Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary



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A LETTER (plural A's), a (plural a's) /ei/ noun [C] the 1st letter of the English alphabet

• from A to B from one place to another: Using this software a driver can now work out the quickest route from A to B.

• from A to Z including everything: This book tells the story of her life from A to Z.

A MUSIC /el/ noun [C or U] (plural A's or As) a note in Western music: This concerto is in the key of A major.

A MARK /ei/ noun [C or U] (plural A's or As) a mark in an exam or for a piece of work that shows that your work is considered excellent: Sophie got (an) A for English. • She got straight As (= All her marks were As) in her end-of-year exams. • US Jim is a straight A student (= All his marks are A).

A ELECTRICITY WRITTEN ABBREVIATION FOR amp ELECTRICITY

a NOT PARTICULAR (E) WEAK /ə/ STRONG /ei/ determiner (ALSO an) 1 used before a noun to refer to a single thing or person that has not been mentioned before, especially when you are not referring to a particular thing or person, or you do not expect listeners or readers to know which particular thing or person you are referring to: I've bought a car. o She's got a boyfriend. • There was a sudden loud noise. • What a shame that *vou couldn't go to the party.* \circ *I heard a child crving.* \circ *Is* he a friend of yours (= one of your friends)? 2 used to state what type of thing or person something or someone is: She wants to be a doctor when she grows up. \circ This is a very mild cheese. \circ Experts think the painting may be a Picasso (= by Picasso). 3 used to mean any or every thing or person of the type you are referring to: Can you ride a bike? • A cheetah can run faster than a lion. \circ A teacher needs to have a lot of patience. **4** used before some uncountable nouns when you want to limit their meaning in some way, such as when describing them more completely or referring to one example of them: I only have a limited knowledge of Spanish. • He has a great love of music. \circ There was a fierceness in her voice. 5 used before some nouns of action when referring to one example of the action: Take a look at this. Jez. \circ I'm just going to have a wash. \circ There was a knocking at the door. 6 used when referring to a unit or container of something, especially something you eat or drink: I'd love a coffee. • All I had for lunch was a yogurt. 7 used before the first but not the second of two nouns that are referred to as one unit: a cup and saucer o a knife and fork 8 used in front of a person's name when referring to someone who you do not know: There's a Ms Evans to see you. 9 used in front of a person's family name when they are a member of that family: Is that a Wilson over there? 10 used before the name of a day or month to refer to one example of it: My birthday is on a Friday this year. O It's been a very wet June. 11 used before some words that express a number or amount: a few days \circ a bit of wool \circ a lot of monev

COMMON LEARNER ERROR

a or an?

a is used before consonants or before vowels which are pronounced as consonants.

a dog a university an is used before vowels.

an old building

a old building

a <u>ONE</u> WEAK |a| STRONG $|e_1|$ determiner (ALSO **an**) **1** one: a hundred \circ a thousand \circ a dozen \circ There were three men and a woman. **2** used between a fraction and a unit of measurement: half a mile \circ a quarter of a kilo \circ three-quarters of an hour \circ six-tenths of a second **3** used when

saying how often something happens in a certain period: *Take one tablet three times a day.* \circ *I swim once a week.* **4** used when saying how much someone earns or how much something costs in a certain period: *She earns \$100 000 a year.* \circ *My plumber charges £20 an hour.* \circ *I pay £5 a week for my parking permit.*

A4 /, e¹fo:/ (3) /-¹fo:r/ *noun* [U], *adj* paper that is a standard European size of 21 centimetres by 29.7 centimetres: a sheet of $A4 \circ A4$ paper

AA [DEGREE] /,ei'ei/ noun [C] ABBREVIATION FOR Associate in Arts: a degree given by an American college to someone after they have completed a two-year course, or a person who has this degree

AA [ALCOHOL] /,et'et/ group noun [5] ABBREVIATION FOR Alcoholics Anonymous: an organization for people who drink too much alcohol and want to cure themselves of this habit: an AA meeting

- **the ,A'A CARS** group noun [5] ABBREVIATION FOR the Automobile Association: a British organization which gives help and information to drivers who are members of it
- **AAA** /,et.et'et/ group noun [5] ABBREVIATION FOR American Automobile Association: an American organization which gives help and information to drivers who are members of it

aah /a:/ exclamation ANOTHER SPELLING OF ah

aardvark /'a:d.va:k/ ((1) /'a:rd.va:rk/ noun [C] an African mammal with a long nose and large ears which lives underground and eats insects

AB / ei'bi:/ noun [C] US FOR BA

- **aback** /ə'bæk/ adv **be taken aback** to be very shocked or surprised: *I was rather taken aback* by her honesty.
- **abacus** /'æb.ə.kəs/ noun [C] a square or rectangular frame holding an arrangement of small balls on metal rods or wires, which is used for counting, adding and subtracting
- **abalone** /æb.ə.'ləu.ni/ (5) /-'lou.ni/ *noun* [C] a small edible sea animal that lives inside a shell that is the shape of an ear with a white shiny inside
- **abandon** [LEAVE] () /a'bæn.dən/ verb [T] to leave a place, thing or person forever: We had to abandon the car. • By the time the rebel troops arrived, the village had already been abandoned. • As a baby he'd been abandoned by his mother. • We were sinking fast, and the captain gave the order to abandon ship. abandoned /a'bæn.dənd/ adj: An abandoned baby was found in a box on the hospital steps. abandonment /a'bæn.dən.mənt/ noun [U]: The abandonment of the island followed nuclear tests in the area.
- **abandon** [STOP] () /s'bæn.dən/ verb [T] to stop doing an activity before you have finished it: The match was abandoned at half-time because of the poor weather conditions. • They had to abandon their attempt to climb the mountain. • The party has now abandoned its policy of unilateral disarmament. **abandonment** /s'bæn.dən.mənt/ noun [U]

▲ abandon yourself to sth phrasal verb [R] to allow yourself to be controlled completely by a feeling or way of living: *He abandoned himself to his emotions*.

abandon /ə'bæn.dən/ noun LITERARY with (gay/wild) **abandon** in a completely uncontrolled way: We danced with wild abandon.

- abase yourself /o'beis/ verb [R] FORMAL to make yourself seem to be less important or not to deserve respect abasement /o'bei.smont/ noun [U] FORMAL The pilgrims knelt in self-abasement.
- abashed /ə'b&ft/ adj [after verb] embarrassed: He said nothing but looked abashed.
- **abate** /a'bett/ verb [I] FORMAL to become less strong: The storm/wind/rain has started to abate. \circ The fighting in the area shows no sign of abating. \Im See also unabated. abatement /a'bett.mant/ noun [U]
- **abattoir** MAINLY UK /'ab.a.twa:^{r/} (^S /-twa:r/ noun [C] (MAINLY US slaughterhouse) a place where animals are killed for their meat
- **abbess** /'æb.es/ *noun* [C] a woman who is in charge of a CONVENT
- **abbey** /'æb.i/ noun [C] a building where monks or nuns live or used to live. Some abbeys are now used as churches: *Westminster Abbey*

abbot /'æb.ət/ noun [C] a man who is in charge of a MONASTERY

- abbreviate /s'bri:.vi.ent/ verb [T usually passive] to make a word or phrase shorter by using only the first letters of each word: 'Daniel' is often abbreviated to 'Dan'. o 'Chief Executive Officer' is abbreviated as 'CEO'. abbreviated /s'bri:.vi.e.tnd/ (() -tjd/ adj; 'Di' is the abbreviated form of 'Diane'. abbreviation () /s,bri..vie..f'n/ noun [C]: 'TTV' is the abbreviation for 'Independent Television'.
- **ABC** [ALPHABET] /,et.bit'sit/ noun [5] (US USUALLY ABCS) INFOR-MAL 1 the alphabet: He's learning his ABC at school. 2 basic information about a subject: What I need is a book that contains the ABC of carpentry.
- **ABC** US TV /,et.bi:'si:/ group noun [5] ABBREVIATION FOR American Broadcasting Company: an organization that broadcasts on television in the US
- **the AB**[']**C (AUSTRALIAN TV)** group noun [S] ABBREVIATION FOR the Australian Broadcasting Corporation: an organization that broadcasts on radio and television in Australia and is paid for by the government
- **abdicate** GIVE UP /'æb.di.keit/ verb [I or T] If a king or queen abdicates, they make a formal statement that they no longer want to be king or queen: King Edward VIII abdicated (the British throne) in 1936 so that he could marry Mrs Simpson, a divorced woman. **abdica**tion /,æb.di'kei.f*n/ noun [C or U]
- abdicate NOT DO /'ab.di.keit/ verb FORMAL DISAPPROVING abdicate responsibility to stop controlling or managing something that you are in charge of: She was accused of abdicating all responsibility for the project. abdication / ab.di'kei. ['n/ noun [U] FORMAL The council denied that their decision represented any abdication of responsibility.
- **abdomen** /'æb.də.mən/ *noun* [C] *SPECIALIZED* the lower part of a person's or animal's body, which contains the stomach, bowels and other organs, or the end of an insect's body **abdominal** /æb'dom.i.nəl/ () /-'dai.mə-/ *adj: abdominal pains*

abdominals /æb'dom.1.nəlz/ (1) /-'dot.mə-/ plural noun (INFORMAL abs) muscles in the abdomen

- **abduct** /æb'dʌkt/ verb [T] to force someone to go somewhere with you, often using threats or violence: The company director was abducted from his car by terrorists. **abduction** /æb'dʌk. Jⁿ/ noun [C or U]: There has been a series of abductions of young children from schools in the area. \circ He was charged with abduction. **abductor** /æb'dʌk.tə'/ (③ /-tə/ noun [C]: She was tortured by her abductors.
- **aberrant** /s'ber.^ont/ *adj FORMAL* different from what is typical or usual, especially in an unacceptable way: *aberrant behaviour/sexuality*
- **aberration** /,xb.a'ret. $\int^{a}n$ / noun [C or U] FORMAL a temporary change from the typical or usual way of behaving: In a moment of aberration, she agreed to go with him. \circ I'm sorry I'm late I had a mental aberration and forgot we had a meeting today.
- **abet** /ə'bet/ verb [T] (-tt-) to help or encourage someone to do something wrong or illegal: *His accountant had aided and abetted him in the fraud.* **abettor** /ə'bet.ə'/ (/-'bet.ə' noun [C]
- **abeyance** /ɔ'bci.ənts/ noun [U] FORMAL a state of not happening or being used at present: Hostilities between the two groups have been in abeyance since last June. • The project is being **held** in abeyance until agreement is reached on funding it.
- **abhor** /ə'bɔ:^{r/} () /æb'hɔ:r/ verb [T not continuous] (-rr-) FOR-MAL to hate a way of behaving or thinking, often because you think it is immoral: I abhor all forms of racism.

abhorrent /ə'bor.^ant/ (B) /æb'hə:r-/ adj FORMAL morally very bad: an abhorrent crime • Racism of any kind is abhorrent to me. abhorrence /ə'bor.^ants/ (B) /æb'hə:r-/ noun [S or U] FORMAL She looked at him in/with abhorrence. • She has an abhorrence of change.

abide /ə'batd/ verb [I usually + adv or prep] OLD USE to live or stay somewhere: He abided in the wilderness for forty days.

• can't abide *sb/sth* If you can't abide someone or something, you dislike them very much: *I can't abide her*. • *He couldn't abide laziness*. ▲ abide by *sth phrasal verb* to accept or obey an agreement, decision or rule: *Competitors must abide by the judge's decision.*

abiding /ə'bai.diŋ/ adj [before noun] describes a feeling or memory that you have for a long time: My abiding memory is of him watering his plants in the garden.

WORDS THAT GO WITH ability

- demonstrate/have/possess ability lack ability lose the ability to do sth • affect/limit sb's ability to do sth • innate/instinctive/natural ability • amazing/remarkable/uncanny ability • proven ability
- **ability** POWER (**b**) /a'bil.1.ti/ (**b**) /-a.ti/ noun [**C** or **U**] the physical or mental power or skill needed to do something: There's no doubting her ability. \circ [+ to infinitive] She had the ability to explain things clearly and concisely. \circ She's a woman of considerable abilities. \circ I have children in my class of very mixed abilities (= different levels of skill or intelligence). \circ a mixed ability class **3**See also able CAN DO; able SKIEFU.
- -ability <u>OUALITY</u> /-a.bil.1.ti/ () /-a.ti/ suffix (ALSO -ibility) used to form nouns from adjectives ending in '-able' or '-ible', to mean the quality of being the stated adjective: suitability o stability
- **abject** [XTREME] / ab.d3ekt/ adj FORMAL abject misery/ poverty/terror, etc. when someone is extremely unhappy, poor, frightened, etc: They live in abject poverty. • This policy has turned out to be an abject failure.
- **abject** [WITHOUT RESPECT] /'æb.dʒekt/ adj FORMAL showing no pride or respect for yourself. an abject apology \circ He is almost abject in his respect for his boss. **abjectly** /'æb.dʒekt.li/ adu
- **abjure** /əb'dʒuə^T/ (1) /-dʒur/ verb [T] FORMAL to state publicly that you no longer agree with a belief or way of behaving: *He abjured his religion/his life of dissipation.*
- **ablaze** [BURNING /o'bletz/ adj [after verb] **1** burning very strongly: The house was ablaze, and the flames and smoke could be seen for miles around. **2** brightly lit or brightly coloured: The ballroom was ablaze with lights. • The field was ablaze with poppies and wild flowers.
- ablaze EMOTION / J'ble12/ adj [after verb] full of energy, interest or emotion: Her eyes were ablaze with excitement.
- **able** CAN DO (**b** /'e1.bl/ adj **be able to do** *sth* to have the necessary physical strength, mental power, skill, time, money or opportunity to do something: Will she be able to cope with the work? He's never been able to admit to his mistakes. I'm sorry that I wasn't able to see the sea from my window. **S**See also **ability** POWER.

USAGE

able or can/could?

Able is used with modal and auxiliary verbs, where can or could are not grammatically possible.

I might not be able to attend the meeting.

I've never been able to understand him.

able [SKILFUL] /'et.b!/ adj clever or good at what you do: an able child/student/secretary ○ This problem is now being looked at by some of the ablest minds/scientists in the country. **⊃**See also **ability** POWER.

ably /'e1.bli/ *adv*: *He performs his duties very ably* (= skil-fully).

- **-able** <u>CAN BE</u> /-a.bl/ suffix (ALSO **-ible**) added to verbs to form adjectives which mean able to receive the action of the stated verb: breakable \circ washable \circ moveable
- -able [WORTH BEING] /-a.bl/ suffix (ALSO -ible) added to verbs to form adjectives which mean worth receiving the action of the stated verb: an admirable person \circ an acceptable answer
- **able-bodied** /,et.b!'bod.id/ ((5) /-'ba:.did/ adj describes someone who is healthy and has no illness, injury or condition that makes it difficult to do the things that other people do: All able-bodied young men were forced to join the army. the ,able-'bodied plural noun: It is hard for the able-bodied to understand the difficulties that disabled people encounter in their daily lives.

