

# The Conduct of Hostilities under the Law of International Armed Conflict

This is the seminal textbook on the law of international armed conflict, written by a leading commentator on the subject. The new edition has been thoroughly revised and updated, taking into account new developments in combat, numerous recent judicial cases (especially decisions rendered by the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia), as well as topical studies and instruments. The text clarifies complex issues, offering solutions to practical combat dilemmas that have emerged in present-day battlefield situations. Several current (and controversial) subjects are examined in depth, including direct participation in hostilities, human shields, and air and missile warfare. Useful definitions and explanations have been added, making intricate problems easier to comprehend.

The book is designed not only for students of international law, but also as a tool for the instruction of military officers. It makes the topic more accessible to the reader while retaining the academic rigour which was a hallmark of the first edition.

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Second Edition

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### Introduction to the Second Edition

This is a thoroughly revised and updated edition of a book originally published in 2004. In the stretch of time since the first edition came out, interest in the law applicable in the conduct of hostilities in international (as well as non-international) armed conflicts has grown apace, and there has been a veritable spate of new books, articles and studies relating to diverse dimensions of this branch of international law. Even more significantly, the case law – especially, but not exclusively, that of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia – has become more abundant. There are also new texts: not only treaty texts but also restatements of the law.

While the main contours and theses of the first edition have been retained, countless changes have been introduced in the book to reflect new developments, address issues not fully explored before, and – based on lessons learned from actual teaching and training in a number of countries – add useful definitions and explanations. There are some new substantive sections (preeminently, direct participation in hostilities and 'human shields'). Others have been considerably augmented.

To complement the changes in the text, the table of contents has been expanded. The new edition also has an easier cross-referencing system, to enable a closer look at the way in which similar rules mesh in different contexts. The numerical cross-references are to paragraphs and not to pages.

To facilitate syntax, generic pronouns relating to individual combatants or civilians are usually drawn in masculine form. This must not be viewed as gender specific.



## **Preface**

Once it was believed that when the cannons roar, the laws are silent. Today everybody knows better. In fact, the sheer number of international legal norms governing the conduct of hostilities is phenomenal. Legal themes like proportionality, indiscriminate warfare, or the prohibition of mass destruction weapons (to cite just a few prime examples), are bruited about – not necessarily in legal terminology – by statesmen, journalists and lay persons around the globe. The public posture seems to be that, if wars are too important to be left entirely to generals and admirals, so are the laws applicable in war.

The growing public interest in the law of international armed conflict – like the increasing desire to see those who breach it criminally prosecuted – attests to a radical change in the Zeitgeist, compared to yesteryear. The reasons for the change are immaterial for the present volume. Perhaps the evolution is simply due to the fact that, in the electronic era, the horrors of war can be literally brought home to television screens thousands of miles away from the battlefield. Be that as it may, everybody feels more than ever affected by any armed conflict raging anywhere. By the same token, almost everybody seems to have ideas and suggestions as to how to augment the humanitarian component in the law of international armed conflict. This is a laudable development. But it is important to keep constantly in mind the sobering thought that wars are fought to be won.

Some people, no doubt animated by the noblest humanitarian impulses, would like to see warfare without bloodshed. However, this is an impossible dream. War is not a game of chess. Almost by definition, it entails human losses, suffering and pain, as well as destruction and devastation. As long as war is waged, humanitarian considerations cannot be the sole legal arbiters of the conduct of hostilities. The law of international armed conflict does forbid some means and methods of warfare, with a view to minimizing the losses, the suffering, the pain and the destruction. But it can do so only when there are realistic alternatives to achieving the military goal of victory in the war. Should nothing be theoretically permissible to Belligerent Parties, ultimately everything will be permitted in practice – because the rules will be brushed aside.

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Preface xiii

The present book serves as a companion to two other volumes published by Cambridge University Press, dealing respectively with the *jus ad bellum*\* and with the law of belligerent occupation.\*\* It is devoted to the core of the *jus in bello* – that is, the conduct of hostilities on land, at sea and in the air – analysed against the background of customary international law and treaties in force. The study will be limited to armed conflicts raging between two or more sovereign States. The international legal norms dealing with internal (intra-State) armed conflict – once negligible in number and range – have constantly grown in recent years and, in many respects, now emulate the rules pertaining to inter-State hostilities. Yet, both legally and pragmatically speaking, there are still crucial aspects of dissimilarity between international (inter-State) and internal (intra-State) armed conflicts. Here we shall focus exclusively on the law of international armed conflict, applicable chiefly in wartime but also in inter-State clashes short of war.

