Principles of Chemical Separations with Environmental Applications

Chemical separations are of central importance in many areas of environmental science, whether it is the clean-up of polluted water or soil, the treatment of discharge streams from chemical processes, or modification of a specific process to decrease its environmental impact. This book is an introduction to chemical separations, focusing on their use in environmental applications.

The authors first discuss the general aspects of separations technology as a unit operation. They also describe how property differences are used to generate separations, the use of separating agents, and the selection criteria for particular separation techniques. The general approach for each technology is to present the chemical and/or physical basis for the process, and explain how to evaluate it for design and analysis.

The book contains many worked examples and homework problems. It is an ideal textbook for undergraduate and graduate students taking courses on environmental separations or environmental engineering.

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Preface

Separation – the process of separating one or more constituents out from a mixture – is a critical component of almost every facet of chemicals in our environment, whether it is remediation of existing polluted water or soil, treatment of effluents from existing chemical processes to minimize discharges to the environment, or modifications to chemical processes to reduce or eliminate the environmental impact (chemically benign processing). Having said this, there is no text today for this subject which describes conventional processing approaches (extraction, ion exchange, etc.) as well as newer techniques (membranes) to attack the serious environmental problems that cannot be adequately treated with conventional approaches. Existing texts for this subject primarily focus on wastewater treatment using technology that will not be suitable in the larger context of environmental separations. Interestingly, most chemical engineering texts on separations technology are primarily based on whether the separation is equilibrium or rate based. Thus, it is difficult to find one source for separations technology in general.

This text is meant as an introduction to chemical separations in general and various specific separations technologies. In Chapter 1 we give a generalized definition of separation processes and their environmental applications. Following this, the approach to the organization of this text is to first discuss, in Chapter 2, the generic aspects of separations technology as unit operations. This chapter will include a discussion of the use of property differences to generate the separation, the use of a separating agent to facilitate the separation, as well as some discussion on the criteria for selection of a particular separation process. This last point is usually discussed at the end of a text on separations, but we felt that it was better to give students this "food for thought" prior to any description of specific technologies.

Mass transfer fundamentals, including equilibrium- and rate-based mechanisms, are introduced in Chapter 3, before any description of specific technologies. Many readers will be chemists, civil engineers and others with little or no previous experience in the design or analysis of these processes. It is important that everyone be "brought up to

Preface

speed" prior to any discussion of a specific process. If this is not done, each technology appears to have its own set of rules and design algorithms. This "unique" set for each process diminishes the ability of the reader to use generic principles to compare alternatives and evaluate new approaches as they become available. Once this major division of the approaches has been covered, later chapters describe the specific technologies.

The section in Chapter 3 on equilibrium stage separations will include both graphical and analytical techniques. The graphical techniques are useful to visualize the process for the student and the analytical methods reinforce the principles. Rate-based separations will focus on diffusional processes and convective/dispersive effects which can be described by mass transfer coefficients (k). Initial discussion will focus on which approach to use based on what information is available and what one wants to determine. For analyses using mass transfer coefficients, both the use of correlations to estimate a value for k and the determination of an overall mass transfer coefficient (K) will be covered.

In discussing individual separations technologies in Chapters 4 through 9 we consider separations using physical property differences as well as chemical interactions. Distillation, extraction, absorption, adsorption, ion exchange, and membranes are covered. Our approach to each technology is not to provide an exhaustive description. Rather, we want to explain the physical and/or chemical basis for the process and how to evaluate it for design or analysis. Books that describe a given technology in detail will be given as references. Membrane separations represent a new and emerging technology which has been used commercially for filtration and gas separation. It is a topic that is rarely discussed in any text on separations, so we plan to insure that it receives adequate coverage.

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We are deeply indebted to Ellen Romig. Without her help in the typing and editing, it is highly doubtful that this book would have seen the light of day.