- ablution /ə'blu:..ʃ^an/ noun [U] FORMAL the act of washing yourself: Ablution is part of some religious ceremonies. ablutions /ə'blu:..ʃ^anz/ plural noun HUMOROUS I must just perform my ablutions (= wash myself)!
- **abnormal** (A) /*xb*'no:.məl/ (B) /-'no:r-/ *adj* different from what is usual or average, especially in a way that is bad: *abnormal behaviour/weather/conditions* \circ *Tests revealed some abnormal skin cells*.
- abnormality /,æb.nɔ:'mæl.ə.ti/ m /-nɔ:r'mæl.ə.ti/ noun [C or U] something abnormal, usually in the body: genetic/ congenital abnormalities \circ An increasing number of tests are available for detecting foetal abnormalities. \circ The X-rays showed some slight abnormality. abnormally /æb-'nɔ:.m²l.i/ m.'no:r-/ adv: The success rate was abnormally high.
- **Abo** /'æb.əu/ (19) /-ou/ noun [C] (plural Abos) AUS an Aborigine. This word is generally considered offensive.
- **aboard** (A) /s'bo:d/ (B) /-'bo:rd/ adv, prep used when talking about getting onto a ship, aircraft, bus or train: The flight attendant welcomed us aboard. \circ Welcome aboard flight BA345 to Tokyo. \circ The train's about to leave. All aboard! \circ We spent two months **aboard ship** (= on the ship).
- **abode** /s'boud/ ((a) /-'boud/ noun [C usually singular] the place where someone lives: FORMAL The defendant is of no fixed abode (= has no permanent home). • HUMOROUS Welcome to my humble abode!
- abolish (A) /s'bol.1ʃ/ (B) /-'bol.1ſʃ/ verb [T] to end an activity or custom officially: I think bullfighting should be abolished. \circ National Sevice was abolished in Britain in 1962. abolition /,xb.ə'lŋʃ.^oŋ/ noun [U]: the abolition of slavery
- **abolitionist** /, ab. abla f. a. 1st / noun [C] a person who supports the abolition of something
- **abominable** /ɔ'bɒm.1.nɔ.bl/ (1) /'bɑ:.mī-/ adj very bad or unpleasant: The prisoners are forced to live in abominable conditions. O The weather's been abominable all week. **abominably** /ə'bɒm.1.nɔ.bli/ (1) //bɑ:.mī-/ adv: He behaved abominably towards her.

a bominable 'snowman noun [c] a yeti

abomination /ə,bom.ı'ner.J^{*}n/ (5) /-,ba:.mi-/ noun [C] FORMAL something that disgusts you: Foxhunting is an abomination.

abominate /ə'bom.i.nent/ () /-'ba:.mi-/ verb [T not continuous] FORMAL to hate something very much: He abominates cruelty of all kinds.

- **aboriginal** /,æb.ə'rıdʒ.i.nəl/ *adj* describes a person or living thing that has existed in a country or continent since the earliest time known to people: *aboriginal forests* o *aboriginal inhabitants*
- **Aborigine** /,æb.ə'rıdʒ.•n.i/ noun [C] a member of the race of dark-skinned people who were the first people to live in Australia **Aboriginal** /,æb.ə'rɪdʒ.1.nəl/ adj: Aboriginal art/traditions

Aboriginal / ab.ə'rɪdʒ.ɪ.nəl/ noun [C] an Aborigine

abort <u>STOP</u> /a'bott/ <u>(werb [T]</u> to cause something to stop or fail before it begins or before it is complete: *The plan/flight had to be aborted at the last minute.*

abortion / 3'bo:. [3n/ 1 / . 'bo:r-/ noun [C] SLANG a failure: This project is a complete abortion.

abortive / σ 'b::.t:v/ m /-'b::r.t:v/ adj FORMAL describes an attempt or plan that you have to give up because it has failed: He made two abortive attempts on the French throne.

- **abort** [END PREGNANCY] /ɔ'bɔ:t/ (1) /ɔ'bɔ:t/ verb 1 [T] to stop the development of a baby that has not been born, usually by having a medical operation: Do you think it's wrong to use aborted foetuses for medical research? 2 [I] another word for miscarry, see at miscarriage
- **abortion** (A) /ə'bɔ:.J^an/ (B) /-'bɔ:r-/ noun [C or U] the intentional ending of a pregnancy, usually by a medical operation: She decided to have/get an abortion. \circ Abortion is restricted in some American states. \Im Compare miscarriage: stillbirth.

abortionist / σ 'b::. $f^{n.1st}$ / (\odot) /-'b::r-/ noun [C] a person who performs abortions to end unwanted pregnancies, often illegally and for money

abound /ə'baund/ verb [I] to exist in large numbers: *Theories abound about how the earth began.*

▲ abound in/with *sth phrasal verb* If something abounds in/with other things, it has a lot of them: *The coast here abounds with rare plants.*

special about him (= in his character). ° "Is that your car?" "Yes, what about it (= why are you asking me)?" * This is sometimes said in an angry or threatening way. • How/What about? used when suggesting or offering

• now/what about? used when suggesting or onering something to someone: *How about a trip to the zoo this afternoon*? • "Coffee, Sarah?" "No, thanks." "What about you, Kate?"

- **about** [APPROXIMATELY] **(E)** /s'baot/ adv a little more or less than the stated number or amount; approximately: about six feet tall \circ about two months ago \circ "What time are you leaving work today?" "About five." \circ We're about (= almost) ready to leave. \circ Well, I think that's about it for now (= we have almost finished what we are doing for the present).
- about IN THIS PLACE UK () /s'baut/ adv, prep, adj [after verb] (US around) positioned or moving in or near a place, often without a clear direction, purpose or order: She always leaves her clothes lying about on the floor. • They heard someone moving about outside. • I've been running about all morning trying to find you. • UK FORMAL Do you have such a thing as a pen about you/your person (= Have you got a pen)? • Is John about (= somewhere near)? • There's a lot of flu about (= many people have it) at the moment.
- **about** [INTENDING] ()/s'baut/ adj be about to do sth to be going to do something very soon: I was about to leave when Mark arrived. \circ She looked as if she was about to cry.
- **about-turn** UK /a,baot't3:n/ (1) /-'t3:n/ noun [C] (US about-face) **1** a change of direction: I'd only gone a little way down the street when I remembered I hadn't locked the door, so I made/did a quick about-turn and ran back to the house. **2** a complete change of opinion or behaviour: This is the Government's second about-turn on the issue.
- **above** [HIGHER POSITION] (D) /a'bʌv/ adv, prep in or to a higher position than something else: There's a mirror above the washbasin. \circ He waved the letter excitedly above his head. \circ She's rented a room above a shop. \circ Her name comes above mine on the list. \circ The helicopter was hovering above the building.
- **above** MORE **(E)** /3'bAV/ adv, prep **1** more than an amount or level: It says on the box it's for children aged three and above. \circ Rates of pay are above **average**. \circ Temperatures rarely rise above zero in winter. \circ She values her job above her family. \circ They value their freedom above (and beyond) all else. **2** above all most importantly: Above all, I'd like to thank my family.
- **above** ON PAGE (1) /ə'bʌv/ *adv*, *adj* When used in a piece of writing, above means higher on the page, or on a previous page: *Please send the articles to the address given above*.
- **the a'bove** *plural noun* all the people or things listed earlier: *All of the above should be invited.*
- **above RANK** (A) /3'bAV/ *adv, prep* in a more important or advanced position than someone else: Sally's a grade above me.
- **above** <u>Too IMPORTANT</u> /ə'bʌv/ adv, prep too good or important for something: No one is above suspicion in this matter. • He's not above lying (= he sometimes lies) to protect himself.
- **a**,**bove** '**board** *adj* [after verb] describes a plan or business agreement that is honest and not trying to deceive anyone: *The deal was completely open and above board.*

above-mentioned

above-mentioned /a,bav'men.tf^and/ adj FORMAL refers to things or people in a document or book that have been mentioned earlier: All of the above-mentioned films won Oscars. **D**Compare undermentioned.

- **abracadabra** /,æb.rə.kə'dæb.rə/ *exclamation* said by someone who is performing a magic trick, in order to help them perform it successfully
- **abrade** /ə'breɪd/ verb [T] SPECIALIZED to remove part of the surface of something by rubbing

abrasion /s'bret.3ⁿ/ noun SPECIALIZED **1** [U] the process of rubbing away the surface of something: *There seems* to have been some abrasion of the surface. **2** [C] a place where the surface of something, such as skin, has been rubbed away: She had a small abrasion on her knee.

- **abrasive** [CLEANING SUBSTANCE] /ə'bret.stv/ noun [C] a substance used for rubbing away the surface of something, usually to clean it or make it shiny: You'll need a strong abrasive for cleaning this sink. **abrasive** /ə'bret.stv/ adj: an abrasive cleaner/powder/liquid
- **abrasive** [UNPLEASANT] /ə'brei.siv/ *adj* rude and unfriendly: *She has a rather abrasive manner*. **abrasively** /ə'brei.siv.li/ *adv* **abrasiveness** /ə'brei.siv.nəs/ *noun* [U]
- **abreast** /ə'brest/ adv **1** describes two or more people who are next to each other and moving in the same direction: We were running/cycling two abreast. \circ The motorcyclist came abreast of her car and shouted abuse at her. **2** keep abreast of sth to stay informed about the most recent facts about a subject or situation: I try to keep abreast of any developments.
- **abridge** /ə'bridʒ/ verb [T] to make a book, play or piece of writing shorter by removing details and unimportant information: The book was abridged for children. **abridged** /ə'bridʒd/ adj: I've only read the abridged edition/version of her novel. **abridgment**, **abridgement** /ə'bridʒ.mont/ noun [C or U]
- **abroad** FOREIGN PLACE **(**) /o'bro:d/ adj [after verb], adv in or to a foreign country or countries: He's currently abroad on business. • We always go abroad in the summer.
- **abroad** [OUT /ə'brɔ:d/ adj [after verb] **1** LITERARY OR OLD USE outside; not at home: Not a soul was abroad that morning. **2** FORMAL describes ideas, feelings and opinions that are shared by many people: There's a rumour abroad that she intends to leave the company.
- abrogate /'wb.rəu.gett/ (1) /-rə-/ verb [T] FORMAL to end a law, agreement or custom formally: The treaty was abrogated in 1929. abrogation /,wb.rəu'get.[³n/ (1) /-rə-/ noun [5 or U] FORMAL
- abrupt SUDDEN ()/o'brApt/ adj describes something that is sudden and unexpected, and often unpleasant: an abrupt change/movement \circ Our conversation came to an abrupt end when George burst into the room. \circ The road ended in an abrupt (= sudden and very steep) slope down to the sea. abruptly /o'brApt.li/ adv: The talks ended abruptly when one of the delegations walked out in protest. abruptness /o'brApt.ns/ noun [U]
- **abrupt** [UNFRIENDLY] /ə'brʌpt/ adj using too few words when talking, in a way that seems rude and unfriendly: an abrupt manner/reply \circ He is sometimes very abrupt with clients. abruptly /ə'brʌpt.li/ adv abruptness /ə-'brʌpt.nəs/ noun [U]
- **ABS** /,et.bi:'es/ *noun* [U] *ABBREVIATION FOR* anti-lock braking system: a brake fitted to some road vehicles that prevents skiDoliog (= uncontrolled sliding) by reducing the effects of sudden braking
- **abs** /æbz/ plural noun INFORMAL ABDOMINAL muscles: exercises to tone/build up your abs
- **abscess** /ˈæb.ses/ *noun* [C] a painful swollen area on or in the body, which contains pus (= thick, yellow liquid): *She had an abscess on her gum.*
- **abscond** [ESCAPE] /æb'skond/ (19) /-'ska:nd/ verb [I] to go away suddenly and secretly in order to escape from somewhere: Two prisoners absconded last night. \circ She absconded from boarding school with her boyfriend. absconder /æb'skon.də'/ (19) /-'ska:n.də/ noun [C]: A 14 year-old absconder from a children's home in Bristol was found alive and well in London this morning.
- abscond STEAL /æb'skond/ (5) /-'sko:nd/ verb [1] to go away suddenly and secretly because you have stolen

something, usually money: *They absconded with £10 000 of the company's money*.

- **abseil** UK /'æb.seil/ verb [I] (US rappel) to go down a very steep slope by holding on to a rope which is fastened to the top of the slope: She abseiled down the rock face. abseil UK /'æb.seil/ noun [C] (US rappel)
- absence NOT PRESENT () /'ab.s³nts/ noun [C or U] when someone is not where they are usually expected to be: A new manager was appointed during/in her absence. • She has had repeated absences from work this year.
- Absence makes the heart grow fonder. *sAYING* This means that we feel more affection for people we love when they are not with us.

absent ① /' $xb.s^nt$ / adj not in the place where you are expected to be, especially at school or work: John has been absent from school/work for three days now. \circ We drank a toast to absent friends.

ab'sent yourself /æb'sent/ verb [R] FORMAL to not go to a place where you are expected to be, especially a school or place of work: You cannot choose to absent yourself (from work/school) on a whim.

absentee $/, xb.s^n'ti:/$ noun [C] someone who is not at school or work when they should be: There are several absentees in the school this week, because a lot of people have got flu. **absenteeism** $/, xb.s^n'ti...t^n/$ noun [U]: The high rate of absenteeism is costing the company a lot of money.

absence NOT EXISTING (A) /'xb, $s^ants/$ noun [U] when something does not exist: He drew attention to the absence of concrete evidence against the defendant. \circ In the absence of (= because there were not) more suitable candidates, we decided to offer the job to Mr Conway.

absent /'æb.s^ant/ adj not present: Any sign of remorse was completely absent **from** her face.

absent /'æb.s^ant/ *adj* describes a person or the expression on their face when they are not paying attention to what is happening near them, and are thinking about other things

absent /¹xb.s^ont/ prep US in the absence of; **without**: Absent a detailed plan, the project was doomed from the start. **absently** /¹xb.s^ont.li/ adv

- **absentee 'ballot** *US noun* [C] (*AUS* **absentee vote**) a piece of paper which voters who are unable to be present at an election can vote on and send in by post
- **absentee** 'landlord *noun* [C] a person who rents out a house, apartment or farm to someone, but rarely or never visits it
- absent-minded /, wb.s^ont'main.dt/ adj describes someone who tends to forget things or does not pay attention to what is happening near them because they are thinking about other things absent-mindedly /, wb.s^ont'main.dtd.li/ adv: She absent-mindedly left her umbrella on the bus. absent-mindedness /, wb.s^ont-'main.dtd.ns/ noun [U]
- **absinthe**, **absinth** /' $xb.s\tilde{x}\theta$ / /- $sint\theta$ / ((s) /-'-/ noun [U] a strong alcoholic drink which is green and has a bitter taste
- **absolute** <u>VERY GREAT</u> (A) /, ab.so'lu:t/ /'---/ adj **1** very great or to the largest degree possible: a man of absolute integrity/discretion \circ I have absolute faith in her judgment. \circ There was no absolute proof of fraud. **2** [before noun] used when expressing a strong opinion: He's an absolute idiot! \circ That's absolute rubbish!
- absolutely () /, ab.sə'lu:t.li/ /'--,-/ adv 1 completely: I believed/trusted him absolutely. • You must be absolutely silent or the birds won't appear. • We've achieved absolutely nothing today. 2 used for adding force to a strong adjective which is not usually used with 'very', or to a verb expressing strong emotion: It's absolutely impossible to work with all this noise. • The food was absolutely disgusting/delicious. • I absolutely loathel/ adore jazz. 3 used as a way of strongly saying 'yes': "It was an excellent film, though." "Absolutely!" 4 absolutely not used as a way of strongly saying 'no': "Are you too tired to continue?" "Absolutely not!"
- **absolute** NOT CHANGING /, ab.so'lu:t//---/adj [before noun] not dependent on anything else; true, right, or the same in all situations: an absolute law/principle/doctrine \circ Do you think there's such a thing as absolute truth/beauty?

• *Her contribution was better than most, but in absolute terms* (= without comparing it with anything else) *it was still rather poor.*

- ,**absolute ma'jority** *noun* [c] in an election, when someone has the support of more than half of the voters
- **absolute** 'zero *noun* [U] the lowest temperature possible, which is -273.15°C
- **absolve** /əb'zolv/ (() /-'zɑ:lv/ verb [T] FORMAL (especially in religion or law) to free someone from guilt, blame or responsibility for something: The report absolved her from/of all blame for the accident. • The priest absolved him (of all his sins).

absolution /, *wb*.so[†]lu:. J^on/ *noun* [U] *FORMAL* official forgiveness, especially in the Christian religion, for something bad that someone has done or thought: *She was granted/given absolution*.

absorb (A) /ab'zo:b/ (B) /-'zo:rb/ verb [T] **1** to take something in, especially gradually: Plants absorb carbon dioxide. \circ In cold climates, houses need to have walls that will absorb heat. \circ Towels absorb moisture. \circ The drug is quickly absorbed into the bloodstream. \circ Our countryside is increasingly being absorbed by/into the large cities. \circ See also self-absorbed. **2** to understand facts or ideas completely and remember them: It's hard to absorb so much information. **3** to reduce the effect of a physical force, shock or change: The barrier absorbed the main impact of the crash. **4** If someone's work, or a book, film, etc. absorbs them, or they are absorbed in it, their attention is given completely to it: Simon was so absorbed in his book, he didn't even notice me come in.

absorbent / <code>ab'zo:.b^ont/ ^(G) /-'zo:r-/ adj able to take liquid in through the surface and to hold it: *absorbent paper* **absorbency** / <code>ab'zo:.b^ont.si/ ^(G) /-'zo:r-/ *noun* [U] the ability</code></code>

to absorb liquid

absorption /ab'zo:p. $\int^{a}n/$ (S) /-'zo:rp-/ noun [U]: Some poisonous gases can enter the body by absorption through the skin. \circ Her absorption in her work (= giving all of her attention to it) is so great that she thinks about nothing else. See also self-absorption at self-absorbed.

