

This book focuses on the behavior of the ruling families of Brescia, a rich and strategically vital city under Venetian rule, during the late sixteenth and early seventeenth centuries.

The first part of the book conceptualizes the civic leadership of Brescia, with a profile of its origins and a brief history of the process of aristocratization. Further, it examines the relationship between family structure and the local socio-political structures. Size, wealth, education, and marriage ties were all pivotal factors which helped determine the family's position in public life. Its strength rested ultimately on its continuity over time. Women and women's property are given careful attention. The second part places the Brescian elite within the Venetian state. Besides controlling urban political institutions, the Brescians held strong economic links with the surrounding countryside, the basis of their power, and they enjoyed ample authority in the rural communities subject to the city. This section of the book examines the different ways in which these families sought to preserve their control over local resources. It also analyzes the Brescian civic leadership's weight in public life, in relation to that of Venetian authorities, illuminating some of the important ways in which the Venetian state was knit together.



CAMBRIDGE STUDIES IN ITALIAN HISTORY AND CULTURE

FAMILY AND PUBLIC LIFE IN BRESCIA, 1580-1650



CAMBRIDGE STUDIES IN ITALIAN HISTORY AND CULTURE

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FAMILY AND PUBLIC LIFE IN BRESCIA, 1580-1650

THE FOUNDATIONS OF POWER IN THE VENETIAN STATE

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FOR JENNIE FERRARO AND
IN MEMORY OF CORRADO FERRARO



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ABBREVIATIONS

Archives

ASB	Archivio di Stato di Brescia
ASCB	Archivio Storico Comunale di Brescia
ASV	Archivio di Stato di Venezia

Libraries

BMCV	Biblioteca del Museo Correr di Venezia
BNMV	Biblioteca Nazionale Marciana di Venezia
BQ	Biblioteca Queriniana di Brescia
BQSV	Biblioteca Querini Stampaglia di Venezia

Periodicals and miscellaneous

CAB	Commentari dell'Ateneo di Brescia
RA	Rivista del Collegio Araldico
RSI	Rivista Storica Italiana
RV	Relazioni dei rettori veneti in Terraferma
SS	Studi Storici

Archival and manuscript citations

Consiglio dei Dieci. LCRB Lettere ai Capi del Consiglio dei Dieci dai Rettori di Brescia

Senato. APRB Archivio proprio dei rettori di Brescia Senato. DRB Dispacci dei rettori di Brescia

HM. AEP Hospedale Maggiore. Atti di Eredità e Processi

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xvi	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS
F	filza
В	busta
f	foglio
fasc. u.d.	fascicolo
u.d.	unfoliated document
n.d.	no date



MONEY

Brescian monies were based upon the Lombard system of lire imperiali. One lira imperiale was equivalent to 1.1066 lire italiane. Each gold ducat, of Phillip II in 1579 and of Phillip IV in 1641, was equivalent to 10.46 lire italiane. (A. Martini, Manuale di metrologia ossia misure, pesi e monete [Turin, 1883], pp. 101; 354; 356. According to Martini's figures, there should be 9.45 lire imperiali in each ducat. Contemporary sources, however, furnish an exchange rate of three lire planet per ducat. For example, ASB, HM.AEP, Famiglia Ugone, F. 1, No. 75 [u.d.], Testament of Giulia Omi Ugone, June 16, 1640.)

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

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Land

I piò (100 tavole) = 0.32553938 hectares

I tavola (4 pertiche) = 0.00325539 hectares

Weights

I somma (12 quarte) = 145.92 liters

I peso = 8.02 kilograms

(Taken from Martini, Manuale di metrologia, p. 101.)
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