

Cambridge University Press
052144585X - The Sources of Social Power: The Rise of Classes and Nation-States,
1760-1914 - Volume II
Michael Mann
Table of Contents
More information

## Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Economic and ideological power relations	23
3	A theory of the modern state	44
4	The Industrial Revolution and old regime liberalism in	
	Britain, 1760–1880	92
5	The American Revolution and the institutionalization	
	of confederal capitalist liberalism	137
6	The French Revolution and the bourgeois nation	167
7	Conclusion to Chapters 4–6: The emergence of classes	
	and nations	214
8	Geopolitics and international capitalism	254
9	Struggle over Germany: I. Prussia and authoritarian	
	national capitalism	297
10	Struggle over Germany: II. Austria and confederal	
	representation	330
11	The rise of the modern state: I. Quantitative data	358
12	The rise of the modern state: II. The autonomy of	
	military power	402
13	The rise of the modern state: III. Bureaucratization	444
14	The rise of the modern state: IV. The expansion of	
	civilian scope	479
15	The resistible rise of the British working class,	
	1815–1880	510
16	The middle-class nation	546
17	Class struggle in the Second Industrial Revolution,	
	1880–1914: I. Great Britain	597
18	Class struggle in the Second Industrial Revolution,	
	1880–1914: II. Comparative analysis of working-class	
	movements	628
19	Class struggle in the Second Industrial Revolution,	
	1880–1914: III. The peasantry	692
20	Theoretical conclusions: Classes, states, nations, and	
	the sources of social power	723
21	Empirical culmination – over the top: Geopolitics, class	
	struggle, and World War I	740
Appen	dix Additional tables on state finances and state	
търст	employment	803
	employment	303
Index		816