- **absorbing** /əb'zə:.bıŋ/ () /-'zə:r-/ adj describes something that is very interesting and keeps your attention: *I* read her last novel and found it very absorbing.
- abstain NOT DO /æb'sten/ verb [I] to not do something, especially something enjoyable that you think might be bad: He took a vow to abstain from alcohol/smoking/sex. abstainer /æb'sten.n5⁽¹) (10) /n3⁽²⁾ /n3
- **abstain** <u>NOT VOTE</u> /*wb*'stein/ *verb* [I] to decide not to use your vote: 63 members voted in favour, 39 opposed and 5 abstained. **abstainer** /*wb*'stei.ns¹/ (3) (-ns¹ / noun [C] **abstention** /*wb*'steinl.⁵n/ noun [C or U]: There were high levels of abstention (from voting) in the last elections. \circ There were ten votes in favour, six against, and three abstentions.
- **abstemious** /æb'sti:.mi.əs/ *adj FORMAL* not doing things which give you pleasure, especially not eating good food or drinking alcohol
- **abstract** GENERAL **(A)** /'æb.strækt/ adj **1** existing as an idea, feeling or quality, not as a material object: *Truth* and beauty are abstract concepts. **2** describes an argument or discussion that is general and not based on particular examples: *This debate is becoming too* abstract let's have some hard facts!

the 'abstract noun [5] general ideas: I have difficulty dealing with the abstract – let's discuss particular cases. • So far we've only discussed the question in the abstract (= without referring to any real examples).

abstraction /*æb*'stræk. J^on/ *noun* [C] *FORMAL* She's always talking in abstractions (= in a general way, without real examples).

abstract [ART] /'æb.strækt/ *adj* describes a type of painting, drawing or sculpture which tries to represent the real or imagined qualities of objects or people by using shapes, lines and colour, and does not try to show their outer appearance as it would be seen in a photograph: *abstract art* \circ *an abstract painter*

abstract //æb.strækt/ noun [C] a painting which represents the qualities of something, not its outer appearance

- **abstract** [SHORT DOCUMENT //æb.strækt/ noun [C] a shortened form of a speech, article, book, etc., giving only the most important facts or arguments: There is a section at the end of the magazine which includes abstracts of recent articles/books.
- **abstracted** /æb'stræk.ttd/ *adj FORMAL* not giving attention to what is happening around you because you are thinking about something else: *He gave her an abstracted glance, then returned to his book. abstractedly* /æb'stræk.ttd.*li adv FORMAL*
- **abstract 'noun** noun [C] a noun which refers to a thing which does not exist as a material object: 'Happiness', 'honesty' and 'liberty' are abstract nouns. OCompare concrete noun.
- **abstruse** /æb'stru:s/ *adj FORMAL* difficult to understand: *an abstruse philosophical essay*
- **absurd** (A) /b's3:d/ (S) /-'s3:d/ adj ridiculous or unreasonable; foolish in an amusing way: What an absurd thing to say! \circ Don't be so absurd! Of course I want you to come. \circ It's an absurd situation – neither of them will talk to the other. \circ Do I look absurd in this hat?

the absurd things that happen that are ridiculous or unreasonable: *The whole situation borders on the absurd.* \circ *She has a keen sense of the absurd.*

- **absurdly** $/ab'ss:d.li/ ext{ (b)} /-'ss:d-/ adv: You're behaving absurdly. <math>\circ$ It was absurdly (= unreasonably) expensive.
- **absurdity** /əb'z3:.di.ti/ /-'s3:-/ ((() /-'z3:.də.ti/ noun [C or U]: Standing there naked, I was suddenly struck by the absurdity of the situation. • There are all sorts of absurdities (= things that are ridiculous) in the proposal.
- **ABTA** /'æb.tə/ group noun [5] ABBREVIATION FOR Association of British Travel Agents: a British organization which protects travellers and people on holiday if a company that arranges travel fails to do something or stops trading
- abundant /s'bʌn.dʰnt/ adj FORMAL more than enough: an abundant supply of food o There is abundant evidence that cars have a harmful effect on the environment. o Cheap consumer goods are abundant (= exist in large amounts) in this part of the world. abundance /o-'bʌn.dʰnts/ noun [5 or U] FORMAL There was an abundance of wine at the wedding. o We had wine in abundance.
- **abundantly** / σ 'bAn.d³nt.li/ adv FORMAL The plant grows abundantly in woodland. \circ You've made your feelings abundantly clear (= very clear).

abuse <u>BEHAVIOUR</u> (A) /ə'bju:z/ verb [T] to use or treat someone or something wrongly or badly, especially in a way that is to your own advantage: She is continually abusing her position/authority by getting other people to do things for her. \circ I never expected that he would abuse the trust I placed in him. \circ Several of the children had been sexually/physically/emotionally abused.

abuse /o'bju:s/ noun [C or U] when someone uses or treats someone or something wrongly or badly, especially in a way that is to their own advantage: an abuse (= wrong use) of privilege/power/someone's kindness o sexual/ physical/mental abuse (= bad treatment) o She claimed to have been a victim of child abuse (= the treatment of children in a bad, esp. sexual, way). o Drug and alcohol abuse (= Using these substances in a bad way) contributed to his early death.

abuser /ə'bju:.zə'/ (((g)) /-zə'/ noun [C] someone who abuses someone or something: a child abuser \circ a drug/solvent abuser

- **abuse** <u>SPEECH</u> /s'bju:z/ verb [T] to speak to someone rudely or cruelly: *The crowd started abusing him after he failed to save a goal.*
- **abuse** /ə'bju:s/ noun [U] rude and offensive words said to another person: *He had apparently experienced a lot of* verbal abuse from his co-workers. O *He hurled (a* stream/torrent of) abuse at her (= He said a lot of rude

and offensive things to her). • 'Idiot!' is a mild term of abuse (= an insulting expression).

- **abusive** (A) (a'b)u: siv/adj using rude and offensive words: an abusive letter/telephone call \circ He was apparently **abusive to** the flight attendants.
- **abut** /s'bAt/ verb [T never passive; I + prep] (-tt-) FORMAL If a building or area of land abuts on something, it is next to it or touches it on one side: Mexico abuts (on) some of the richest parts of the United States. Their house abutted (onto) the police station.
- **abuzz** /ə'bʌz/ adj [after verb] filled with noise and activity: When we arrived, the party was in full swing and the room was abuzz. • The air was abuzz with military helicopters, airlifting injured people and equipment.
- abysmal /a'biz.məl adj very bad: abysmal working conditions o The food was abysmal. o The standard of the students' work is abysmal. abysmally /a'biz.məl.i/ adv: an abysmally poor book
- **abyss** /3'bis/ noun [C usually singular] **1** LITERARY a very deep hole which seems to have no bottom **2** a difficult situation that brings trouble or destruction: The country is sinking/plunging into an abyss of violence and law-lessness. \circ She found herself on the edge of an abyss.
- AC [ELECTRICITY] /,et'si:/ noun [U] ABBREVIATION FOR alternating current: electrical current which regularly changes the direction in which it flows ⊃Compare DC ELECTRICITY.
- AC [AIR] /,eI'si!/ noun [C or U] US ABBREVIATION FOR air conditioner or air conditioning
- acacia /<code>s'ker.fo/</code> noun [C or U] a tree from warm parts of the world which has small leaves and yellow or white flowers
- academic [STUDYING] (1, ak. o'dem. ık/ adj 1 relating to schools, colleges and universities, or connected with studying and thinking, not with practical skills: academic subjects/qualifications/books \circ an academic institution \circ the academic year (= the time, usually from September to June, during which students go to school or college) \circ academic standards 2 describes someone who is clever and enjoys studying: I was never a particularly academic child. academically /,ack.o'dem. I.kli/ adv: She's always done well academically. \circ It may be that a child is bright, but not academically inclined.

academe /'æk.ə.di:m/ noun [U] FORMAL the part of society, especially universities, that is connected with study and thinking

academia /,æk.ə'di:.mi.ə/ noun [U] the part of society, especially universities, that is connected with studying and thinking, or the activity or job of studying: A graduate of law and economics from Moscow State University, he had spent his life in academia.

academic $/_xk.^{\circ}dem.ik/$ noun [C] (US ALSO academician) someone who teaches at a college, or who studies as part of their job

- academic [THEORETICAL] /, æk.ə'dem.ık/ adj theoretical and not related to practical effects in real life: a purely academic argument/question
- **academy** /ə'kæd.ə.mi/ *noun* [C] an organization intended to protect and develop an art, science, language, etc., or a school which teaches a particular subject or trains people for a particular job: a *military/police* academy \circ the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art

academician / σ_k kad. σ' mıf. \sigman' noun [C] a member of an academy: In 1823 he became professor and academician at Munich.

- **A**,**cademy A**'**ward** *noun* [**C**] (*ALSO* **Oscar**) one of a set of American prizes given each year to the best film, the best actor or actress in any film and to other people involved in the production of films
- a cappella ,....kə'pel.ə/ (10) /...../ adj [before noun], adv SPECIALIZED sung by a group of people without the help of any musical instruments accede /sk'sitd' verb

PHRASAL VERBS WITH accede

▲ accede to sth <u>AGREE</u> phrasal verb FORMAL to agree to do what people have asked you to do: He graciously acceded to our request. ○ It is doubtful whether the government will ever accede to the nationalists' demands for independence. ▲ accede to sth [BECOME] phrasal verb FORMAL accede to the throne/accede to power to become king or queen, or to take a position of power: The diaries were written in 1837 when Queen Victoria acceded to the throne. accession /sk'sef.*n/ noun [U] FORMAL 1926 was the year of Emperor Hirohito's accession to the throne.

accelerate MOVE FASTER (A) /sk'sel.s.rent/ (1) /-s.ent/ verb [I] 1 When a vehicle or its driver accelerates, the speed of the vehicle increases: *I accelerated to overtake the bus.* Compare DECELERATE. 2 If a person or object accelerates, it goes faster.

acceleration /ək,sel.ə'reı. J°n/ noun [U] when something goes faster, or its ability to do this: An older car will have poor acceleration. \circ High winds significantly hampered the plane's acceleration.

accelerator $\sqrt{3}k'sel.3.rel.to'/ (1) /-3.el.to'/ noun [C]$ **1**the PEDAL (= part that you push with your foot) in a vehicle that makes it go faster**2***SPECIALIZED*in physics, a machine which makes PARTICLES (= small pieces of matter) move very fast**3**See picture**Car**on page Centre 12

- accelerate [HAPPEN FASTER] (A) /ək'sel.ə.rett/ (B) /-ə.ett/ verb [I or T] to happen or make something happen sooner or faster: Inflation is likely to accelerate this year, adding further upward pressure on interest rates. • They use special chemicals to accelerate the growth of crops. acceleration /ək,sel.ə'ret.]^{*}n/ noun [S or U]: The acceleration in the decline of manufacturing industry is being blamed on the high value of sterling.
- accent PRONUNCIATION () '/æk.s*nt/ noun [C] the way in which people in a particular area, country or social group pronounce words: He's got a strong French/ Scottish accent. \circ She's French but she **speaks** with an impeccable English accent. \circ He speaks with a **broad**/ heavy/strong/thick Yorkshire accent. \circ I thought I could detect a slight West Country accent. accented /ak-'sen.tud/ @ /'æk.sen.tud/ adj: He spoke in heavily accented English.
- accent [MARK] (A) /'æk.s^ant/ noun [C] a mark written or printed over a letter to show you how to pronounce it: a grave accent \circ There's an acute accent on the 'e' of 'café'.
- **accent** [EMPHASIS] //wk.s^ont/ noun [C] SPECIALIZED a special emphasis given to a particular syllable in a word, word in a sentence, or note in a set of musical notes: The accent falls on the final syllable.

• the accent is on sth great importance is given to a particular thing or quality: This season the accent is definitely on long, flowing romantic clothes.

accent /ək'sent/ () / 'æk.sent/ verb []] to emphasize: In any advertising campaign, you must accent the areas where your product is better than the competition. • SPECIALIZED Accent the first note of every bar.

- **accentuate** /sk'sen.tju.ett/ verb [T] to emphasize a particular feature of something or to make something more noticeable: Her dress was tightly belted, accentuating the slimness of her waist. \circ The new policy only serves to accentuate the inadequacy of provision for the homeless. accentuation /sk.sen.tju'et.J^{sn}/noun [U]
- **accept** TAKE ()/sk'sept/ verb **1** [T] to agree to take something: Do you accept credit cards? \circ She was in London to accept an award for her latest novel. \circ I offered her an apology, but she wouldn't accept it. \circ I accept full responsibility for the failure of the plan. \circ The new telephones will accept coins of any denomination. **2** [I or T] to say 'yes' to an offer or invitation: We've offered her the job, but I don't know whether she'll accept it. \circ I've just accepted an invitation to the opening-night party. \circ I've been invited to their wedding but I haven't decided whether to accept.

acceptable /akⁱsep.ta.bl/ adj: "Will a £50 donation be enough?" "Yes, that would be quite acceptable (= enough)." acceptability /ak,sep.ta'bil.1.ti/ () /-a.ti/ noun [U] acceptance () /ak'sep.ta'nts/ noun [C or U]

COMMON LEARNER ERROR

accept or agree?

When you accept an invitation, job, or offer, you say yes to something which is offered. Accept is never followed by another verb.

They offered me the job and I've accepted it.

When you **agree** to do something, you say that you will do something which someone asks you to do.

They offered me the job and I agreed to take it.

accept [APPROVE] (E) /ək'sept/ verb [T] to consider something or someone as satisfactory: The manuscript was accepted for publication last week. \circ She was accepted as a full member of the society. \circ His fellow workers refused to accept him (= to include him as one of their group).

acceptable (1) /sk'sept.s.bl/ adj satisfactory and able to be agreed to or approved of: *Clearly we need to come to an arrangement that is acceptable to both parties.* \circ *So what is an acceptable level of radiation?* \circ *This kind of attitude is simply not acceptable.* **acceptance** (A) /sk'sept.t'nts/ noun [C or U]: *I've had*

acceptance A /ak'sep.t^ants/ noun [C or U]: I've had acceptances from three universities (= Three universities have agreed to take me as a student). • The idea rapidly gained acceptance (= became approved of) in political circles.

accepted /ak'sep.tid/ adj: 'Speed bump' now seems to be the generally accepted term (= the word that most people use) for those ridges in the road that slow traffic down.

accept [BELIEVE] () /sk'sept/ verb [T] to believe that something is true: The police refused to accept her version of the story. \circ He still hasn't accepted the situation (= realized that he cannot change it). \circ [+ that] I can't accept that there's nothing we can do.

acceptable *adj* **See** at accept TAKE, accept APPROVE.

