

## **Contents**

	Preface	page is
1	Man and insects	1
	Impact on man	1
	Pests and vectors	3
	Categories of pests and vectors	9
	Agricultural practices and disease	20
	Beneficial impacts of insects	24
2	The causes of pest and vectored disease outbreaks	31
	Introduction	31
	The pest problem	31
	Factors affecting the abundance of insects	32
	Epidemic situations	40
3	Insecticides and their formulation	52
	Introduction	52
	The industrial development of new insecticides	53
	The main groups of insecticides	58
	Formulations	72



## vi Contents

4	Application of insecticides	77
	Introduction	77
	Spray application to the target/surface	78
	Application of solids	93
	Special forms of application of insecticide	94
	Deposits and residues	104
5	Problems with insecticides	107
	Introduction	107
	Case history for lessons in failure: malaria eradication	108
	Toxicity to humans	110
	Effects on wildlife	112
	Nature fights back	114
	The resistance race	121
	The other road	122
6	Environmental/cultural control	123
	Introduction	123
	History of environmental/cultural control	123
	Sources of environmental/cultural control	125
	Conclusions	145
7	Biological control	147
•	•	
	Introduction	147
	History of biological control	147
	Advantages of biological control	149
	Disadvantages of biological control	151
	The range of animal biological control agents	153 158
	The techniques of biological control  Some examples of successful biological control	167
	Principal reasons for the failure of biological control	172
	Is biological control natural?	174
8	Insect pathogens	177
	Introduction	177
	Advantages of pathogens	178
	Auvantages of Pathogens	1/0



	Contents vii
Disadvantages of pathogens	179
Types of pathogens used in pest control	181
Conclusions	189
9 Genetic control	190
Introduction	190
Sterile-insect release technique	191
Chromosomal translocations	196
Hybrid sterility	197
Competitive displacement	198
Cytoplasmic incompatibility	199
Chemosterilization	199
Genetic manipulation of insects	201
10 Pheromones	204
Introduction	204
Use of pheromones for monitoring pest popula	ations 207
Use of pheromones for trapping-out pest popu	
('lure and kill')	208
The pheromone confusion technique	210
Oviposition deterrent pheromones	213
Alarm pheromone	213
Distribution of pheromone usage	214
Pest resistance to pheromone techniques	214
11 Plant and host resistance	215
Introduction	215
Sources of variation	217
Location of sources for resistance	217
The classification of resistance	220
Mechanisms of plant resistance	221
The problems of using plant resistance	231
Vertebrate host resistance	237
12 Other control measures and related top	<b>pics</b> 242
Introduction	242
Physical methods	242



## viii Contents

	Behaviour-modifying chemicals (other than	
	mentioned elsewhere)	253
	Legislative controls	257
	Other topics	261
13	Pest and vector management	271
	Introduction	271
	The classic examples of insecticide failure on crops	
	in the 1950s	272
	The integrated control concept	275
	Concepts of pest and vector management	277
	The procedure of integrated control	278
	The fate of the integrated control concept in respect of crops	302
	Later developments of the integrated control concept:	
	crop pests	303
	Later developments of the integrated control concept:	
	medical and veterinary pests	304
	Control versus eradication	306
	Pest management packages	307
	Modelling medical and veterinary pest populations	315
	Conclusions	316
	Appendix of names of some chemicals and microbials	
	used as pesticides	320
	References	325
	Index	328