | The distribution of tariffs and the effect of a tariff binding | 154 |



Tables

| | | page |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 2.1 | Europe, North America and the Western Pacific in the world economy | 22 |
| 2.2 | Leading traders internationally when the EU is treated as a | |
| | single trader and intra-EU trade is excluded, 1993 | 23 |
| 2.3 | Trade shares and the intensity and propensity of | 23 |
| 2.0 | regionalisation in world merchandise trade, 1948–90 | 24 |
| 2.4 | Share of GDP traded extra-regionally, Western Europe, North | 24 |
| 2.4 | America and Asia, 1958–90 | 27 |
| 3.1 | · | 27 |
| 3.1 4.1 | Western Pacific concessions under the Uruguay Round | 47 |
| | Price correlations, adjusted export prices and US prices, 1981–8 | 66 |
| 4.2 | Quota utilisation rates for seven countries, 1981–9 | 68 |
| 4.3 | Price correlations, adjusted export prices and US price, 1981–2 | |
| | and 1983–8 | 69 |
| | (a) 1981–2 (b) 1983–8 | |
| 4.4 | Price correlations, adjusted export prices and US and world | |
| | prices, 1981–4 and 1983–8 | 71 |
| | (a) 1981–4 (b) 1983–8 | |
| 5.1 | Exchange rate arrangements and capital controls for selected | |
| | Asia-Pacific countries, 1975–91 | 79 |
| 5.2 | Average monthly exchange rates, 1970-9 and 1980-93 | 80 |
| 5.3 | Global markets for selected derivative securities, 1986–91 | 84 |
| 5.4 | Foreign exchange average daily turnover, 1989 and 1992 | 86 |
| 5.5 | Currency futures traded on exchanges of Asia Pacific region | 86 |
| 5.6 | Summary features of forward exchange systems in selected Asia | a |
| | Pacific countries, 1992 | 87 |
| 6.1 | Tariff bindings on industrial and agricultural products | 104 |
| 6.2 | Pre- and post-Uruguay Round Mfn tariff rates on non- | |
| | agricultural products | 105 |
| 6.3 | Estimated MFA quota price wedges | 108 |
| 6.4 | Integration schemes for textiles and clothing, 1995–2005 | 109 |
| 6.5 | Summary of the Agreement on Agriculture | 111 |
| | , 6 | *** |



| | List of tables | хi |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 6.6 | Estimated base protection in agriculture | 112 |
| 6.7 | World export volume | 118 |
| 6.8 | Real export effects at world prices (f.o.b.), billion 1990 dollars (a) 1990 counterfactual, model: CRTS, PC, Dynamic (b) 1990 counterfactual, model: IRTS, MC, Dynamic | 120 |
| 6.9 | Income effects, 1990 counterfactual and 2005 estimated, billion | |
| | 1990 dollars | 123 |
| | (a) 1990 counterfactual (b) 2005 estimates | |
| 6.10 | Decomposition of welfare effects, 1990 counterfactual and 2005 | |
| | estimates, and percentage of GDP, billion 1990 dollars | 124 |
| | (a) 1990 counterfactual (b) 2005 estimates | |
| | (c) percentage of GDP | |
| 7.1 | Production subsidies | 138 |
| 7.2 | Nominal rates of border protection | 139 |
| 7.3 | Export subsidies | 139 |
| 7.4 | Export tax equivalents of MFA quotas | 140 |
| 7.5 | Tariff reductions in industrial economies agreed under the | |
| 7. | Uruguay Round | 141 |
| 7.6 7.7 | Welfare effects of Uruguay Round trade liberalisation | 143 |
| 7.7 7.8 | Terms of trade effects of trade liberalisation | 144 |
| 7.8 7.9 | Welfare effects of the Uruguay Round: sensitivity analysis Welfare effects of the Uruguay Round with externalities | 145 |
| 7.10 | Export share in gross output | 146 147 |
| 7.11 | Welfare effects of major Uruguay Round reforms (agriculture, | 14/ |
| 7.11 | MFA and tariffs) | 148 |
| 7.12 | Uruguay Round reform: changes in net exports as percentages | 140 |
| | of total exports | 149 |
| 7.13 | Technological changes resulting from the Uruguay Round | 147 |
| | reform | 150 |
| 7A.1 | Commodity details (10×10 GTAP) | 151 |
| 9.1 | Tariff reductions on industrial products, by industrial | |
| | countries from selected groups of countries | 164 |
| 9.2 | Pre- and post-Uruguay Round scope of bindings for industrial | |
| | | 165 |
| 9.3 | Imports of industrial products, value of trade and tariff | |
| | | 166 |
| 9.4 | Imports of industrial products, trade weighted tariff | |
| 0.5 | | 167 |
| 9.5 | Imports by industrial economies from East Asian developing | |
| 0.6 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 168 |
| 9.6 | Imports of agricultural products, tariff reductions, bindings | |