ACCEPTANCE noun [C or U] See at accept TAKE, accept

accepted *adj* **See** at accept APPROVE.

access 1) "æk.ses/ noun [U] the method or possibility of approaching a place or person, or the right to use or look at something: The only access to the village is by boat. \circ The main access to (= entrance to) the building is at the side. \circ The tax inspector had/gained complete access to the company files. \circ The system has been designed to give the user quick and easy access to the required information. \circ The children's father was refused access to them at any time (= refused official permission to see them).

access (A) /*ak.ses/ verb [T] to open a computer FILE (= a collection of information stored on a computer) in order to look at or change information in it

accessible (A) /ək'ses.ə.bl/ adj 1 able to be reached or easily obtained: The resort is easily accessible by road, rail and air. • The problem with some of these drugs is that they are so very accessible. 2 easy to understand: Lea Anderson is a choreographer who believes in making dance accessible. • Covent Garden has made some attempt to make opera accessible to a wider public.

accessibility /sk,ses.a'bil.1.ti/ () /-a.ti/ noun [u]: Two new roads are being built to increase accessibility to the town centre. \circ The accessibility of her plays (= the fact that they can be understood) means that she is able to reach a wide audience.

'access , course *noun* [C] *UK* a set of classes which people take so they can obtain a qualification which can be used to get into university or college: *She didn't have any formal qualifications but took an access course to get into university.*

accessible adj ⊃See at access.

accession /ək'sef.
ən/ noun [U]
 See at accede to sth $_{\text{BECOME.}}$

accessory EXTRA (1) /sk'ses.°r.i/ (1) /-∞-/ noun [C usually plural] something added to a machine or to clothing, which has a useful or decorative purpose: She wore a green wool suit with matching accessories (= shoes, hat, bag, etc.). \circ Sunglasses are much more than a fashion accessory. \circ Accessories for the top-of-the-range car include leather upholstery, a CD player, electric windows and a sunroof.

accessorize MAINLY US, UK USUALLY accessorise /ək-'ses. 3 r.atz/ $^{(G)}$ (- \Rightarrow .atz/ verb [T] to add an accessory or accessories to something: She was wearing a little black dress, accessorized simply with a silver necklace.

accessory [RIMINAL /ək'ses.³r.i/ (19) /-æ-/ noun [C] someone who helps another person to commit a crime but does not take part in it: an accessory to murder

- accessory after the fact *LEGAL* someone who helps someone after they have committed a crime, for example by hiding them from the police
- accessory before the fact *LEGAL* someone who helps in the preparation of a crime
- **access provider** noun [C] (ALSO **ISP**) a company that provides access to the Internet, allows you to use email, and gives you space on the Internet to display documents: the UK's largest internet access provider
- access, road noun [C] (ALSO access route) 1 a road leading from or to a particular place 2 UK a road leading to a motorway

access time *noun* [C usually singular] *SPECIALIZED* the time it takes a computer to find information

WORDS THAT GO WITH accident

have/be involved in an accident • an accident happens/ occurs • cause an accident • an accident involving sth • a fatal/major/serious/tragic accident • a freak accident • [killed/paralysed, etc] in an accident

accident (c) /'æk.sı.d^ant/ noun [C] **1** something which happens unexpectedly and unintentionally, and which often damages something or injures someone: Josh had an accident and spilled water all over his work. \circ She was injured in a car/road accident (= when one car hit another). **2 by accident** without intending to, or without being intended: I deleted the file by accident. \circ I found her letter by accident as I was looking through my files.

• an accident waiting to happen a very dangerous situation in which an accident is very likely

• have an accident to urinate or excrete unexpectedly and unintentionally: *Even a six-year-old can have an* accident at night sometimes.

• more by accident than design because of luck and not because of skill or organization: *The play was a success more by accident than design.*

• Accidents will happen. *SAYING* said after an accident in order to make it seem less bad

accidental (1) /, $\alpha k.si' den.t^{9}$ / (20) / t^{9} / adj happening by chance: Reports suggest that 11 soldiers were killed by accidental fire from their own side. \circ The site was located after the accidental discovery of bones in a field. accidentally /, $\alpha k.si' den.t^{9}$. i/ (20) / t^{9} -/ adv: I accidentally knocked a glass over.

• accidentally on purpose If you do something accidentally on purpose, you do it intentionally but pretend it happened by chance: I've never liked these glasses of Peter's. I might drop them one day – accidentally on purpose.

accidental 'death noun [C] LEGAL a VERDICT (= opinion stated at the end of a trial) that is given when a death was the result of an accident and not of murder or SUICIDE

- accident-prone /'æk.sı.d^ant,prəun/ @ /-,proun/ adj describes someone who often has accidents, usually because they are very awkward or clumsy
- acclaim /s'klem/ noun [U] public approval and praise: Despite the critical acclaim, the novel did not sell well. o Hamlet was played by Romania's leading actor, Ion Caramitrou, to rapturous acclaim.

acclaim /ə'klem/ verb [T often passive] to give public approval and praise: She was universally/widely/ publicly acclaimed for her contribution to the discovery. \circ She is being acclaimed (= publicly recognized) as the greatest dancer of her generation. **acclaimed** /a'klemd/ adj: an acclaimed artist/writer/poet \circ a highly acclaimed novel/film \circ Dinner Party', based on the critically acclaimed novel by Bill Davies, was made into a film last vear.

acclamation /, ak.lo⁺mei.J^on/ noun [U] FORMAL His speech was greeted with (shouts of) acclamation (= loud expressions of approval).

acclimatize, UK USUALLY -ise /ə'klaı.mə.tarz/ ((I) /-tarz/ verb [I or T] (US ALSO acclimate) to (cause to) change to suit different conditions of life, weather, etc: More time will be needed for the troops and equipment to become acclimatized to desert conditions. \circ We found it impossible to acclimatize ourselves to the new working conditions. \circ The defending champion is Grant Turner of England, who has acclimatized to the 90°F sunshine by spending the past month in Florida. \circ "Why is it that it rains all the time in England?" "Don't worry – you'll soon acclimatize." acclimatization, UK USUALLY acclimatisation /a.klai.mə.tai'zei. [°n/ (5) /-[1-/ noun [U]

accolade /'æk.ə.letd/ noun [C] FORMAL praise and approval: This is his centennial year and he's been granted the ultimate accolade – his face on a set of three postage stamps. \circ Her approval was the highest accolade he could have received.

accommodate [FIND A PLACE FOR] /o'kom.o.dett/ (3) /-'ka:.mo-/ verb [T] to provide with a place to live or to be stored in: New students may be accommodated in halls of residence. \circ FORMAL There wasn't enough space to accommodate the files.

accommodation (1) /ə,kom.ə'dei. ʃən/ (5) /-,ka:.mə-/ noun [U] MAINLY UK a place to live, work, stay, etc. in: There's a shortage of cheap accommodation (= places to live). \circ We have first and second class accommodation (= seats) on this flight.

accommodations /ə,kom.ə'dei.J^anz/ (19) /-,kor.mə-/ plural noun us a place to stay when you are travelling, especially a hotel room: Sweepstakes winners will enjoy a week-long stay in luxury accommodations in Las Vegas.

accommodate [SUIT] /o'kom.o.dett/ (S) /-'kat.mo-/ verb [T] to give what is needed to someone: The new policies fail to accommodate the disabled. \circ We always try to accommodate (= help) our clients with financial assistance if necessary.

ac'commodate yourself verb [R] to change yourself or your behaviour to suit another person or new conditions: Some find it hard to accommodate themselves to the new working conditions.

accommodating /ə'kom.ə.dei.tıŋ/ ⁽¹⁰⁾/¹/ka:.mə.dei.tıŋ/ *adj* describes a person who is eager or willing to help other people, for example by changing their plans: *I'm sure she'll help you – she's always very accommodating*.

accommodation noun [U] See at accommodate FIND A PLACE FOR.

accompaniment /ə'kʌm.p°n.I.mənt/ noun [C] something that you eat or drink with something else: A dry champagne makes the ideal accompaniment for/to this dish.

accompany GO WITH 1 / J'kAM.p.p.ni/ verb [T] 1 to go with someone or to be provided or exist at the same time as something: The course books are accompanied by four cassettes. \circ Depression is almost always accompanied by insomnia. \circ The salmon was accompanied by (= served with) a fresh green salad. 2 SLIGHTLY FORMAL to show someone how to get to somewhere: Would you like me to accompany you to your room? 3 FORMAL to go with someone to a social event or to an entertainment: "May I accompany you to the ball?" he asked her. \circ I have two tickets for the theatre on Saturday evening – would you care to accompany me?

accompanying /ə'kʌm.pə.ni.ŋ/ adj appearing or going with someone or something else: Front-page stories broke the news of the princess leaving, and accompanying photographs showed her getting on the plane. \circ Children under 17 require an accompanying parent or guardian to see this film.

accompany MUSIC /ə'kʌm.pə.ni/ verb [T] to sing or play an instrument with another musician or singer: Miss Jessop accompanied Mr Bentley on the piano.

accompaniment /ə'kAm.p³n.1.mənt/ noun [C or U]: a song with piano accompaniment - HUMOROUS We worked to the accompaniment of (= while hearing the sound of) Mr French's drill. accompanist /ə'kAm.pə.nıst/ noun [C]: The singer's accompanist on the piano was Charles Harman.

accomplice /s'kAm.plrs/ (5) /-'ka:m-/ noun [C] a person who helps someone else to commit a crime or to do something morally wrong

accomplish (A) /o'kAm.pluJ/ (S) /-'ka:m-/ verb [T] to finish something successfully or to achieve something: The students accomplished the task in less than ten minutes. • She accomplished such a lot during her visit. • I feel as

if I've accomplished nothing since I left my job.

accomplishment /ə'k<code>am.plrf.mənt/</code> ()-'k<code>a:m-/</code> noun 1 [C] something that is successful, or that is achieved after a

lot of work or effort: *Getting the two leaders to sign a peace treaty was his greatest accomplishment.* **D**See also accomplishment at accomplished. **2** [U] the completion of something: *We celebrated the successful accomplishment of our task.*

accomplished /ə'kʌm.plıſt/ () /-'ka:m-/ adj skilled: She's a very accomplished pianist/painter/horsewoman. • He was accomplished in all the arts.

accomplishment /a'kAm.plif.mənt/ () /-'ka:m-/ noun [C] a skill: Cordon-bleu cookery is just one of her many accomplishments. DSee also accomplishment at accomplish.

accord AGREEMENT (A) /o'ko:d/ (S) /-'ko:rd/ noun [C or U] (a formal) agreement: On 31 May the two leaders signed a peace accord. \circ Before 1987, the accord between the Labour government and the unions was a simple affair. \circ The project is completely in accord with government policy.

• of your own accord If you do something of your own accord, you do it without being asked to do it: She came of her own accord. No one asked her to come.

• with one accord FORMAL If people do something with one accord, they do it together and in complete agreement: With one accord, the delegates walked out of the conference.

accordance /ə'kə:.d^ants/ (B) /-'kə:r-/ noun FORMAL in accordance with a rule/law/wish/etc. following or obeying a rule/law/wish/etc: In accordance with her wishes, she was buried in France.

accordingly /s'k::.d:ŋ.li/ (() /-'k::r-/ adv FORMAL in a way that is suitable or right for the situation: When we receive your instructions we shall **act** accordingly. \circ She's an expert in her field, and is paid accordingly.

accord GVE /3'k3:d/ (1) /-'k3:rd/ verb [T] FORMAL to treat someone specially, usually by showing respect: [+ two objects] The massed crowds of supporters accorded him a hero's welcome. \circ Certainly in our society teachers don't enjoy the respect that is accorded to doctors and lawyers.

▲ accord with sth phrasal verb FORMAL to be the same as something, or to agree with something: His version of events does not accord with witnesses' statements.

ac'cording to AS STATED BY prep as stated by: According to Sarah they're not getting on very well at the moment. ○ According to our records you owe us \$130.

ac'cording to FOLLOWING **1** prep in a way that agrees with: Students are all put in different groups according to their ability.

• according to plan Something that happens according to plan, happens in the way it was intended to: *Did it all go according to plan*?

accordion /s'kɔ:.di.ən/ (1) /'kɔ:r-/ *noun* [C] a box-shaped musical instrument, held in the hands, consisting of a folded central part with a keyboard at each end, which is played by pushing the two ends towards each other

accost /a'kost/ (// 'ka:st/ verb [T often passive] FORMAL to approach or stop and speak to someone in a threatening way: I'm usually accosted by beggars and drunks as I walk to the station.

account EANK **1** /s'kaunt/ (ALSO bank account) an arrangement with a bank to keep your money there and to allow you to take it out when you need to: I've opened an account with a building society. \circ I paid the money into my account this morning. \circ UK She paid the cheque into/ US She deposited the check in her account. \circ I need to draw some money out of my account.

• turn/use sth to good account UK FORMAL to use your skills and abilities to produce good results: I think we'd all agree that you turned your negotiating skills to very good account in this afternoon's meeting.

account [REPORT] (1) /o'kaont/ noun [C] a written or spoken description of an event: She gave a thrilling account of her life in the jungle. \circ He kept a detailed account of the suspect's movements. \circ Several evewitnesses' accounts differed considerably from the official version of events.

• by/from all accounts as said by most people: By all accounts, San Francisco is a city that's easy to fall in love with.

• be brought/called to account *MAINLY UK* to be forced to explain something you did wrong, and usually to be

the violence are brought to account.

• by your own account Something that is true by your own account is what you claim is true: By his own account, he's quite wealthy.

account REASON () /ə'kaunt/ noun FORMAL on account of *sth* because of something: *He doesn't drink alcohol on* account of his health.

• on *vour* account If something is said to be on someone's or something's account, it is because of that person or thing: I'm not very hungry so please don't cook on my account (= don't cook just for me). \circ They were tired, but not any less enthusiastic on that account.

• on no account If something must on no account/not on any account be done, it must not be done at any time or for any reason: Employees must on no account make personal telephone calls from the office. • These records must not on any account be changed.

• take into account (ALSO take account of) to consider or remember when judging a situation: I hope my teacher will take into account the fact that I was ill just before the exams when she marks my paper. \circ A good architect takes into account the building's surroundings. \circ Britain's tax system takes no account of children. \circ I think you have to take into account that he's a good deal younger than the rest of us.

account [SHOP] /a'kaunt/ noun [C] 1 an agreement with a shop or company that allows you to buy things and pay for them later: Could you put it on/charge it to my account (= can I pay for it later), please? • Do you have an account at this store/with us, madam? \circ Could you please pay/settle your account in full (= give us all the money you owe us). **2** a customer who does business with a company: If the advertising agency loses the United Beer account, it will make a big dent in their profits.

- account JUDGE /p'kaunt/ verb [T + obj + noun or adj] FORMAL to think of someone or something in the stated way; judge: She was accounted a genius by all who knew her work
- account [IMPORTANCE] /ə'kaunt/ noun FORMAL be of no/ little account to not be important: It's of no account to me whether he comes or not. \circ His opinion is of little account to me

PHRASAL VERBS WITH account

▲ account (to sb) for sth EXPLAIN phrasal verb to explain the reason for something or the cause of something: Can you account for your absence last Friday? • She was unable to account for over \$5 000 (= she could not explain where the money was). \circ *He has to account to his manager for* (= tell his manager about and explain) all his movements.

• There's no accounting for taste. SAYING said when it is difficult to explain why different people like different things, especially things which you do not like: "I love working at weekends." "Well, there's no accounting for taste, is there!"

