

The Cambridge Companion to James Joyce, second edition

This second edition of *The Cambridge Companion to Joyce* contains several new and revised essays, reflecting an increased emphasis on Joyce's politics, a fresh sense of the importance of his engagement with Ireland, and the changes wrought by gender studies on criticism of his work. The *Companion* gathers an international team of leading scholars who shed light on Joyce's work and life. The contributions are informative, stimulating and full of rich and accessible insights which will provoke thought and discussion in and out of the classroom. The *Companion*'s extensive suggestions for further reading offer readers the necessary tools for further informed exploration of Joyce studies. This volume is designed primarily as a students' reference work (although it is organized so that it can also be read from cover to cover), and will deepen and extend the enjoyment and understanding of Joyce for the new reader.



THE CAMBRIDGE COMPANION TO JAMES JOYCE

EDITED BY
DEREK ATTRIDGE

Second edition





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Negotiating Sexual and Colonial Difference (1995) and Dracula's Crypt: Bram Stoker, Irishness and the Question of Blood (2002). He is also the editor of Quare Joyce (1998) and co-editor of Disciplinarity at the Fin de Siècle (2002), and his edition of Bram Stoker's Dracula appeared in 2003.

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A NOTE ON THE SECOND EDITION

In the mid 1980s, I was invited by Cambridge University Press to edit a Companion to James Joyce. (Only Chaucer and Shakespeare had been accorded the honour of a Companion at that time, and the subsequent blossoming of the Companion series had not a little to do with the success of the Joyce volume.) This was a heady time for Joyce studies: theoretical approaches to literature, indebted primarily to developments in Continental philosophy, had begun to cast new light on Joyce's work, reinterpreting its challenges to the reader in ways that were both illuminating and enjoyable. Joyce's engagement with politics, including Irish nationalism, was being reconsidered. A new 'synoptic' text of Ulysses, edited by a team led by Hans Walter Gabler, had just been published, making possible a closer scrutiny of Joyce's working methods. It seemed to me that one of the goals of a Companion might be to make available to a wider audience the fruits of that fresh thinking, and I chose, on the whole, younger Joyce scholars who had only recently begun to make their mark.

By the time the volume was published, in 1990, that mark had been well and truly made, and as I write this, thirteen years later, those once young scholars are among the best-known names in the world-wide Joyce community. In the meantime, Joyce studies have not stood still; a series of new approaches to Joyce's writing, developing out of the earlier theoretical innovations and reflecting the successive waves that passed through literary studies more generally, have provided novel interpretations and discovered unsuspected connections. Many of these have involved fuller attention to historical and cultural contexts, especially the Irish context within which and against which Joyce wrote. The labels that have come to be used as short-hand for these approaches don't do justice to their interrelatedness, nor the variety of work that each of them covers, but they do suggest something of the range of new avenues opened up: cultural studies (or, somewhat more narrowly, the study of popular or consumer culture), colonial and post-colonial studies, gay and lesbian studies. Feminist studies, too, went



NOTE ON SECOND EDITION

through a transformation, partly in response to these trends. As a result of such developments, the first edition of the *Companion* can no longer be said to reflect the best of current and recent studies of Joyce.

This edition, therefore, includes essays on three new topics by scholars who have made important contributions to Joyce studies since the first edition appeared, 'Joyce and sexuality', by Joseph Valente, 'Joyce and consumer culture', by Jennifer Wicke, and 'Joyce, colonialism, and nationalism', by Marjorie Howes. A new essay on 'Joyce and feminism' has been contributed by Jeri Johnson, and *Dubliners* now has an essay of its own, by Garry Leonard. Regrettably, space considerations have meant the loss of a small number of essays from the first edition, although these will of course continue to be available in libraries. The other essays, and the suggestions for further reading, have been updated.

