

LEIBNIZ
AN INTRODUCTION



LEIBNIZ An Introduction

C. D. BROAD

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EDITOR'S PREFACE

C. D. Broad expressed a wish that after his death I should go through his unpublished writings and consider the possibility of preparing some of them for publication.

The present volume contains his Cambridge lectures on the Philosophy of Leibniz. Broad had lectured on Leibniz before, but the course in its present form was first given in the academic year 1948–9 and repeated, with some revisions, in 1949–50. Broad always wrote out his lectures fully beforehand, and the MS. on Leibniz is in a very good state. But his handwriting is small and close and in places very difficult to decipher. It is probably too much to hope that no words have been misread.

I have tried to reproduce the text so far as possible as it is in the MS. But I have expanded Broad's abbreviations of names and other words, and have introduced greater uniformity in spelling, punctuation, and the use of italics, quotation marks and capital letters.

Broad's system of references was, however, inadequate: with very few exceptions he gave no page references to the passages which he was quoting or discussing. I have therefore undertaken the labour of supplying those references. So far as the original texts are concerned I generally refer to Gerhardt's Die Philosophischen Schriften von G. W. Leibniz. In addition, I have tried to provide, whenever possible, a reference to a currently available English translation. As a rule I refer to Loemker's G. W. Leibniz: Philosophical Papers and Letters (2nd edition) which contains the fullest selection of Leibniz's work available in English. In a few places I also mention other translations when these are fuller or are of special interest. And of course I refer to other translations when the texts which are discussed do not occur in Loemker.

The task of providing those references was not always easy. In particular, it was sometimes difficult to locate a passage which Broad was only mentioning or paraphrasing. As a result the references may involve some errors; but I hope that most of them are correct.

I am very grateful to my friend and colleague Dr Ian Hacking for helping me to provide some of those references.

I have also appended a short Bibliographical Note expanding the references in Broad's list of Leibniz's main works.



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Round brackets are Broad's; my own insertions are enclosed in square brackets.

Some of the material included in the work was published in the form of two articles in *Theoria* (vol. 12 (1946) and vol. 15 (1949)). I am grateful to the Editor for permission to reproduce it here.

C. LEWY

Trinity College, Cambridge June 1974

In the present reprint I have corrected a number of misprints and misreadings. For some of these corrections I am indebted to Mr. J. R. Bambrough, Professor P. T. Geach and Dr. R. S. Woolhouse.

C.L.

February 1979



ABBREVIATIONS

G.	Die Philosophischen Schriften von Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz, herausgegeben von C. I. Gerhardt, 7 vols. (Berlin, 1875–90).
G. M.	Leibnizens Mathematische Schriften, herausgegeben von C. I. Gerhardt, 7 vols. (Berlin and Halle, 1849–63).
Alexander	The Leibniz-Clarke Correspondence Together with Extracts from Newton's 'Principia' and 'Opticks', edited with an introduction and notes by H. G. Alexander (Manchester, 1956).
Couturat	Opuscules et fragments inédits de Leibniz. Extraits des manuscrits de la Bibliothèque royale de Hanovre, par Louis Couturat (Paris, 1903).
Langley	New Essays Concerning Human Understanding by Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz Together with an Appendix Consisting of Some of His Shorter Pieces, translated by Alfred Gideon Langley (New York and London, 1896).
Loemker	Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz: Philosophical Papers and Letters, a selection translated and edited with an introduction by Leroy E. Loemker (2nd edition, Dordrecht, 1969).
Mason	The Leibniz-Arnauld Correspondence, edited and translated by H. T. Mason with an introduction by G. H. R. Parkinson (Manchester, 1967).
Morris and Parkinson	Leibniz: Philosophical Writings, edited by G. H. R. Parkinson, translated by Mary Morris and G. H. R. Parkinson (London, 1973).
Russell	Bertrand Russell, A Critical Exposition of the

Philosophy of Leibniz with an Appendix of

Leading Passages (Cambridge, 1900).