▲ account for sth BE phrasal verb to form the total of something: Students account for the vast majority of our customers

accountable is completely responsible for what they do and must be able to give a satisfactory reason for it: She is accountable only to the managing director. \circ The recent tax reforms have made government more accountable for its spending. • Politicians should be accountable to the public who elected them.

accountability /ə,kaun.tə'bil.i.ti/ I /-tə'bil.ə.ti/ noun [U]: There were furious demands for greater police accountability (= for the police to be made to explain their actions to the public).

accountant (A) /ə'kaun.t^ant/ (19) /-t^ant/ noun [C] someone who keeps or examines the records of money received, paid and owed by a company or person: a firm of accountants

accountancy UK /ə'kaun.tont.si/ I /-tont-/ noun [U] (US accounting) the job of being an accountant: He works in accountancy. ○ an accountancy firm

- punished: We must ensure that the people responsible for accounting /a'kaun.tu/ (19) /-tu/ noun [11] the skill or activity of keeping records of the money a person or organization earns and spends 2 US (UK accountancy) the job of being an accountant
 - accounts /ə'kaunts/ plural noun an official record of all the money a person or company has spent and received: I keen my own accounts

accoutrements US ALSO accouterments /a-'kuː.trə.mənts/ 🐵 /ə'kuː.tə-/ plural noun FORMAL the equipment needed for a particular activity or way of life

accredit /a'kred it/ verb [T] to officially recognize, accept or approve of someone or something: The agency was not accredited by the Philippine Consulate to offer contracts to Filipinos abroad.

accredited /ə'kred.1.tid/ III /-tid/ adj officially recognized or approved: an accredited drama school o accredited war correspondents accreditation /a kred I'ter (an/ II) /-a-/ noun [U]: The college received/was given full accreditation in 1965.

- accretion /a'kriz. ["n/ noun [C or U] FORMAL gradual increase or growth by the addition of new layers or parts: The fund was increased by the accretion of new shareholders. • The room hadn't been cleaned for years and showed several accretions of dirt and dust.
- accrual /a'kru: al/ noun [C or U] a gradual increase in an amount of money
- accrue /ə'kru:/ verb [1] FORMAL to increase in number or amount over a period of time: Interest will accrue on the account at a rate of 7%. • Little benefit will accrue to London (= London will receive little benefit) from the new road scheme.
- accumulate (A) /əˈkjuː.mju.leɪt/ verb 1 [T] to collect a large number of things over a long period of time: As people accumulate more wealth, they tend to spend a greater proportion of their incomes. \circ The company said the debt was accumulated during its acquisition of nine individual businesses. • We've accumulated so much *rubbish over the years.* **2** [I] to gradually increase in number or amount: A *thick layer of dust had* accumulated in the room. \circ If you don't sort out the papers on your desk on a regular basis they just keep on accumulating, accumulation /ə.kiur.miu'ler, fon/ noun [C or U]: Despite this accumulation of evidence, the Government persisted in doing nothing. o Accumulations of sand can be formed by the action of waves on coastal beaches.

accumulator UK /ə'kiu:.miu.lei.tər/ @ /-tə/ noun [C] (US storage battery) a battery that collects and stores electricity

accuracy noun [U] See at accurate.

- accurate () /'æk.ju.rət/ adj correct, exact and without any mistakes: an accurate machine \circ an accurate description \circ The figures they have used are just not accurate. • Her novel is an accurate reflection of life in post-war Spain. • We hope to become more accurate in predicting earthquakes. The opposite is inaccurate. accurately 🕕 /ˈæk.jʊ.rət.li/ adv: The plans should be drawn as accurately as possible, showing all the measurements. accuracy (A) /'æk.jv.rə.si/ noun [U]: We can predict changes with a surprising degree of accuracy.
- accursed /ə'k3:.sid/ /-'k3:st/ 1 /- 'k3:st/ adj [before noun] OLD USE very annoying: I can't get around like I used to it's this accursed rheumatism!

accusation noun [C or U] ⊃See at accuse.

- accusative /ə'kju:.zə.tıv/ I /-tıv/ noun [U] the form of a noun, pronoun or adjective which is used in some languages to show that the word is the DIRECT OBJECT of a verb accusative /ə'kju:.zə.tıv/ I /-tıv/ adj: the accusative plural
- accuse (E) /a'kju:z/ verb [T] to say that someone has done something morally wrong, illegal or unkind: "It wasn't my fault." "Don't worry, I'm not accusing you." He's been accused of robbery/murder.
 Are you accusing me of lying? • The surgeon was accused of negligence.

• stand accused of sth FORMAL If you stand accused of doing something wrong, people say that you have done it: The government stands accused of eroding freedom of speech.

accusation (A) /.æk.ju'zer. (°n/ noun [C or U] a statement saving that someone has done something morally wrong illegal or unkind or the fact of accusing someone: You can't just make wild accusations like that! • He glared at me with an air of accusation. \circ [+ that] What do you say to the accusation that you are unfriendly and unhelpful?

accusatory /a'kiu: za.tri/ /.æk.ju'zet.t^ar.j/ @ /-tat.ri/ adi FORMAL suggesting that you think someone has done something bad: When he spoke his tone was accusatory. • She gave me an accusatory look.

the ac'cused noun [C + singular or plural verb] LEGAL the person who is on trial in a court, or the people on trial in a court: The accused protested her innocence. \circ The accused were all found guilty. accuser /a'kiu: za'/ (1) /-za/ noun [C] accusing /ə'kju:.zıŋ/ adj: an accusing glance/ look accusingly /ə'kju:.zıŋ.li/ ady: "Has this dog been fed today?" she asked accusingly.

accustom /a'kAs.tam/ verb

▲ accustom yourself to sth phrasal verb [R] to make vourself familiar with new conditions: It'll take time for me to accustom myself to the changes.

accustomed /ə'kʌs.təmd/ adj 1 familiar with something: She quickly became accustomed to his messy ways. \circ I'm not accustomed to being treated like this. 2 FORMAL usual: She performed the task with her accustomed ease.

ace [PLAYING CARD] /eis/ noun [C] one of the four playing cards with a single mark or spot, which have the highest or lowest value in many card games; the ace of hearts/clubs/spades/diamonds

• come within an ace of sth UK to almost achieve something: She came within an ace of winning the match.

• an ace up your sleeve (US ALSO an ace in the hole) secret knowledge or a secret skill which will give you an advantage

• have/hold all the aces to be in a strong position when you are competing with someone else because you have all the advantages: In a situation like this, it's the big companies who hold all the aces.

ace SKILLED PERSON /eis/ noun [C] INFORMAL a person who is very skilled at something: a tennis/flying ace

ace /eis/ adj old-FASHIONED SLANG excellent: He's an ace footballer. • That's an ace bike you've got there.

ace /eis/ verb [T] US INFORMAL to do very well in an exam: I was up all night studying, but it was worth it – I aced my chemistry final.

ace TENNIS /eis/ noun [C] in tennis, a SERVE (= a hit of the ball which starts play) which is so strong and fast that the other player cannot return the ball: That's the third ace that Violente has served this match.

acerbic /ə's3:.bik/ 1/-'s3:-/ adj FORMAL describes something that is spoken or written in a way that is direct, clever and cruel: The letters show the acerbic wit for which Parker was both admired and feared. acerbity /a-'s3:.bə.ti/ 1/ /-'s3:.bə.ti/ noun [U] FORMAL

acetaminophen /əˌsiː.təˈmɪn.ə.fen/ 🐵 /-t̥ə-/ noun [C or U] (plural acetaminophens or acetaminophen) US FOR paracetamol

acetate /'as.i.teit/ noun [U] a chemical substance made from ACETIC ACID, or a smooth artificial cloth made from this

acetic acid /ə,si:.tık'æs.ɪd/ 1 /-tık-/ noun [U] a colourless acid with a strong smell which is contained in vinegar

acetone /'as.i.toun/ () /-toun/ noun [] a strong-smelling colourless liquid which is used in the production of various chemicals and is sometimes added to paint to make it more liquid

acetylene /ə'set.ə.lim/ I /-'set-/ noun [U] a colourless gas which burns with a very hot bright flame, used in cutting and joining metal

ache \Lambda /eik/ noun [C] 1 a continuous pain which is unpleasant but not strong: As you get older, you have all sorts of aches and pains. • I've got a dull (= slight) ache in my lower back. 2 used in combinations with parts of the body to mean a continuous pain in the stated part: earache/headache/toothache/backache o I've had a stomach ache all morning. ache (A) /e1k/ verb [1]: My head/tooth/back aches. \circ I ache/I'm aching all over. • I've got one or two aching muscles after vesterday's run. achy /'e1.ki/ adi INFORMAL I've been feeling tired and achy (= full of pains) all morning

▲ ache for sth phrasal verb LITERARY to want something very much: He was lonely and aching for love.

achieve (E) /ə't [i:v/ verb [T] to succeed in finishing something or reaching an aim, especially after a lot of work or effort: The government's training policy, he claimed, was achieving its objectives. • She finally achieved her **ambition** to visit South America. \circ I've been working all day, but I feel as if I've achieved nothing. See also underachieve

achievable /a't fir. va.bl/ adi describes a task, etc. that is possible to achieve: Before you set your targets, make sure that they are achievable.

achiever /ə'tfir.yər/ @ /-yə/ noun 1 high/low achiever a person who achieves more/less than the average: Not enough attention is given to the low achievers in the class. 2 under achiever someone who is less successful than they should be at school or at work

WORDS THAT GO WITH achievement

- a great/notable/remarkable/outstanding_achievement
- sb's crowning achievement a record of achievement
 a sense of achievement belittle/detract from sb's achievement celebrate sb's achievement

achievement 1 /ə'tʃiːv.mənt/ noun [C or U] something very good and difficult that you have succeeded in doing: An Olympic silver medal is a remarkable achievement for one so young. • The Tale of Genji has been described as the greatest achievement of Japanese literature. • It gives you a sense of achievement if you actually make it to the end of a very long book.

Achilles heel /ə.krl.irz'hrəl/ noun [C usually singular] a small fault or weakness in a person or system that can result in its failure: A misbehaving minister is regarded as a government's Achilles heel and is expected to resign.

Achilles tendon /a.kil.i:z'ten.dan/ noun [C] a small muscular cord just above the heel, connecting the heel bone to the muscles in the lower part of the leg See picture The Body on page Centre 5

achingly /'e1.kiŋ.li/ adv LITERARY extremely: Sung by the world's greatest tenor, this aria is achingly beautiful.

achoo /o't fur/ exclamation atishoo

acid LIQUID SUBSTANCE (A) /'æs.id/ noun [C or U] any of various usually liquid substances which can react chemically with and sometimes dissolve other materials: acetic/hydrochloric/lactic acid o Vinegar is an acid.

acid /'æs.id/ adj 1 containing acid. or having similar qualities to an acid: an acid taste/smell \circ acid soil 2 describes a remark or way of speaking that is cruel or criticizes something in an unkind way: her acid wit • When she spoke her tone was acid. acidify /ə'sıd.1.fai/ verb [I or T] acidity /ə'sıd.1.ti/ 1 /-a.ti/ noun [U]: High acidity levels in the water mean that the fish are not so large.

acidly /'æs.id.li/ adv: "I suppose you expect me to thank you for coming, " he said acidly (= unpleasantly).

- acid [DRUG] /'æs.id/ noun [U] SLANG FOR LSD (= an illegal drug which makes people see things that do not exist)
- acid 'jazz noun [U] a style of popular dance music which is a mix of FUNK, SOUL and jazz
- acidophilus / . æ.s. 1'dof. 1. ləs/ III / . æ.s. 1'dor. f°. ləs/ noun [U] SPECIALIZED a type of BACTERIUM (= a very small organism) used to make YOGURT or as a medicine to help people digest food if they have a stomach illness
- acid 'rain noun [U] rain which contains large amounts of harmful chemicals as a result of burning substances such as coal and oil
- the 'acid test noun [s] the true test of the value of something: It looks good, but will people buy it? That's the acid test.
- acknowledge () /ək'npl.idʒ/ 🐵 /-'na:.lidʒ/ verb [T] to accept, admit or recognize something, or the truth or existence of something: [+ v-ing] She acknowledged having been at fault. 0 [+ that] She acknowledged that she had been at fault. • You must acknowledge the truth of her argument. • Historians generally acknowledge her as

acknowledgment, acknowledgement /ək'npl.id3.mənt/ ()-'na:.lid3-/ noun [C or U]: We sent her a copy of the book in acknowledgment of her part in its creation. I applied for four jobs, but I've only had one acknowledgment (= letter saying that my letter has been received) so far.

acknowledgments, acknowledgements />k-'nol.id3.monts/
()-'nor.i.lid5-/ plural noun a short text at the beginning or end of a book where the writer names people or other works that have helped in writing the book

- **the acme** /ði'æk.mi/ *noun* [5] *LITERARY* the highest point of perfection or achievement: To act on this worldfamous stage is surely the acme of any actor's career.
- acne /'æk.ni/ noun [U] a skin disease common in young people, in which small red spots appear on the face and neck: Acne is the curse of adolescence.
- acolyte /'æk.⁹.at/ *noun* [C] FORMAL OR SPECIALIZED any follower or helper, or someone who helps a priest in some religious ceremonies

acorn /'er.ko:n/ (1) /-ko:rn/ *noun* [C] an oval nut that grows on an OAK tree and has a cup-like outer part

acoustic /ə'ku:.stik/ *adj* **1** relating to sound or hearing: *The microphone converts acoustic waves to electrical signals for transmission.* **2** describes a musical instrument that is not made louder by electrical equipment: *an acoustic guitar*

acoustic /ə'ku:.stık/ noun [C usually plural] the way in which the structural characteristics of a building or room affect the qualities of musical or spoken sound: The concert was recorded in a French church that is famous for its acoustics. acoustically /ə'ku:.stı.kli/ adv

acoustics /ə'ku:.stiks/ noun [U] SPECIALIZED the scientific study of sound

acquaint /ə'kweint/ verb

▲ acquaint sb with sth phrasal verb FORMAL to make someone or yourself aware of something: [R] Take time to acquaint yourself with the rules. ○ The Broadcasting Museum also offers Saturday workshops to acquaint children with the world of radio.

acquaintance (A) /ə'kwein.t^ants/ noun **1** [C] a person that you have met but do not know well: a business acquaintance **2** [U] FORMAL used in some expressions about knowing or meeting people: It was at the Taylors' party that I first made his acquaintance (= first met him). \circ I wasn't sure about Darryl when I first met her, but on further acquaintance (= knowing her a little more) I rather like her. **3** [U] FORMAL knowledge of a subject: Sadly, my acquaintance with Spanish literature is rather limited.

• have a passing/slight/nodding acquaintance with *sth* FOR-MAL to have very little knowledge or experience of a subject: I'm afraid I have only a nodding acquaintance with his works.

acquaintanceship /ə'kwein.t^ant.ip/ noun [C or U] FORMAL Ours was a strictly professional acquaintanceship (= relationship).

acquainted /<code>s'kwein.tid/</code> (\mathcal{G} /<code>-tid/</code> *adj* [after verb] FORMAL knowing or being familiar with a person: "Do you know Daphne?" "No, I'm afraid we're not acquainted." \circ I am not personally acquainted with the gentleman in question.

acquainted /ə'kwein.tid/ IS /-ţid/ adj FORMAL be acquainted with *sth* to know or be familiar with something, because you have studied it or have experienced it before: Police said the thieves were obviously well acquainted with the alarm system at the department store.

acquiesce /, ek. wi'es/ verb [I] FORMAL to accept or agree to something, often unwillingly: *Reluctantly*, he acquiesced to/in the plans. acquiescent /,æk.wi'es.°nt/ adj FORMAL She has a very acquiescent nature (= agrees to everything without complaining). acquiescence /,æk.wi'es.°nts/ noun [U]: I was surprised by her acquiescence to/in the scheme.

acquire () /s'kwa15'/ () /-'kwa13'/ verb [T] to obtain something: He acquired the firm in 1978. \circ I was wearing a newly/recently acquired jacket. \circ I seem to have acquired (= obtained although I don't know how) two copies of this book. \circ During this period he acquired a reputation for being a womanizer.