Although this edition is larger than its predecessor, many fruitful areas of the Joyce terrain have had to be left out. In particular, the study of Joyce's manuscript materials has flourished in the past two decades, and we now have a more particularized knowledge of just how he constructed ('wrote' seems an inappropriate word) his two last books, as well as having more accurate editions of his earlier ones. Anyone who wishes to pursue this dimension of Joyce's creation – which could be thought to extend as much as to underlie his published work – can consult the studies listed in the 'Further Reading' section.

The twenty years during which I have lived with the Joyce *Companion* have been made more enjoyable and fruitful by the cheerful co-operation of my contributors and the sterling efforts of a series of editors at Cambridge University Press: Terry Moore, Kevin Taylor, Josie Dixon, and Ray Ryan. My thanks to them, and to the many other Joyce companions who have travelled with me during this time.

DEREK ATTRIDGE



PREFACE

One might think of all the numerous books and articles published about Joyce's work as companions, offering the reader a range of different services: accurate texts, possible interpretations, helpful information, interesting anecdotes about the artist and his models. But few readers have the time or the desire - to sift through all this material in search of what they most need, and this volume is offered as a first resort for those who wish to deepen and extend their enjoyment and understanding of Joyce's writing. It does not attempt to make Joyce 'easy' (though one of its aims is to remove unnecessary apprehensions about Joyce's 'difficulty'); nor does it present a grand survey of the monuments of Joycean scholarship and criticism. It rests neither on the assumption that all you need in order to enhance your appreciation of a literary text is somebody else's close reading of it, nor on the assumption that the key to comprehension is a mass of inert biographical and historical facts. Joyce's works are approached as verbal artifacts that succeed in exploiting with an extraordinary fullness the potential for human insight and pleasure latent within the verbal and cultural fabric of the twentieth century (which includes its versions of previous centuries); equal attention is given, therefore, to the patterns and peculiarities of Joyce's language and to the threads that weave it into the world's history. Chapters deal with some of the most significant historical contexts within which Joyce's writing takes on its manifold meanings, with the problems and rewards of reading Joyce's texts, and with Joyce's place in the intellectual and political movements of the last and the present centuries. A guide to further reading points the way to more specialized companions.

Joyce is the most international of writers in English. He shares with Shakespeare a global reputation, but, unlike Shakespeare, he crossed many national boundaries in his working career, in his outlook, and in his writing – extending his reach further and further until, in *Finnegans Wake*, he attempted to embrace the languages and cultures of the entire human community. Throughout his career, Dublin remained the other pole of his creative

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PREFACE

activity, but a Dublin constantly challenged and remade in the light of this internationalist distrust of patriotism and prejudice. A second feature of Joyce's work is the way it has intersected, and continues to intersect, with some of the most important transmutations of Western thought, both during his lifetime (one might include modernism, feminism, psychoanalysis, socialism, pacifism, secularism, and anti-colonialism) and after it (most notably in the movements known broadly as structuralism, post-structuralism, and post-modernism). The contributors to this volume reflect these two features of Joyce's writing: they are of many nationalities, and they all manifest in their different kinds of interest in Joyce an engagement with current intellectual and social changes. The volume as a whole also reflects the remarkable advances made in two areas of Joyce studies over recent decades: the excavations of scholars - textual, biographical, cultural, historical - and the explorations of literary theorists. I believe that the essays which follow demonstrate that the best writing on Joyce today takes advantage of both kinds of advance.

My task as editor has been made considerably lighter by the energy, commitment, and patience of my contributors. I would also like to thank Tom Furniss, Suzanne Hall, Jo Ramsey, and George Kearns for their help, and the students at Southampton, Strathclyde, and Rutgers Universities with whom I learned just how enjoyable reading Joyce can be. We are all, of course, indebted to scores of earlier readers and re-readers of Joyce, most notably James Joyce himself.