The conduct of hostilities will be examined in this volume in light of contemporary norms. While some past practices and future prospects will be mentioned briefly, it is the present time that we shall concentrate on. Largely speaking, the purpose is to dissect the *jus in bello* neither as it was perceived in the past nor as it may be desired in the future (*lex ferenda*), but as it is legally prescribed and actually complied with at the time of writing (*lex lata*).

The book is designed not only for international lawyers, but also as a tool for the instruction of military officers. There is a manifest need to train officers at all levels of command in the principles and rules of the law of international armed conflict. This must be done in advance, namely, already in peacetime. Battle decisions – especially in the electronic era – are often split-second, and they must be predicated on an instinctive response developed in hard training. Just as every military service is seeking to instil into officers and other ranks a remarkable acumen as regards eventualities likely to be encountered during combat operations, it has to impress upon soldiers, sailors and aviators the constraints on their freedom of action imposed by law.

It goes without saying that laymen cannot be expected to know every intricacy of a system of law. Yet, all those going through military training must become familiarized with the salient rules of the law of international armed conflict, understanding the legal implications of commands issued and obeyed in combat conditions. That is the only way to guarantee that no serious breaches of the law will be perpetrated, and that no charges of war crimes will be instigated. It is also the only way to ensure that no gap will develop between legal norms and reality: the 'ought' and the 'is'.

<sup>\*</sup> Y. Dinstein, War, Aggression and Self-Defence (4th edn, 2005).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Y. Dinstein, The International Law of Belligerent Occupation (2009).



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#### **Abbreviations**

AASL Annals of Air and Space Law
AC Appeal Cases [United Kingdom]
AD Annual Digest and Reports of Public

International Law Cases

AFDI Annuaire Français de Droit International

AFLR Air Force Law Review

AIDI Annuaire de l'Institut de Droit International
AJIL American Journal of International Law

ALJ Australian Law Journal ALR Alberta Law Review

ASILS International Law Journal

AUILR American University International Law Review
AUJILP American University Journal of International

Law and Policy

AULR American University Law Review

Annotated Supplement Annotated Supplement to the Commander's

Handbook on the Law of Naval Operations, 73 ILS (US Naval War College, A. R Thomas and

J. C. Duncan eds., 1999)

*Ar.V.* Archiv des Völkerrechts

BCEALR Boston College Environmental Affairs Law

Review

BJIL Buffalo Journal of International Law

BPPBulletin of Peace ProposalsBWCBiological Weapons ConventionBYBILBritish Year Book of International Law

CCM Cluster Munitions Convention
CCW Convention on Conventional Weapons

CILJ Cornell International Law Journal
CJIL Chicago Journal of International Law
CJTL Columbia Journal of Transnational Law

CLR California Law Review

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xxiv List of abbreviations

CNA Computer Network Attacks
CWC Chemical Weapons Convention

CWILJ California Western International Law Journal CWRJIL Case Western Reserve Journal of International

Law

CYIL Canadian Yearbook of International Law
Commentary on the
Additional Protocols
June 1977 to the Geneva Conventions of 12

August 1949 (ICRC, Y. Sandoz et al. eds., 1987)

DJCIL Duke Journal of Comparative and International

Law

DJIL Dickinson Journal of International Law

DJILP Denver Journal of International Law and Policy

DSB Department of State Bulletin
EILR Emory International Law Review

EJCCLCJ European Journal of Crime, Criminal Law and

Criminal Justice

EJIL European Journal of International Law

ENMOD Environmental Modification

EPIL Encyclopedia of Public International Law (R.

Bernhardt ed., 1992–2000)

EPLJ Environmental and Planning Law Journal

Env.L Environmental Law

EPL Environmental Policy and Law
ERW Explosive Remnants of War
FIJL Fordham International Law Journal
FJIL Florida Journal of International Law

GIELR Georgetown International Environmental Law

Review

Georgia Journal of International and

Comparative Law

GEJ Georgetown Law Journal

GWILRGeorge Washington International Law ReviewGWJILEGeorge Washington Journal of International

Law and Economics

GYIL German Yearbook of International Law

HHRJ Harvard Human Rights Journal

HICLR Hastings International and Comparative Law

Review

HILJ Harvard International Law Journal
 HJIL Houston Journal of International Law
 HJLPP Harvard Journal of Law and Public Policy