• an acquired taste something that you dislike at first, but that you start to like after you have tried it a few times: *Olives are an acquired taste*.

acquirer /ə'kwaı.rə^r/ (b) /-rə⁻/ noun [C] MAINLY US a company that buys other companies, usually to sell them for a profit: A business with so much growth is sure to generate interest among potential acquirers.

acquisition $/_{\text{wk.wt'z1}} \cdot n/$ noun [C or U]: The museum has been heavily criticized over its acquisition of the fourmillion-dollar sculpture. \circ I like your earrings – are they a recent acquisition (= did you get them recently)?

acquisitive /s'kw12.1.trv/ (5) /-a.trv/ adj FORMAL MAINLY DIS APPROVING eager to possess and collect things: We live in an acquisitive society which views success primarily in terms of material possessions.

acquit [DECIDE NOT GUILTY] /o'kwnt/ verb [T often passive] (-tt-) to decide officially in a court of law that someone is not guilty of a particular crime: She was acquitted of all the charges against her. ○ Five months ago he was acquitted on a shoplifting charge. ⊃Compare convict. acquittal /o-'kwnt. ?!/ (5) /-!kwnt./ noun [C or U]: The first trial ended in a hung jury, the second in acquittal. ○ Of the three cases that went to trial, two ended in acquittals.

ac'quit yourself [PERFORM] verb [R] FORMAL to do better than expected in a difficult situation: I thought that he acquitted himself admirably in today's meeting.

acre (A) /'e1.k3^r/ (35) /-k3^r/ noun [C] a unit for measuring area, equal to 4047 square metres or 4840 square yards: He's got 400 acres of land in Wales.

acreage /'e1.k³r.id₃/ ^(G) /-k³/ noun [U]: What acreage is her estate (= How big is it, measured in acres)?

- **acrid** /'æk.rɪd/ *adj* describes a smell or taste that is strong and bitter and causes a burning feeling in the throat: *Clouds of acrid* **smoke** *issued from the building.*
- acrimonious /,æk.rı'məu.ni.əs/ (*) /'mou-/ adj FORMAL full of anger, arguments and bad feeling: an acrimonious dispute • Their marriage ended eight years ago in an acrimonious divorce. acrimoniously /,æk.rı'məu.ni.ə.sli/ (*) /-'mou-/ adv FORMAL In 1967, he separated acrimoniously from his wife. acrimony /'æk.rı.mə.ni/ (*) /'æk.rə-,mou.ni/ noun [U] FORMAL The acrimony of the dispute has shocked a lot of people.

acrobat /'æk.rə.bæt/ *noun* [C] a person who entertains people by doing difficult and skilful physical things, such as walking along a high wire

acrobatic /,æk.rə'bæt.ık/ () /-'bæt-/ adj: an acrobatic (= skilled and graceful) leap into the air \circ an acrobatic young dancer acrobatics /,æk.rə'bæt.ıks/ () /-'bæt-/ noun [U]: He had spent the last ten years in a Peking Opera school, studying martial arts and acrobatics.

acronym //æk.rəu.nim/ (1)//each/rəc/ noun [C] an abbreviation consisting of the first letters of each word in the name of something, pronounced as a word: AIDS is an acronym for 'Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome'.

across () /ɔ'kros/ () /'kros/ adv, prep from one side to the other of something with clear limits, such as an area of land, a road or river: She walked across the field/road. • They're building a new bridge across the river.

across (**b** /ə'kros⁷ (**s**) /-'kra:s/ prep **1** on the opposite side of: *The library is just across the road*. **2** in every part of a particular place or country: *Voting took place peacefully across most of the country*.

 across country travelling in a direction where roads or public transport do not go, or where main roads or railways do not go: Getting a train across country from Cambridge to Chester can be difficult.

• across the board happening or having an effect on people at every level and in every area: *The improvement has been across the board, with all divisions either*

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increasing profits or reducing losses. \circ The initiative has across-the-board support.

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acrylic / \mathfrak{s} 'kril.ik/ *adj* made of a substance or cloth produced by chemical processes from a type of acid: *an acrylic scarf/sweater* \circ *acrylic paint*

acrylic $/_{3'kril.ik}/noun$ 1 [U] a type of cloth or plastic produced by chemical processes 2 [C usually plural] a type of paint

act DO SOMETHING Dekkt/verb [1] to do something for a particular purpose, or to behave in the stated way: [+ to infinitive] Engineers acted quickly to repair the damaged pipes. Or She acted without thinking. Or The anaesthetic acted (= had an effect) quickly. Or Who is acting for/on behalf of (= who is representing) the defendant? Or He acted as if he'd never met me before. Or Don't be so silly you're acting like a child! Or He never acts on other people's advice (= does what other people suggest). Or Acting on impulse (= without thinking first) can get you into a lot of trouble.

WORDS THAT GO WITH act

an act of sth • commit an act • a barbaric/cowardly/ despicable act • a criminal/terrorist/unlawful act

act 1 /ækt/ noun [C]: an act of aggression/bravery/ madness/terrorism \circ a kind/thoughtless/selfish act \circ The sexual act itself meant little to her. \circ The simple act of telling someone about a problem can help. \circ Primitive people regarded storms as an act of God.

acting / ak.tup/ adj acting chairman/manager, etc. someone who does a job for a short time while the person who usually does that job is not there: He'll be the acting director until they can appoint a permanent one. DSee also acting at act PERFORM.

act PERFORM (1) /ækt/ verb [I or T] to play a part; to perform in a film, play, etc: Ellis Pike was chosen to act the part of the lawyer in the film. \circ Have you ever acted in a play before?

• act the fool/martyr, etc. to behave in a particular, usually bad, way: *Why are you always acting the fool?*

act (1) /ækt/ noun (1 [5] behaviour which hides your real feelings or intentions: Was she really upset or was that just an act? (2 [C] a person or group that performs a short piece in a show, or the piece that they perform: a comedy/juggling/trapeze act \circ Our next act is a very talented young musician. 3 [C] a part of a play or opera: Shakespeare's plays were written in five acts. \circ The hero does not enter until the second act/Act Two.

• do a disappearing/vanishing act to go away, usually because you do not want to do something or meet someone: *Tim always does a vanishing act when my mother comes to stay.*

• get/muscle in on the act INFORMAL to take advantage of something that someone else started: We did all the hard work of setting up the company, and now everyone wants to get in on the act.

• get your act together INFORMAL to start to organize yourself so that you do things in an effective way: She's so disorganized – I wish she'd get her act together.

 be a hard/tough act to follow INFORMAL to be so good it is not likely that anyone or anything that comes after will be as good: His presidency was very successful – it'll be a hard act to follow.

• put on an act *INFORMAL* to behave or speak in a false or artificial way: *He's just putting on an act for the boss's benefit.*

acting /'kk.tn/ *noun* [U] the job of performing in films or plays: *He wants to get into acting*. See also acting at act DO SOMETHING.

actor **(**) /*ak.tə^{r/} (**(**) /-tə^{-/} noun **(C)** (FEMALE ALSO actress) someone who pretends to be someone else while performing in a film, theatrical performance, or television or radio programme: "Who's your favourite actor?" "Robert de Niro." \circ She's the highest-paid actress in Hollywood.

act LAW /ækt/ noun [C] LEGAL a law or formal decision made by a parliament or other group of elected law-

makers: an act of parliament \circ the Betting and Gaming Act \circ Almost two hundred suspects were detained in Britain last year **under** the Prevention of Terrorism Act. \circ The state legislature **passed** an act banning the sale of automatic weapons.

PHRASAL VERBS WITH act

▲ act as sth JOB ▲ phrasal verb to do a particular job, especially one that you do not normally do: He was asked to act as an advisor on the project.

A act as sth EFFECT A phrasal verb to have a particular effect: Some people say that capital punishment acts as a deterrent.

▲ act *sth* out <u>PERFORM</u> *phrasal verb* [M] to perform the actions and say the words of a situation or story: *The children acted out their favourite poem.*

▲ act sth out EXPRESS phrasal verb [M] to express your thoughts, emotions or ideas in your actions: Children's negative feelings often get acted out in bad behaviour.

▲ act up [BEHAVE BADLY] phrasal verb If a person, especially a child, acts up, they behave badly: Sophie got bored and started acting up.

A act up NOT PERFORM *phrasal verb* **INFORMAL** If a machine or part of the body acts up, it does not perform as well as it should: *My car always acts up in cold weather.* \circ *Her shoulder was acting up* (= hurting because of injury).

WORDS THAT GO WITH action

take action • leap/spring/swing into action • galvanize/prod/spur sb into action • immediate/prompt/swift action • put [a plan/an idea] into action • a course/plan of action • in action

action DOING SOMETHING D'rak. J^on/ noun [U] the process of doing something, especially when dealing with a problem or difficulty: This problem calls for swift/ prompt action from the government. \circ [+ to infinitive] Action to prevent the spread of the disease is high on the government's agenda. \circ We must take action (= do something) to deal with the problem before it spreads to other areas. \circ So what's the plan of action (= What are we going to do)? \circ The complaints system swings into action (= starts to work) as soon as a claim is made. \circ The committee was spurred into action (= encouraged to do something) by the threat of government cuts.

• be out of action (A) If a machine or vehicle is out of action, it is not working or cannot be used: *I'm afraid the TV's out of action*.

• out of action If an athlete is out of action, they are injured or ill and cannot compete: Jackson's torn ligaments will keep him out of action for the rest of the season.

action <u>SOMETHING DONE</u> **(b)** /'æk./³n/ noun [C] **1** something that you do: She has to accept the consequences of her actions. \circ I asked him to explain his actions. **2** a physical movement: I'll say the words and you can mime the actions. \circ It only needs a small wrist action (= movement of the wrist) to start the process.

 Actions speak louder than words. SAYING said to emphasize that what you do is more important and shows your intentions and feelings more clearly than what you say

action ACTIVITY (A) /' $ak.J^{a}n$ / noun [U] things which are happening, especially exciting or important things: I like films with a lot of action. \circ In her last novel, the action (= the main events) moves between Greece and southern Spain.

• a man of action a man who prefers to do things rather than think about and discuss them

• a piece/slice of the action INFORMAL involvement in something successful that someone else has started: Now research has proved that the drug is effective everyone wants a slice of the action.

• where the action is at the place where something important or interesting is happening: *A journalist has to be where the action is.*

action [EFFECT] (A) /'pproxk. $\int^{\circ}n/noun$ [5] the effect something has on another thing: They recorded the action of the drug on the nervous system.

action [WAR] $|*kk. j^n|$ noun [U] fighting in a war: Her younger son was killed in action. \circ He was reported missing in action. \circ He saw action (= fought as a soldier) in the trenches.

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- action [MOVEMENT] /'æk. J°n/ noun [C or U] the way something moves or works: We studied the action of the digestive system. ○ The car has a very smooth braking action.
- action [LEGAL PROCESS] /'æk.f^sn/ noun [C or U] a legal process that is decided in a court of law: a libel action ○ She brought an action (for negligence) against the hospital. ○ A criminal action was brought against him. ○ The book was halted in South Africa by a threat of legal action.
- actionable //æk.f[°]n.ə.b!/ *adj SPECIALIZED* If something is actionable, it gives someone a good reason for making an accusation in a law court: *She denies that her company has been involved in any actionable activity.*
- action DEAL WITH /'ak.f°n/ verb [T usually passive] to do something to deal with a particular problem or matter: I'll just run through the minutes of the last meeting, raising those points which still have to be actioned.
- action-packed /.æk.ʃ^sn'pækt/ adj full of exciting events: an action-packed thriller/weekend/finale
- action 'replay UK noun [C] (US instant replay) a repeat of an important moment from a sports event shown on television, often more slowly to show the action in detail: They showed an action replay of the goal.
- **action stations** plural noun UK INFORMAL **1** when you are as ready as possible to perform a task you have been preparing for: The whole school was at action stations for the inspectors' visit. **2 action stations**! used to tell people to get ready immediately to do the particular jobs which they have been given to do: Right, everyone – action stations! We're starting the show in 3 minutes.
- activate /'æk.ti.veit/ verb [T] 1 to cause something to start: The alarm is activated by the lightest pressure. 2 specIALIZED to make a chemical reaction happen more quickly, especially by heating activation /,æk.ti'vei.J[°]n/ noun [U]
- active BUSY/INVOLVED () 'kk.ttv/ adj 1 busy with or ready to perform a particular activity: physically/ mentally active \circ You've got to try to keep active as you grow older. \circ Enemy forces remain active in the mountainous areas around the city. \circ She's very active in (= involved in) local politics. \circ Both of his parents were very politically active. \circ It is important to educate children before they become sexually active. \circ He takes a more active role in the team nowadays. \circ She's an active member of her trade union (= not only belongs to it, but does work to help it). 2 describes a volcano that might ERUPT (= throw out hot liquid rock or other matter) at any time
- actively (A) /* α k.tv.li/ adv: He's very actively involved in (= does a lot of work for) the local Labour Party. \circ It's nice having a man who actively encourages me to spend money. \circ I've been actively looking for a job (= trying hard to find one) for six months.
- active GRAMMAR (A) /'æk.tıv/ adj An active verb or sentence is one in which the subject is the person or thing which performs the stated action: '*Catrin told me*' is an active sentence, and 'I was told by Catrin' is passive. **D**Compare the passive GRAMMAR.
- **activism** /' $ak.ti.vi.z^{3}m/$ noun [U] the use of direct and noticeable action to achieve a result, usually a political or social one: black/student activism \circ The levels of trade union and **political** activism in this country have greatly declined in the past fifteen years.
- activist (A) /'æk.ti.vist/ noun [C] a person who believes strongly in political or social change and works hard to try and make this happen: He's been a trade union/party activist for many years. \circ a gay activist

WORDS THAT GO WITH activity MOVEMENT

feverish/frantic/strenuous activity • business/economic/political activity • a flurry of activity • the level of activity

activity MOVEMENT (B) /æk'tıv.ı.ti/ (B) /-ə.ți/ noun [U] when a lot of things are happening or people are moving

around: There was a lot of activity in preparation for the Queen's visit. \circ Ministers are concerned by the low level of economic activity. \circ There was a sudden flurry of activity when the director walked in.

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activity [WORK (B) /ak'tIV.1.ti/ (B) /-0.ti/ noun [C or U] the work of a group or organization to achieve an aim: He was found guilty of terrorist activity. • criminal activities

WORDS THAT GO WITH **activity** ENJOYMENT

do/perform an activity • engage in/join in/participate in an activity • an outdoor/leisure activity • a (wide) range of activities

activity ENJOYMENT () /æk'tIV.1.ti/ () /-ə.ti/ noun [C usually plural] something that is done for enjoyment, especially an organized event: His spare-time activities include cooking, tennis and windsurfing. • We offer our guests a wide range of outdoor/sporting activities.

actor (B) /'æk.tə^r/ (B) /-tə⁻/ noun [C] (ALSO actress) See at act PERFORM.

actual () /*æk.tfu.əl/ /-tju-/ /-tful/ adj [before noun] real; existing in fact: We had estimated about 300 visitors, but the actual number was much higher. \circ The exams are in July, but the actual results (= the results themselves) don't appear until September.

• in actual fact really: I thought she was Portuguese, but in actual fact she's Brazilian.

• in actuality FORMAL really: In actuality, there were few job losses last year.

COMMON LEARNER ERROR

actual or current ?

Use actual when you mean 'real'.

His friends call him Jo-Jo, but his actual name is John.

Use **current** to talk about things which are happening or which exist now.

She started her current job two years ago. the current economic situation the actual economic situation

- actually [IN FACT] ()/ wk.tfu.ə.li//-tju-//-tfu.li/ adv in factor really: <math>I didn't actually see her – I just heard her voice. \circ So what actually happened?
- actually SURPRISE 1/*ak.tfu.o.li//-tju-//-tfo.li/ adv used in sentences in which there is information that is in some way surprising or the opposite of what most people would expect: I didn't like him at first, but in the end I actually got quite fond of him. \circ I'm one of the few people who doesn't actually like champagne. \circ HUMOROUS Don't tell me he actually paid for you! You are honoured!
- actually OPPOSITE ① / ack.tfu.s.ii//-tju-//-tfo.li/ adv used as a way of making a sentence slightly more polite, for example when you are expressing an opposing opinion, correcting what someone else has said or refusing an offer: "Alexander looks like he'd be good at sports." "Actually, he's not." ○ Actually, Gavin, it was Tuesday of last week, not Wednesday. ○ "Do you mind if I smoke?" "Well, actually, It'd rather you didn't."
- actuary /'æk.tju.ə.ri/ (1967) / er.i/ noun [C] a person who calculates the probability of accidents, such as fire, flood or loss of property, and informs insurance companies how much they should charge their customers
- actuate /ˈwk.tʃu.ent/ /-tju-/ verb [T] SPECIALIZED OR FORMAL to make a machine work or be the reason a person acts in a certain way: A detonator is any device containing an explosive that is actuated by heat, percussion, friction, or electricity. \circ He was actuated almost entirely by altruism.
- **acuity** / $_{3'kju:.3:ti}$ ($_{3'kju:.3:ti}$ / $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3:ti}$ / $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3:ti}/$ $_{3'kju:.3$
- .ac.uk /, $ak'_{\Lambda k}$ (INTERNET ABBREVIATION FOR the last part of an Internet address that belongs to a British university or college

acumen /'æk.ju.mən/ noun [U] FORMAL skill in making correct decisions and judgments in a particular subject, such as business or politics: She has considerable business/financial acumen.

