

COMPANION TO RUSSIAN STUDIES VOLUME 2

AN INTRODUCTION TO
RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE
edited by Robert Auty and Dimitri Obolensky



COMPANION TO RUSSIAN STUDIES

- 1. Introduction to Russian History
- 2. Introduction to Russian Language and Literature
 - 3. Introduction to Russian Art and Architecture



COMPANION TO RUSSIAN STUDIES 2

AN INTRODUCTION TO

RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

EDITED BY ROBERT AUTY

FORMERLY PROFESSOR OF COMPARATIVE SLAVONIC PHILOLOGY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

AND

DIMITRI OBOLENSKY

PROFESSOR OF RUSSIAN AND BALKAN HISTORY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

WITH THE EDITORIAL ASSISTANCE OF ANTHONY KINGSFORD

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

CAMBRIDGE

LONDON NEW YORK NEW ROCHELLE MELBOURNE SYDNEY



CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

Cambridge, New York, Melbourne, Madrid, Cape Town, Singapore, São Paulo, Delhi, Dubai, Tokyo, Mexico City

Cambridge University Press
The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge CB2 8RU, UK

Published in the United States of America by Cambridge University Press, New York

www.cambridge.org
Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9780521280396

© Cambridge University Press 1977

This publication is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements, no reproduction of any part may take place without the written permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 1977
First paperback edition 1980
Re-issued 2010

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library

ISBN 978-0-521-20894-9 Hardback ISBN 978-0-521-28039-6 Paperback

Cambridge University Press has no responsibility for the persistence or accuracy of URLs for external or third-party Internet Web sites referred to in this publication, and does not guarantee that any content on such Web sites is, or will remain, accurate or appropriate.



CONTENTS

List of illustrations ix Preface xi Transliteration table xii

1

The Russian Language

ROBERT AUTY

Professor of Comparative Slavonic Philology, University of Oxford

Origins 1 Sources 3 Phonology 4 Accentuation 13

Morphology: the noun 14 Morphology: the pronoun and adjective 22

Morphology: the verb 24 Vocabulary 29 Dialects 32

The Russian literary language 35 Russian and Church Slavonic 36

Russian and its neighbours 38 Guide to further reading 39

2

Russian Writing and Printing

A. Writing

ROBERT AUTY page 41

Guide to further reading 47

B. Printing

J. S. G. SIMMONS

Librarian, All Souls College, Oxford page 47

Guide to further reading 53

3

Early Russian Literature (1000–1300)

DIMITRI OBOLENSKY

Professor of Russian and Balkan History, University of Oxford page 56

Translated literature 57 Original literature 62 Guide to further reading 83



CONTENTS

4

Literature in the Muscovite Period (1300-1700)

NIKOLAY ANDREYEV

Emeritus Reader in Slavonic Studies, University of Cambridge page 90

Guide to further reading 102

5

The Age of Classicism (1700–1820)

M. A. S. BURGESS

Lecturer in Slavonic Studies, University of Cambridge page 111

Guide to further reading 129

6

From the Golden to the Silver Age (1820–1917)

V. SETCHKAREV

Professor of Slavic Languages and Literature, Harvard University page 133

The age of Pushkin 135 The age of great prose 143 The age of symbolism 163 Guide to further reading 173

7

Literature in the Soviet Period (1917–1975)

MAX HAYWARD

Fellow of St Antony's College, Oxford page 185

Guide to further reading 212

8

The Early Theatre

M. A. S. BURGESS page 231

Guide to further reading 244

9

The Nineteenth- and Early Twentieth-Century Theatre

M. A. S. BURGESS page 247

Guide to further reading 266



CONTENTS

10

The Soviet Theatre

MICHAEL GLENNY

Lecturer in Russian,
University of Birmingham
page 271

Guide to further reading 284

Index 287



ILLUSTRATIONS

1.	Dialect map of western USSR	33
2.	The Gnyozdovo inscription	42
3.	Part of a page of the Ostromir Gospel Codex of 1056–7 (ustav)	43
4.	A page from the Hypatian manuscript of the Chronicle (poluustav), early fifteenth century	44
5.	A passage from the <i>Ulozheniye</i> of 1649 (skoropis')	45
6.	Thirteenth-century birch-bark text from Novgorod	45
7.	Examples of vyaz'	46



PREFACE

The Companion to Russian Studies aims at providing a first orientation for those embarking on the study of Russian civilization, past or present, in its most important aspects. It lays no claim to cover them all. While we hope that it will be of use to university students of Russian language and literature, Russian history, or Soviet affairs, it is equally directed to the general reader interested in these subjects. Each chapter seeks to offer a self-contained introduction to a particular topic; but the editors have not wished to impose a uniform pattern, and each author has been free to approach and present his subject in his own way. Particular care has been taken to provide up-to-date bibliographies, which are intended as a guide to further study.

As is the way with collective works of this kind, the Companion has been some years in the making. We should like to express our gratitude to the contributors for their forbearance – sometimes sorely tried – in the face of difficulties and delays which have held up the completion of the enterprise. Economic considerations beyond our control have made it necessary to divide the contents of what had originally been planned as a single book into three volumes. The first is mainly concerned with the history of Russia and the Soviet Union; the second with Russian language and literature; the third with art and architecture. However, the three volumes, for which we share the editorial responsibility, should be regarded as complementary parts of a single whole.

We are grateful to all those at the Cambridge University Press who, over the years, have been involved in this project. Above all we wish to record our debt to Mr Anthony Kingsford, whose great experience in book production, unflagging energy, and expert knowledge of many aspects of Russian studies have been of the greatest value at every stage.

Oxford 1975 D.O.



TRANSLITERATION TABLE

		1	2
Α	а	a	a
Б	б	b	b
В	В	v	v
Γ	Г	g	g
Д	д	d	d
E	е	ye/e	je/e
Ë	ë	yo/o	jo/o
Ж	ж	zh	ž
3	3	z	Z
И	И	i	i
Й	й	y	z i j
К	ĸ	k	k
Л	Л	1	1
M	M	m	m
H	H	n	n
Ο	0	0	O
П	п	p	p
P C T	p	r	r
C	c	S	S
T	T	t	t
У	У	u	u
Φ	ф	f	f
X	X	kh	ch
Ц	ц	ts	c
Ч	ч	ch	č
Ш	Ш	sh	š
Щ	щ	shch	šč
	ъ	—	
	ы	y	y
	ь	,	,
Э	Э	e	e
		xii	



TRANSLITERATION TABLE

Юю	yu	ju
я Я	ya	ja
(I i)	i	i
(T t)	ě	ě
(Ө ө)	\mathbf{f}	f
(V v)	i	i

The transliteration system given in column 1 is used in all sections of the *Companion* except chapter 1 of this volume, *The Russian Language*, where the 'philological' system given in column 2 is employed. The bracketed letters at the end of the alphabet were discontinued by the spelling reform of 1917–18.

ye (je) is written for Cyrillic e initially, after vowels, and after ъ and ъ. o appears for ë after ж, ч, ш, щ. In proper names final -ый, -ий is simplified to -y.

Proper names or titles which have a generally accepted anglicized form are usually given in that form, e.g. Archangel, Dimitri, Gogol, Khrushchev, Likhachev, Lvov, Maly Theatre, Meyerhold, Moscow, *Novy Mir*, Potemkin, Vilna.