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HPCR Program on Humanitarian Policy and Conflict

Research at Harvard University

HRQ Human Rights Quarterly

Handbook The Handbook of Humanitarian Law in Armed

Conflicts (2nd edn, D. Fleck ed., 2008)

Hum.V. Humanitäres Völkerrecht ICC International Criminal Court

ICJ Rep.
 IREPORTS OF THE International Court of Justice
 ICLQ
 International and Comparative Law Quarterly
 ICRC
 International Committee of the Red Cross
 ICTY
 International Criminal Tribunal for the Former

Yugoslavia

IHL International Humanitarian Law

*IJCP* International Journal of Cultural Property

ILMInternational Legal MaterialsILRInternational Law ReportsILSInternational Law StudiesIMTInternational Military Tribunal

IMTFE International Military Tribunal for the Far East

IRRC International Review of the Red Cross
IYHR Israel Yearbook on Human Rights

Int.Aff. International Affairs
Int.Law. International Lawyer

Int.Leg. International Legislation (M. O. Hudson ed.,

1931-50)

Int.Org.International OrganizationInt.Rel.International RelationsIs.LRIsrael Law Review

JACL Journal of Armed Conflict Law

JICJ Journal of International Criminal Justice
JCSL Journal of Conflict and Security Law

JPR Journal of Peace Research
JSS Journal of Strategic Studies

Laws of Armed Conflicts The Laws of Armed Conflicts: A Collection of

Conventions, Resolutions and Other Documents (D. Schindler and J. Toman eds., 4th edn. 2004)

LJIL Leiden Journal of International Law
LLAICLJ Loyola of Los Angeles International and

Comparative Law Journal

LOIAC Law of International Armed Conflict

LRTWC Law Reports of Trials of War Criminals

MPYUNL Max Planck Yearbook of United Nations Law



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XXV1	Last.	ot	abbre	V1a	fions

Mel.JIL	Melbourne Journal of International Law
Mich.JIL	Michigan Journal of International Law

Mer.LRMercer Law ReviewMich.LRMichigan Law ReviewMil.LRMilitary Law Review

NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organization NCLR North Carolina Law Review

NILR Netherlands International Law Review
NJIL Nordic Journal of International Law

NLR Naval Law Review

NMT Trials of War Criminals before the Nuernberg

Military Tribunals under Control Council Law

No. 10

NTIR Nordisk Tidsskrift for International Ret
NYIL Netherlands Yearbook of International Law

NWCR Naval War College Review

NYUJILP New York University Journal of International

Law and Politics

New Rules New Rules for Victims of Armed Conflicts:

Commentary on the Two 1977 Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 (M. Bothe, K. J. Partsch and W. A. Solf eds.,

1982)

PASIL Proceedings of the American Society of

International Law

PGM Precision-Guided Munitions

RCADI Recueil des Cours de l'Académie de Droit

International

RDMDG Revue de Droit Militaire et de Droit de la Guerre

RDSC Resolutions and Decisions of the Security

Council

RGDIP Revue Générale de Droit International Public RHDI Revue Hellénique de Droit International

ROE Rules of Engagement SAR Search and Rescue

SIULJ Southern Illinois University Law Journal SJICL Singapore Journal of International and

Comparative Law

SJIL Stanford Journal of International Law

SJLR St. John's Law Review
SMLJ St. Mary's Law Journal
Ste.LR Stetson Law Review



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Syd.LR Sydney Law Review

Supp. Supplement

TIL Theoretical Inquiries in Law
TJICL Tulane Journal of International and

Comparative Law

UAV Unmanned Aerial Vehicle

UCLA Pacific Basin Law Journal

UK United Kingdom UN United Nations

UNCC United Nations Compensation Commission UNESCO United Nations Educational, Scientific and

**Cultural Organization** 

UNIY United Nations Juridical Yearbook UNTS United Nations Treaty Series

URLR University of Richmond Law Review

US United States

USAFAJLS United States Air Force Academy Journal of

Legal Studies

VJIL Virginia Journal of International Law
VJTL Vanderbilt Journal of Transnational Law

VLR Virginia Law Review

WILJ Wisconsin International Law Journal

WP White Phosphorous

YBWA Year Book of World Affairs

YIEL Yearbook of International Environmental Law YIHL Yearbook of International Humanitarian Law

YJIL Yale Journal of International Law YUN Yearbook of the United Nations

ZaöRV Zeitschrift für ausländisches öffentliches Recht

und Völkerrecht