- **acupuncture** $/\frac{1}{2}$ ek.jo.paŋk.tJo⁷ (5) $/-tJ\sigma$ / noun [U] a treatment for pain and illness in which thin needles are positioned just under the surface of the skin at special nerve centres around the body: Acupuncture originated in China.
- acute EXTREME /o'kju:t/ adj 1 If a bad situation is acute, it causes severe problems or damage: She felt acute embarrassment/anxiety/concern at his behaviour. \circ The problem of poverty is particularly acute in rural areas. 2 An acute pain or illness is one that quickly becomes very severe: acute abdominal pains \circ an acute attack of appendicitis

acutely /ə'kjuit.li/ adv completely or extremely: Management is acutely aware of the resentment that their decision may cause. \circ Another scandal would be acutely embarrassing for the government. acuteness /ə'kjuit.nəs/ noun [U]

- **acute** [ACCURATE/CLEVER] /3'kju:t/ adj (of the senses, intelligence, etc.) very good, accurate and able to notice very small differences: acute eyesight/hearing \circ an acute sense of smell \circ a woman of acute intelligence/judgement acutely /3'kju:t.li/ adv acuteness /3'kju:t.ns/ noun [U]
- **acute** [ANGLE] /o'kju:t/ *adj* describes an angle that is less than 90 degrees **D**Compare **obtuse** ANGLE.
- **a,cute** ('accent) *noun* [C] a sign which is written above a letter in some languages, showing you how to pronounce the letter: *There's an acute accent on the e in blé which is the French word for corn.*
- ad /æd/ noun [C] INFORMAL FOR advertisement, see at advertise: I often prefer the ads on TV to the actual programmes.
- **AD**, US USUALLY **A.D**. /,ei'di:/ adv ABBREVIATION FOR ANNO Domini: used in the Christian CALENDAR when referring to a year after Jesus Christ was born: in 1215 AD/AD 1215 ○ during the seventh century AD **○**Compare **BC**.
- adage /'ad.1d3/ noun [C] a wise saying; proverb: He remembered the old adage 'Look before you leap'.

ad ,agency noun [C] a company that produces advertisements

- **Adam** /'æd.əm/ *noun* a character in the Bible who was the first man made by God
- adamant /'æd.ə.mənt/ adj impossible to persuade, or unwilling to change an opinion or decision: [+ that] I've told her she should stay at home and rest but she's adamant that she's coming. adamantly /'æd.ə.mənt.li/ adv: The mayor is adamantly opposed to any tax increase.
- Adam's apple /,æd.əmz'æp.!/ noun [C] the part of your throat that sticks out and tends to move up and down when you speak or swallow

adapt [CHANGE] ()/s'dæpt/ verb [1] to change something to suit different conditions or uses: Many software companies have adapted popular programs to the new operating system. • The recipe here is a pork roast adapted from Caroline O'Neill's book 'Louisiana Kitchen'.• [+ to infinitive] We had to adapt our plans to fit Jack's timetable. • The play had been adapted for (= changed to make it suitable for) children. • Davies is busy adapting Brinkworth's latest novel for television. adapted /s'dæp.td/ adj: Both trees are well adapted to London's dry climate and dirty air.

adaptable /o'dæp.tə.bl/ adj able or willing to change in order to suit different conditions: *The survivors in this life seem to be those who are adaptable to change.* adaptability /ə,dæp.tə'bil.1.ti/ (()/-a.tj/ noun [U]: Adaptability is a necessary quality in an ever-changing work environment.

adaptation /,æd.əp'tei.J^an/ noun [C or U]: Evolution occurs as a result of adaptation (= the process of changing) to new environments. \circ Last year he starred in the film adaptation of Bill Cronshaw's best-selling novel.

adaptive /ə'dæp.tɪv/ *adj sPECIALIZED* possessing an ability to change to suit different conditions

adapt <u>BECOME FAMILIAR</u> /ə'dæpt/ verb [I] to become familiar with a new situation: *The good thing about*

children is that they adapt very easily to new environments. \circ It took me a while to adapt to the new job.

adapter [DEVICE], adaptor /ɔ'dæp.tə'/ (19) /-tə/ noun [C] **1** *MAINLY UK* a type of plug ELECTRICAL DEVICE which makes it possible to connect two or more pieces of equipment to the same electrical supply **2** a device which is used to connect two pieces of equipment

adapter [WRITER], adaptor /ə'dæp.tə^{r/} () /-tæ/ noun [C] a person who makes slight changes to a book, play or other piece of text so that it can be performed

ADC / er.dir'sir/ noun [C] ABBREVIATION FOR aide-de-camp

• to add insult to injury said when you feel that someone has made a bad situation worse by doing something else to upset you: They told me I was too old for the job, and then to add insult to injury, they refused to pay my expenses!

added /'æd.td/ adj extra: He had the added disadvantage of being the only man present. \circ She lost her job last week, and now added **to that** she's pregnant again.

addition () /s'dif.'n/ noun [C or U]: Twice a week the children are tested in basic mathematical skills such as addition (= calculating the total of different numbers put together) and subtraction. O Most working environments are improved by the addition of (= adding) a few plants and pictures. O A secretary would be a welcome/ useful addition to our staff. O In addition to his flat in London, he has a villa in Italy and a castle in Scotland. O HUMOROUS I hear you're expecting a small addition to the family (= you are going to have a baby)!

additional (1) /s'dı [.°n.³l/ adj extra: additional costs/ problems \circ There will be an extra charge for any additional passengers.

additionally $/_{2'}d_{1}$.^an.^al.ⁱ/ *adv: Additionally* (= also), we request a deposit of \$200 in advance.

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PHRASAL VERBS WITH add

▲ add (sth) up ▲ phrasal verb [M] to calculate the total of two or more numbers: If you add those four figures up, it comes to over £500. ○ She added the bill up. ○ I'm not very good at adding up!

• not add up INFORMAL If a situation does not add up, there is no reasonable or likely explanation for it: Why would she disappear the day before her holiday? It just doesn't add up.

▲ add up to sth [AMOUNT] phrasal verb to become a particular amount: The various building programmes add up to several thousand new homes. ○ We thought we'd bought lots of food, but it didn't add up to much when we'd spread it out on the table.

▲ add up to *sth* RESULT *phrasal verb* to have a particular result or effect: *It all added up to a lot of hard work for all of us.* $^{\circ}$ *Their proposals do not add up to any real help for the poor.*

ADD /,et.di:'di:/ ABBREVIATION FOR Attention Deficit Disorder: a condition in which someone, especially a child, is often in a state of activity or excitement and unable to direct their attention towards what they are doing

added-value /,æd.rd'væl.ju:/ noun [U] an improvement or addition to something which makes it worth more: The printer's added-value makes it worth the extra cost. added-value /,æd.rd'væl.ju:/ adj [before noun]

addendum /ə'den.dəm/ noun [C] (plural addenda) SPECIALIZED something that has been added to a book, speech or document

adder /'æd.ə^r/ 🐵 /-æ/ noun [C] a type of poisonous snake

addict (A) /'æd.1kt/ noun [C] a person who cannot stop doing or using something, especially something harm_ _ _

addicted (A) /s'dık.tıd/ adj: By the age of 14 he was addicted to heroin. \circ I'm addicted to (= I very often eat/ drink) chocolate/lattes. \circ I know that if I start watching a soap opera I immediately become hopelessly addicted. addiction /s'dık.ʃ^an/ noun [C or U]: drug addiction \circ his addiction to alcohol

addictive (A) /s'dik.tv/ adj 1 An addictive drug is one which you cannot stop taking once you have started: *Tobacco is highly addictive*. 2 describes an activity or food that you cannot stop doing or eating once you have started: *The problem with video games is that they're* addictive. \circ *These nuts are addictive – I can't stop eating them.* 3 addictive personality a set of characteristics which mean that you very quickly become addicted to drugs, food, alcohol, etc: *He's got an addictive personality.*

addition noun [C or U] See at add.

additional adj ⊃See at add.

- additive /'æd.1.tɪv/ ⁽¹⁾/₂, /₂, /₁v/ *noun* [C] a substance which is added to food in order to improve its taste or appearance or to preserve it: *food additives* o *This margarine is full* of *additives* – *just look at the label!*
- **addle** /'æd.l/ verb [T] MAINLY HUMOROUS to make someone feel confused and unable to think clearly: I think my brain's been addled by the heat!

addled /'æd.ld/ adj MAINLY HUMOROUS I'm afraid my sunaddled (= confused) brain couldn't make any sense of the instructions.

- **add-on** /'æd.on/ (13) /-d:n/ noun [C] **1** a piece of equipment which can be connected to a computer to give it an extra use: A modem is a useful add-on. **2** an extra part which is added, especially to an officially organized plan, system, agreement, etc: Legal expenses cover is often sold as an add-on to household insurance policies.
- address <u>HOME DETAILS</u> (3) /s'dres/ (3) /'æd.res/ noun [C] **1** the number of the house and name of the road and town where a person lives or works and where letters can be sent: her business/home address \circ a change of address o I'll just look her phone number up in my address book. **2** spectALIZED the place where a piece of information is stored in a computer's memory

address /əˈdres/ verb [T] to write a name or address on an envelope or parcel: The parcel was wrongly addressed. • So why did you open a letter that was addressed to me?

addressee / $_{\rm ad}.res'i:/$ noun [C] a person whose name or address is written on a letter or parcel

address [SPEAK TO] (A) /s'dres/ verb [T] FORMAL to speak or write to someone: He addressed a few introductory remarks to the audience. \circ He likes to be addressed as 'Sir' or 'Mr Partridge'.

address /s'dres/ (()/'wd.res/ noun [C] a formal speech: She gave an address to the Royal Academy.

- address DEAL WITH (A) /s'dres/ verb [T] to give attention to or deal with a matter or problem: The issue of funding has yet to be addressed.
- **adenoids** /'æd.^an.ɔidz/ *plural noun* the soft mass of flesh between the back of the nose and the throat, which sometimes makes breathing difficult **adenoidal** /_iæd.^an-'ɔi.d^a/' *adj*
- **adept** /₃'dept/ adj having a natural ability to do something that needs skill: She's very adept at dealing with the media. \circ Tamsin Palmer gave an impressive and technically adept performance on the piano. adeptly /₃-'dept.il/ adv

adequacy noun [U] ⊃See at adequate.

adequate (A) /'æd.ə.kwət/ adj enough or satisfactory for a particular purpose: Have we got adequate food for twenty guests? \circ I didn't have adequate time to prepare. \circ It's not by any means a brilliant salary but it's adequate for our needs. \circ The council's provision for the elderly is barely adequate (= is not enough). \circ [+ to infinitive] Will future oil supplies be adequate to meet world needs? \circ The opposite is inadequate. adequately /'æd.ə.kwət.li' adv: While some patients can be adequately cared for at home, others are best served by care in a hospital. **adequacy** /'æd.ə.kwə.si/ noun [U]: The adequacy of public health care has been brought into question.

ADHD / e1.di:.et j'di:/ noun [U] MAINLY UK ABBREVIATION FOR attention deficit hyperactivity disorder

adhere /əd'hıə^r/ ⁽⁽⁽⁽⁾) /-'hır[/] verb [I] FORMAL to stick firmly: A smooth, dry surface helps the tiles adhere to the wall.

adherent /əd'hiə.rənt/ ()// /-'hir.^ənt/ *adj FORMAL* sticky: *an adherent surface*

adhesion /ədˈhi:.ʒən/ noun [U] the ability to stick: At this stage a resin is used with a high level of adhesion.

▲ adhere to sth phrasal verb FORMAL to continue to obey a rule or maintain a belief: She adhered to her principles/ideals throughout her life. \circ They failed to adhere to the terms of the agreement/treaty. \circ The translator has obviously adhered very strictly to the original text. adherence /ad'hio.ronts/ (③ /-'hir.°nts/ noun [U] FORMAL He was noted for his strict adherence to the rules.

adherent /əd'hiə.rənt/ (19) /-'hir.⁹nt/ noun [C] FORMAL a person who strongly supports a particular person, principle or set of ideas: She has long been an adherent of the Communist Party.

adhesive /ad'hi:.siv/ noun [C or U] glue: You'll need a/ some strong adhesive to mend that chair.

adhesive /əd'hir.sıv/ adj sticky: adhesive tape/paper

- **ad hoc** /,æd'hok/ ()/-'ho:k/ *adj* [before noun] made or happening only for a particular purpose or need, not planned in advance: *an ad hoc committee/meeting* • *We deal with problems on an ad hoc basis* (= as they happen).
- **adieu** /ə'dju:/ /-'dju/ ((()) /-'du:/ *exclamation LITERARY OR OLD* USE goodbye: She **bade** (= said to) him adieu and left.
- ad infinitum / æd.in.fi'nai.təm/ (1) /-təm/ adv forever, without ending: "Why was she such a lousy boss?" "Oh, because she was unreasonable, disrespectful, rude, inconsiderate – I could go on ad infinitum."
- adios /,æd.i'ps/ I /-'ous/ exclamation MAINLY US INFORMAL goodbye
- adipose /'æd.1.pəus/ /-pəuz/ (19) /-ə.pous/ *adj* [before noun] *SPECIALIZED* of animal fat: *adipose tissue* (= fat)

adj noun WRITTEN ABBREVIATION FOR adjective

- adjacent (A) /ɔ'dʒer.s^ant/ adj FORMAL very near, next to, or touching: They work in adjacent buildings. • They lived in a house adjacent to the railway.
- adjective () /'ædʒ.ek.tɪv/ noun [C] a word that describes a noun or pronoun: 'Big', 'boring', 'purple', 'quick' and 'obvious' are all adjectives. adjectival /,ædʒ.ek'taɪ.v⁰l. adj: an adjectival phrase adjectivally /,ædʒ.ek-'taɪ.v⁰l.i/ ady: In 'kitchen table', the noun 'kitchen' is used adjectivally.
- **adjoin** /s'd55111/ verb [I or T] FORMAL to be very near, next to, or touching: The stables adjoin the west wing of the house. \circ It's at this point that these three neighbourhoods adjoin.

adjoining /ə'dʒɔi.niŋ/ *adj* [before noun]: *We asked for adjoining rooms* (= rooms next to each other).

adjourn / \mathfrak{s}^{1} / $\mathfrak{s}^{2}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}$ / $\mathfrak{s}^{2}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}$ / $\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrakn}/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrakn/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrakn/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrakn/\mathfraks}\mathfrakn/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrakn/\mathfrak{s}\mathfrakn/\mathfraks}\mathfrakn/\mathfraks$

▲ adjourn to somewhere phrasal verb HUMOROUS to finish doing something and go somewhere, usually for a drink and some food: Shall we adjourn to the sitting room for coffee?

- adjudge /3'd3∧d3/ verb [T often passive] FORMAL to announce a decision or consider something, especially officially: [+ to infinitive] Half an hour into the game Paterson was adjudged to have fouled Jackson and was sent off. ○ [+ noun or adj] In October 1990, Mirchandani was adjudged bankrupt. ○ Fairbanks was adjudged the winner.
- adjudicate /ə'dʒu:.dı.keɪt/ verb [I or T] to act as judge in a competition or argument, or to make a formal decision about something: He was asked to adjudicate on the dis-

pute. \circ He was called in to adjudicate a local land dispute. \circ [+ two objects] The game was adjudicated a win for Black.