DEREK ATTRIDGE



CHRONOLOGY OF JOYCE'S LIFE

1882	James Augustine Joyce, first child of John Stanislaus Joyce and
	Mary Jane ('May') Joyce, née Murray, born on 2 February in
	Rathgar, a suburb of Dublin.
1884	Birth of Stanislaus Joyce, who, of James's nine surviving siblings,
	was closest to him.
1888	Joyce family moves to Bray, a town south of Dublin. James
	enrolled in Clongowes Wood College, an élite Jesuit school.
	Downfall of Parnell (1890) makes a strong impression.
1891	Family financial difficulties cause the withdrawal of James from
	Clongowes, and a break in his schooling.
1892	Joyce family moves to Blackrock, in suburban Dublin.
1893	Further financial decline and move to the first of a series of more
, ,	central Dublin addresses. James enrolled as a day student at
	Belvedere College, another Jesuit school.
1896	Becomes Prefect of the Sodality of the Blessed Virgin Mary.
1897	Wins academic prizes, including prize for best English
	composition in Ireland in his grade. Catholic faith dwindles.
1898	Enters University College, Dublin.
1899	Attends the riotous opening night of Yeats's The Countess
	Cathleen; supports Yeats.
1900	Publishes article on Ibsen in the Fortnightly Review; receives
	thanks from Ibsen. Reads paper on 'Drama and Life' to the
	Literary and Historical Society. Writes poems and plays, mostly
	destroyed.
1901	Writes 'The Day of the Rabblement', which is refused by a college
	magazine. Joyce publishes it privately.
1902	Graduates from University College; leaves Dublin for Paris,
	ostensibly to study medicine.
1903	Returns to Dublin in April on receiving news of his mother's
	illness. She dies on 13 August.



CHRONOLOGY OF JOYCE'S LIFE

- Leaves the family home for a variety of residences, including the Martello Tower at Sandycove. Writes an essay entitled 'A Portrait of the Artist', and poems and stories for magazine publication (later to be included in *Chamber Music* and *Dubliners*). Starts work on *Stephen Hero*. Meets Nora Barnacle on 10 June, and leaves Dublin for the Continent with her on 8 October. Obtains job with Berlitz School in Pola (now Pula, in Croatia), then under Austrian rule.
- Obtains job with Berlitz School in Trieste. Son Giorgio born on 27 July. Submits *Chamber Music* and *Dubliners* to London publishers Grant Richards. Stanislaus comes to Trieste to join the family.
- Moves to Rome to work as a bank clerk. Writes two more stories for *Dubliners*.
- Returns to Trieste. Daughter Lucia born on 26 July. Chamber Music published in London. Completes 'The Dead', the last story of Dubliners. Gives private English lessons and public lectures, and publishes newspaper articles. Starts rewriting Stephen Hero as A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man, radically reducing its length.
- 1908 Finishes three chapters of A Portrait.
- Visits Dublin twice, to sign contract with Maunsel and Co. for *Dubliners*, and to set up a cinema. His sister Eva returns with Joyce to live with the family.
- Family trip to Galway and Dublin; this is Joyce's last visit to Ireland. Joyce battles with Maunsel editor George Roberts over censorship of *Dubliners*. Printed sheets of the book destroyed by the printer, fearing libel action.
- 1913 Ezra Pound makes contact with Joyce.
- A Portrait starts appearing in serial form in the Egoist. Dubliners published by Grant Richards. Joyce begins work on Ulysses. War breaks out, and Joyce faces internment in Trieste.
- Exiles completed. Joyce and family permitted to leave Trieste for Switzerland; they settle in Zurich.
- 1916 A Portrait published in New York.
- 1917 Completion of three chapters of *Ulysses*. First of many eye operations. Harriet Shaw Weaver starts supporting Joyce financially.
- 1918 Exiles published in London. Ulysses serialization begins in the Little Review.
- 1919 Return to Trieste made possible by ending of war.



