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The economics of individual and population aging

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PREFACE

This study summarizes and assimilates research by international scholars in economics, demography, and the other social sciences in order to provide a conceptual framework for the economics of aging. The objective of this analysis is to identify and describe the principal economic issues associated with individual and population aging and to assess the existing knowledge respecting the economic and social problems emerging with aging. The integration of interdisciplinary research is of special importance in any examination of gerontological issues, and we have been sensitive to this mandate. However, our primary focus has been on economic complexities of individual life-cycle allocation decisions and the macroeconomic problems that arise from age-structure changes.

The review is international in scope, as we trace the development of concern for population aging in Europe, the United States, and other industrialized countries. Theoretical concepts and changing demographic conditions are illustrated with data from various countries. Cross-national econometric studies are reported along with time-series and cross-sectional research on individual countries. National differences in the response to aging, the institutions that provide income maintenance to the elderly, and the economic conditions of the elderly are noted. In some cases, a single country is examined in detail to indicate a particular aspect of the economics of aging. Most frequently, the United States is chosen because of the availability of data, the greater number of empirical studies employing U.S. data, the familiarity of the

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authors with U.S. institutions, and the essential universality of aging phenomena.

Throughout the manuscript, we have attempted to assess the current state of the literature bearing on economic concepts relating to aging phenomena and to indicate fruitful avenues for further research. It is our hope that scholars interested in economics or gerontology can productively utilize this text to identify important problems, become acquainted with previous research on these questions, and generate ideas for future study.

Many colleagues at Duke University and North Carolina State University have contributed to the improvement of this manuscript. We owe a special debt of gratitude to Juanita Kreps, who has worked with us on related projects and whose thinking is reflected in many sections of the book. George Maddox and George Brosseau have been instrumental in formative stages of our research on the economics of aging and have been helpful in the integration of interdisciplinary findings into the volume. Some of the material included in the volume was previously published in a condensed version in the *Journal of Economic Literature*.

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