| xii | List of tables | |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| | and share of trade duty free | 172 |
| 9.7 | Imports of agricultural products from East Asian developing | |
| | countries, tariff reductions by agricultural product group | 173 |
| 10.1 | Bound tariff reductions on industrial products | 179 |
| | Countries that Australia negotiated with in the Uruguay | |
| | Round | 186 |
| 11.1 | Criteria for a global competition-policy agenda: detail | 196 |
| | Criteria for a global competition-policy agenda: summary | 198 |
| | Japan's FDI, 1970–93 | 211 |
| 12.2 | Cumulative values of Japan's FDI, by area and industry | |
| | activity, 1970–93 | 212 |
| 12.3 | Japan's FDI in four NIEs, ASEAN4 and China, 1951–93 | 216 |
| 12.4 | Asian economies' FDI inflows from the United States, Europe, | |
| | Japan and four NIEs, 1985–93 | 217 |
| 12.5 | Sources of purchases and imports and destination of sales and | |
| | exports, by Japanese manufacturing firms' affiliates located | |
| | abroad, 1980–9 | 223 |
| | (a) Sources of purchases and imports | |
| | (b) Destinations of sales and exports | |
| 13.1 | Selected provincial growth rates and exports, 1981–90 | 231 |
| 13.2 | Export performance of enterprises, 1980–92 | 235 |
| 13.3 | Export-orientation by industry, 1980–92 | 235 |
| 13.4 | TFP growth of export-orientated and non-exporting enterprises, | |
| | by ownership and industry, 1982–92 | 236 |
| 13.5 | Average domestic resource cost ratios, by type of ownership, | |
| | 1980–92 | 237 |
| | Average domestic resource cost ratios, by industry, 1980–92 | 238 |
| 13.7 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 238 |
| 14.1 | Economic indicators, 1980–93 | 245 |

14.2 Gross domestic investment, 1980-93 and exports of

14.6 Anti-dumping and countervailing actions, 1985–94

14.4 Intra-regional and inter-regional trade for major regions,

14.5 Intra-industry trade index of manufactures by main partner,

14.3 East Asian exports to major markets, 1980-93

manufactures, 1971-93

1981-93

1980, 1986, 1993

245

246

247

250

254



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Preface and acknowledgements

As the Uruguay Round negotiations approached their scheduled completion at the end of 1990, it appeared likely that the rapidly industrialising economies of East Asia would face a new world trading system that would be less accommodating to the aggressive marketing that had underpinned their export-led growth strategies. Further dismantling of tariffs by OECD countries would be offset by easier access to contingency protection provided by GATT escape provisions, which would discriminate against competitive exporters. In these circumstances, the export and growth prospects of the East Asian economies would suffer and new strategies might become necessary.

The National Centre for Development Studies decided that outcomes from the Uruguay Round negotiations needed to be assessed from an East Asian–West Pacific perspective. In 1991, the Research School of Pacific Studies provided funding for a research fellow for this project for three years and the Australian International Development Assistance Bureau (AIDAB) – now AusAID – generously provided finance for research assistance.

In fact, of course, the Uruguay Round negotiations continued for another three years. The agreements embodied in the Final Act in December 1993 were more far-reaching and more comprehensive than envisaged in 1990. Liberalisation of industrial and agricultural trade and new agreements on trade in services, on international property rights and on strengthening GATT disciplines have established a new trading system to be overseen by the World Trade Organisation (WTO). The original objective of the research remains relevant, but the Uruguay Round Final Act impinges more directly than had been envisaged on many aspects of economic development in East Asian countries. The research programme, therefore, was amended to take account of changing circumstances in East Asia and in the international trading system.

This volume is a review of the way selected aspects of the Uruguay Round Final Act will impinge on economic developments and policies in



xvi Preface and acknowledgements

East Asian countries. The increasing significance of the East Asian region in the global economy and its dependence on an orderly world trading system under the WTO affected the circumstances of the review in 1994. Although many uncertainties remain about the implementation of the Uruguay Round agreements, and the operations of the WTO, this volume comprises a review of key aspects of the agreements for the Western Pacific economies.

The National Centre for Development Studies wishes to express its thanks to the Australian International Development Assistance Bureau for the generous financial support provided for the research behind this volume.

Among the many people who assisted with the organisation and the editing of the papers, a special vote of thanks must be given to John Watts and Ruel Abello for their devoted support, 'go-foring' and goodwill.

David Robertson



Glossary

AFTA ASEAN free-trade area

AIDAB Australian International Development Assistance Bureau

(now AusAID)

AMS Aggregate Measure of Support

ANZCERTA Australia-New Zealand Closer Economic Relations Trade

Agreement

APEC Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation
ASEAN Association of South East Asian Nations
ASEAN4 Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia, Philippines

CUSTA Canada-US Trade Agreement
CAP Common Agricultural Policy (EU)
CGE computable general equilibrium

c.i.f. cost-insurance-freight

CITES Convention of Trade in Endangered Species

EADCs East Asian Developing Countries EAEC East Asian Economic Caucus

EANIE East Asian Newly Industrialising Economies

EC European Community

ECSC European Coal and Steel Community

EEA European Economic Area

EFTA European Free-Trade Association EMS European Monetary System

EU European Union

FDI foreign direct investment

FEER fundamental effective exchange rate

f.o.b. free-on-board

GATS General Agreement on Trade in Services
GATT General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

GDI gross domestic investment GNP gross national product

GSP Generalised System of Preferences



xviii Glossary

GTAP Global Trade Analysis Project IDB Integrated Data Base (GATT)

IIT intra-industry trade

ILO International Labour OfficeIMF International Monetary FundITO International Trade Organisation

LAIA Latin American Integration Association

LDC less/least developed country

LTA Long Term Agreement on Cotton Textiles
Mercosur Common Market of the Southern Cone

MFA Multifibre Arrangement Mfn most-favoured-nation

NAFTA North American Free-Trade Agreement

NGO non-governmental organisation NIE newly industrialising economy

NTB non-tariff barrier

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

OLS ordinary least-squares

OMA orderly marketing agreement PSE producer subsidy equivalent QR quantitative (import) restriction

SAM social accounting matrix

SII Structural Impediments Initiative

SPS sanitary and phytosanitary

TPRM Trade Policy Review Mechanism (GATT)
TRIMs trade-related investment measures

TRIPs trade-related aspects of intellectual property rights
UNCTAD United Nations Commission for Trade and Development

VER voluntary export restraint
VIE voluntary import expansion
WTO World Trade Organisation