CHRONOLOGY OF JOYCE'S LIFE

1920	At Pound's suggestion, the family moves to Paris, where they will remain for twenty years at a number of addresses. Court case prevents <i>Little Review</i> from continuing to serialize <i>Ulysses</i> .
1922	Ulysses published in Paris by Sylvia Beach's bookshop,
	Shakespeare and Company.
1923	Begins 'Work in Progress', eventually published as <i>Finnegans Wake</i> .
1927	<i>Pomes Penyeach</i> published by Shakespeare and Company. 'Work in Progress' begins to appear in sections in <i>transition</i> .
1929	Publication of Our Exagmination round His Factification for
± <i>y</i> = <i>y</i>	Incamination of Work in Progress, by Samuel Beckett and eleven
	others.
1931	Marriage of James Joyce and Nora Barnacle in London. Joyce's
	father dies.
1932	First grandchild, Stephen James Joyce, born to Giorgio and Helen
	Joyce. Lucia has a mental breakdown.
1933	Court allows publication of <i>Ulysses</i> in USA. Lucia enters hospital in Switzerland.
1934	Ulysses published by Random House in New York.
1939	Finnegans Wake published by Faber and Faber in London and
1939	Viking in New York. On the outbreak of war, the Joyces move to
	southern France.
1940	Permission granted to leave France for Switzerland. Move to
	Zurich.
1941	Joyce suffers perforated ulcer; dies on 13 January, aged 58. Buried
	in Fluntern cemetery, Zurich.

Death of Nora Barnacle Joyce in Zurich.

1951



ABBREVIATIONS

Except in the case of the following abbreviations, full details of works referred to are given after each chapter, either in the notes or in a list of works cited.

Archive	The James Joyce Archive, ed. Michael Groden, Hans
	Walter Gabler, David Hayman, A. Walton Litz, and
	Danis Rose with John O'Hanlon, 63 vols. (New York:
	Garland, 1977–9)
CH I, II	James Joyce: The Critical Heritage, ed. Robert
	H. Deming, 2 vols. (London: Routledge, 1970)
D	Dubliners, ed. Jeri Johnson (World's Classics; Oxford:
	Oxford University Press, 2000)
E	Exiles (New York: Viking, 1951)
FW	Finnegans Wake (London: Faber; New York: Viking,
	1939). References are to page and line numbers
	(these are the same in all editions), e.g. FW 213.28.
	Chapters are indicated by book and chapter numbers,
	e.g. II. 3
GJ	Giacomo Joyce, ed. Richard Ellmann (London: Faber;
	New York: Viking, 1968)
JJ	James Joyce, by Richard Ellmann, revised edition
	(New York: Oxford University Press, 1982)
JJQ	James Joyce Quarterly
Letters I, II, III	Letters of James Joyce, vol. 1, ed. Stuart Gilbert
	(London: Faber; New York: Viking, 1957; reissued
	with corrections, 1966); vols. 11 and 111, ed. Richard
	Ellmann (London: Faber; New York: Viking, 1966)
OCPW	Occasional, Critical, and Political Writing, ed. Kevin
	Barry (World's Classics; Oxford: Oxford University
	Press, 2000)

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

P	A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man, ed. Jeri Johnson (World's
	Classics; Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2000)
PSW	Poems and Shorter Writings, ed. Richard Ellmann, A. Walton
	Litz, and John Whittier Ferguson (London: Faber, 1991)
SH	Stephen Hero, ed. Theodore Spencer, rev. John J. Slocum and
	Herbert Cahoon (London: Jonathan Cape, 1956; Norfolk, CN:
	New Directions, 1963). References are to page numbers in both
	these editions.
SL	Selected Letters of James Joyce, ed. Richard Ellmann (London:
	Faber; New York: Viking, 1975)
U	Ulysses, ed. Hans Walter Gabler with Wolfhard Steppe and Claus

Melchior (New York and London: Garland, 1984; New York: Random House; London: Bodley Head; Harmondsworth: Penguin, 1986). References are to episode and line numbers, which are the same in all these editions, e.g. U 10.124.

In quotations, spaced points (...) indicate an omission, while unspaced points (...) occur in the original.

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