- adjudication $|\circ_1 d_3 u:.dr'ke..f^3n/$ noun [C or U]: The legality of the transaction is still **under** adjudication (= being decided) in the courts. \circ His adjudication was later found to be faulty. adjudicator $|\circ' d_3 u:.dr.ke.rtor'| \otimes |-t_3 noun$ [C]: She acted as adjudicator in the dispute.
- **adjunct** / $kd_{3.ngkt}$ / noun [C] FORMAL something added or connected to a larger or more important thing: I hoped I would find the computer course a useful adjunct to my other studies. \circ In grammar, an adjunct is an adverb or adverbial phrase that gives extra information in a sentence.
- adjure /o'd3uo'/ (1) /-'d3ur/ verb [T + to infinitive] FORMAL to ask or order someone to do something: The judge adjured him to answer truthfully.
- **adjust** [CHANGE] (Λ)/s'd₃Ast/ verb [T] **1** to change something slightly, especially to make it more correct, effective, or suitable: If the chair is too high you can adjust it to suit you. \circ As a teacher you have to adjust your methods to suit the needs of slower children. **2** to arrange your clothing to make yourself look tidy: She adjusted her skirt, took a deep breath and walked into the room.

adjustable / \mathfrak{s} 'd $\mathfrak{z}_{\Lambda\mathfrak{s}}$ to bl/ *adj* able to be changed to suit particular needs: *The height of the steering wheel is adjustable*. \circ *Is the strap on this helmet adjustable*?

adjustment (A) /a'd3_Ast.mont/ noun [C or U] a small change: She made a few minor adjustments to the focus of her camera.

adjust [BECOME FAMILIAR] /3'd₃Ast/ verb [I] to become more familiar with a new situation: I can't adjust to living on my own. \circ Her eyes slowly adjusted to the dark. \circ The lifestyle is so very different – it takes a while to adjust.

adjustment /s'd3Ast.mont/ noun [C or U] the ability to become more familiar with a new situation: *He has so far failed to make the adjustment from school to work.*

adjustment noun [c or U] ⊃See at adjust CHANGE, adjust BECOME FAMILIAR.

- **adjutant** /'ædʒ.o.t°nt/ noun [C] a military officer who does office work and who is responsible for rules and punishment among the lower ranks
- ad 'lib adj [before noun], adv said without any preparation or thought in advance: I'd forgotten the notes for my speech so I had to do it ad lib. o ad-lib comments
 ad-lib /,æd'lıb/ verb [I or T] (-bb-) to speak in public without having planned what to say: She ad-libbed her way through the entire speech.
- adman /'æd.mæn/ noun [C] a man who works in advertising
- administer [MANAGE] />d'min.i.stə^r/ (39) /-stə⁻/ verb [T often passive] to control the operation or arrangement of something; to manage or govern: The country was administered by the British until very recently. \circ The economy has been badly administered by the present government.

administration (1) /ad,min.r'strei. $\int^{s_{n}}/noun$ (INFORMAL admin) [U] the arrangements and tasks needed to control the operation of a plan or organization: *Teachers* complain that more of their time is taken up with administration than with teaching. \circ She has little experience in administration (= in organizing a business, etc.). 2 [C] a period of government in the United States: the Bush administration/the last Republican administration

administrative (A) /əd'min.i.strə.tıv/ (B) /-tıv/ adj relating to the arrangements and work which is needed to control the operation of a plan or organization: administrative work o an administrative problem o Your responsibilities will be mainly administrative. administratively /əd'min.is.trə.tıv.li/ (B) /-tıv-/ adv administrator (A) /əd-'min.is.tre.t.s^T/ (B) /-tə/ noun [C]: From 1969 to 1971, he was administrator of the Illinois state drug abuse program. o She works as a school administrator.

administer GIVE /əd'min.i.stə⁷/ (39) /-stə²/ verb [T] FORMAL 1 to cause someone to receive something: to administer medicine/punishment/relief \circ Tests will be administered to schoolchildren at seven, twelve and sixteen years. \circ FIGURATIVE The latest opinion polls have administered a severe blow to the party. 2 administer an oath to sb to be present while someone says an OATH (= formal promise) officially

administration noun **See** at administer MANAGE.

administrative *adj* **See** at administer MANAGE.

administrator noun [C] See at administer MANAGE.

admiral /'æd.mi.rəl/ noun [C] an officer of very high rank in the navy: Admiral Nelson

the Admiralty $\partial \dot{a}^{i}$ ad.mr.rəl.ti/ (36) $-\dot{t}i$ / noun [5] in the past, in Britain, the government department in charge of the navy

admiration noun [U] See at admire.

admire ① /əd'maıə'/ ③ /-'maır/ verb [T] to respect and approve of someone or their behaviour, or to find someone or something attractive and pleasant to look at: I admired him for his determination. \circ I really admire people who can work in such difficult conditions. \circ We stood for a few moments, admiring the view. \circ I was just admiring your jacket, Delia.

admirable /'æd.ml.rə.b!/ adj deserving respect or approval: I think you showed admirable tact/restraint/ self-control in your answer. • The police did an admirable job in keeping the fans calm.

admirably / æd.m.r.ə.bli/ adv: I think she coped admirably (= very well) with a very difficult situation.

WORDS THAT GO WITH **admiration**

express/feel/have admiration • earn/gain/win (sb's) admiration • genuine/great/profound • grudging/sneaking admiration • mutual admiration • admiration for sb/sth • [gaze/gasp/watch, etc] in/with admiration

admiration () , $ad.mi'ret.J^n/$ noun [U] when you admire someone or something: My admiration for that woman grows daily. \circ She gazed in admiration at his broad, muscular shoulders.

admirer /ad'mais.rə^r/ (\mathfrak{B} /-'mair.ə^r/ noun [C] someone who finds someone else sexually attractive, or someone who admires someone or something: She's got plenty of admirers. \circ She's got a secret admirer who keeps sending her gifts. \circ The policy has few admirers (= few people like it).

admiring /əd'matə.rıŋ/ () /-'matr.ıŋ/ adj showing admiration: Annette was getting lots of admiring looks/glances in her new red dress. O She was surrounded by a group of admiring photographers.

admiringly /əd/maiə.rŋ.li/ (//mair.ŋ./ adv: The women sitting opposite us were gazing admiringly (= with admiration) at baby Joe.

admissible /əd'mıs.ı.b!/ adj FORMAL considered satisfactory and acceptable in a law court: The judge ruled that new evidence was admissible. **⊃**The opposite is inadmissible. admissibility /əd,mıs.ə'bil.ı.ti/ ^(IIII) /-ə.ți/ noun ^[III]

admission *noun* [C or U] See at admit ACCEPT, admit ALLOW IN.

admit ACCEPT (B) /ad'mit/ verb [I or I] (-tt-) to agree that something is true, especially unwillingly: He admitted his guilt/mistake. \circ [+ (that] She admitted (that) she had made a mistake. \circ [+ v-ing] She admitted making a mistake. \circ At first he denied stealing the money but he later admitted (to) it. \circ I wasn't entirely honest with him, I admit, but I didn't actually tell him any lies. \circ [+ to infinitive] The new law was generally admitted to be difficult to enforce.

• admit defeat to accept that you have failed and give up: After several attempts to untie the knot, I admitted defeat and cut through it with a knife.

admission $(\operatorname{ad'mif})^{n}(\operatorname{noun} [C \text{ or } U]$ when you agree that something is true, especially unwillingly: Her silence was taken as an admission of guilt/defeat. $(+ \operatorname{that})$ I felt he would see my giving up now as an admission that I was wrong. $O \operatorname{By}/On$ his own admission (= as he has said) he has achieved little since he took over the company.

admittedly (1) /əd'mit.id.li/ (1) /-mit.-/ adv used when you are agreeing that something is true, especially unwillingly: Admittedly, I could have tried harder but I still don't think all this criticism is fair. admit ALLOW IN /ad'mit/ verb [7] (-tt-) 1 to allow someone to enter a place: Each ticket admits one member and one guest. O Men will not be admitted to the restaurant without a tie. O LITERARY A gap between the curtains admitted the faint glimmer of a street lamp. 2 to allow a person or country to join an organization: Spain was admitted to the European Community in 1986. 3 to allow someone to enter a hospital because they need medical care: She was admitted to hospital (us to the hospital) suffering from shock.

admission /sd'mif.n/ noun [C or U] when someone is given permission to enter a place, or the money that you pay to enter a place: Admission to the exhibition will be by invitation only. \circ How much do they charge for admission. \circ The admission charge/fee is Σ . \circ There's a notice outside the building which says 'No admission before 12 noon'.

admissions /ad'mif.^anz/ plural noun the people allowed into a college, hospital, or other place, or the process of allowing people in: Half of all hospital admissions are emergencies, and these are treated straightaway.

admittance /əd'mit.⁵nts/ (1) /-'mit./ noun [U] FORMAL permission to enter a place: The sign read 'Private – no admittance'. • The enquiry centred on how the assassin had gained admittance to (= succeeded in entering) the building.

▲ admit of sth phrasal verb FORMAL to allow something or make it possible: The present schedule does not admit of modification (= it cannot be changed). ○ The latest events admit of several interpretations.

- admixture /əd'miks.tfər/ (3) /-tfər/ noun [C usually singular] SPECIALIZED something that is added to something else: Platinum combines with phosphorus and arsenic and is seldom found without an admixture of related metals.
- admonish /əd'mon.if/ (1)/+'mo:.nif/ verb FORMAL 1 [T] to tell someone that they have done something wrong: His mother admonished him for eating too quickly. 2 [T + to infinitive] to advise someone to do something: Her teacher admonished her to work harder for her exams.
- admonition /,æd.mə'nıʃ.°n/ noun [C] (ALSO admonishment) FORMAL a piece of advice that is also a warning to someone about their behaviour: The most common parental admonition must surely be "Don't stay out late". admonitory /əd'mon.t1°r.i/ ()/-'mo:.nə.tɔ:.ri/ adj FORMAL an admonitory remark
- ad nauseam /,æd'no:.zi.æm/ (ﷺ) /-'no:-/ adv If someone discusses something ad nauseam, they talk about it so much that it becomes very boring: He talks ad nauseam about how clever his children are.
- **ado** /ə'du:/ noun without further/more ado without wasting more time: And so, without further ado, let me introduce tonight's speaker.
- **adobe** /o'dou.bi/ (() /o'dou-/ noun [U] a mixture of earth and straw made into bricks and dried in the sun, used to build houses in some parts of the world: *an adobe house*
- adolescent (A) /, #d.ə'les.^ant/ noun [C] a young person who is developing into an adult

adolescent /,æd.s'les.^ant/ *adj* **1** being or relating to an adolescent: *an adolescent boy* \circ *adolescent concerns/ traumas/problems* **2** describes an adult or an adult's behaviour that is silly and childish: *adolescent humour/ behaviour*

adolescence /,æd.ə'les.'nts/ noun [U] the period of time in a person's life when they are developing into an adult: *a* troubled adolescence \circ yet another novel about the joys and sorrows of adolescence

Adonis /ɔ'dəʊ.nis/ () /-'da:.nis/ noun [C] a very beautiful or sexually attractive young man: She walked in on the arm of some blond Adonis.

adopt TAKE CHILD (1) /3'dopt/ (1) /-'da:pt/ verb [I or T] to take another person's child into your own family and legally raise him or her as your own child: They've adopted a baby girl. \circ She had the child adopted (= She gave her baby to someone else to raise). \circ They have no children of their own, but they're hoping to adopt. \circ Compare foster TAKE CARE OF. adopted /3'dop.ttd/ (1) /--'da:p-/ adj: They've got two adopted children and one of their own. **adoption** / σ 'dop.f^on/ ((\mathfrak{S}) /-'do:p-/ noun [C or U]: She was homeless and had to **put** her child **up** for adoption (= asked for the child to be taken by another adult or family as their own). \circ The last ten years have seen a dramatic fall in the number of adoptions.

adoptive /ə'dɒp.tɪv/ () /-'dɑ:p-/ adj [before noun] An adoptive parent is one who has adopted a child.

adopt START (A) /o'dopt/ (S) /-'da:pt/ verb [T] to accept or start to use something new: I think it's time to adopt a different strategy in my dealings with him. • The new tax would force companies to adopt energy-saving measures. • He's adopted a remarkably light-hearted attitude towards the situation. adoption /o'dop.J'n/ (S) /-'da:p-/ noun [U]: Several suggestions have been offered for adoption by the panel.

adopt <u>[CHOOSE]</u> /s'dopt/ (S) /-'do:pt/ verb [I] to choose or claim as your own: Dr Kennedy has been adopted as the party's candidate for South Cambridge. \circ Roz has adopted one or two funny mannerisms since she's been away.

adopted /ɔ'dɒp.tɪd/ (\$) /-'dɑ:p-/ adj [before noun]: Spain is my adopted country (= not the country where I was born, but the one where I have chosen to live). adoption /ɔ-'dɒp.j^n/ (\$) /-'dɑ:p-/ noun [U]: England was Conrad's country of adoption.

adore [LOVE] /s'do:t'/ (3) /-'do:t/ verb [T not continuous] to love someone very much, especially in an admiring or respectful way, or to like something very much: She has one son and she adores him. \circ I absolutely adore chocolate. \circ [+ v-ing] Don't you just adore lying in a hot bath?

adorable /ɔ'dɔ:.rə.bl/ ⁽¹/₂).-'dɔ:r.ə-/ *adj* describes a person or animal that makes you feel great affection because they are so attractive and often small: *She has the most adorable two-year-old girl.* ○ *an adorable puppy*

adoration /,<code>xd.ə'rer.f^on/</code> noun [U] very strong love for someone: her complete adoration of her brother

adoring /ə'dɔ:.rŋ/ adj showing very strong love for someone: I refuse to play the part of the adoring wife.

adore [WORSHIP] /s'do:'/ ($^{(0)}$ /-'do:r/ verb [T not continuous] FOR-MAL to worship: Let us adore God for all his works. adoration /, ed. s'ret. J'n/ noun [U]: The painting depicts the three wise men kneeling in adoration of the baby Jesus.

adorn /ɔ'dɔ:n/ (1) /-'dɔ:rn/ verb [T] LITERARY to add something decorative to a person or thing: The bride's hair was adorned with pearls and white flowers.

adornment /ə'dɔ:n.mənt/ (I) /-'dɔ:rn-/ noun [C or U] LITERARY something decorative, or the act of decorating something or someone

adrenalin, adrenaline /ɔ'dren.ºl.m/ noun [U] a hormone produced by the body when you are frightened, angry or excited, which makes the heart beat faster and prepares the body to react to danger: *These arguments always get* my adrenalin going (= make me excited or angry).

- adrift /ɔ'drift/ adj [after verb] 1 If a boat is adrift, it is moving on the water but is not controlled by anyone because of a problem: He spent three days adrift on his yacht. 2 If a person is adrift, they do not have a clear purpose in life and do not know what they want to do: Da Silva plays a bright, lonely student from New York, adrift in small-town Arizona. 3 INFORMAL go/come adrift to become loose: The hem of my skirt's come adrift again. 4 INFORMAL go adrift If plans go adrift they fail or do not produce the correct results: Something seems to have gone adrift in our calculations.
- **adroit** /ɔ'drɔit/ adj very skilful and quick in the way you think or move: an adroit reaction/answer/movement of the hand \circ She became adroit at dealing with difficult questions. **adroitly** /ɔ'drɔit.li/ adv: She adroitly avoided the question. \circ He adroitly slipped the money into his pocket. **adroitness** /ɔ'drɔit.nəs/ noun [U]
- **ADSL** /,er.di:.es'el/ noun [U] SPECIALIZED ABBREVIATION FOR asymmetric digital subscriber line: a system for providing a very fast Internet connection that allows you to use a telephone at the same time
- **adulation** /,æd.jo'le1.j°n/ noun [U] very great admiration or praise for someone, especially when it is more than is deserved: *Minelli is a born performer – she loves*