

Index

- ADC dynamic range, 122
- aliasing, 116
- alternating current, 15
- Ampère's law, 13
- amplification factor, 54
- amplitude modulation, 34
- amplitude-shift keying, 207
- analogue-to-digital converter (ADC), 120
- angle modulation, 97
- anode, 53
- antenna efficiency, 155
- antenna temperature, 76
- anti-aliasing filter, 118
- aperture antennas, 176
- array antennas, 169
- array gain, 212
- atmospheric ducting, 197
- atmospheric noise, 221

- balanced mixer, 92
- band-pass filter, 42
- bandwidth, 34
- Barkhausen criterion, 84
- base spreading resistance, 65
- basis vectors, 23
- batteries, 8
- bipolar junction transistor, 59
- bistatic radars, 215
- Bouger's law, 196
- Bragg scattering, 205
- broadband antennas, 165
- broadside array, 169
- Butterworth filter, 50

- capacitance, 7
- capacitive transformer, 49
- carrier frequency, 34
- carrier signal, 94
- cathode, 53
- cellular radio, 211
- characteristic impedance, 131
- Chebyshev filter, 51
- Child–Langmuir law, 53

- circular polarisation, 219
- class A amplifier, 107
- class B amplifier, 107
- class C amplifier, 107
- class D amplifier, 107
- clutter, 215
- coaxial transmission line, 129
- coding, 208
- coherer, 36
- Colpitts oscillator, 84
- combinatorial logic, 111
- complex numbers, 39
- conjugate, 41
- conjugate match, 41
- cosmic noise, 221
- Coulombs law, 3
- crystal detector, 36
- crystal resonator, 102
- current gain, 61

- Debye formula, 197
- decibel, 52, 161, 186
- decimation, 126
- decimation filter, 119
- demodulation, 93
- depletion region, 57
- desensitisation, 80
- diffraction, 198
- diffusion, 57
- digital audio broadcasting, 210
- digital demodulation, 126
- digital filter, 119
- digital techniques, 110
- dipole antenna, 34
- direct conversion, 89
- direct conversion receiver, 125
- directional coupler, 143
- directivity, 159
- discrete Fourier transform (DFT), 115
- dispersion, 132, 192, 216
- displacement current, 19
- dither, 122
- doped semiconductor, 56

- Doppler shift, 215
 dot product, 4
 double balanced mixer, 92
 down sampling, 119
 drift current, 58

 Edison effect, 53
 effective aperture, 180, 186
 effective impedance, 203
 effective length, 158
 effective permittivity, 203
 electric dipole, 150
 electric field, 4
 electric flux, 9
 electric intensity, 4
 electrically small antennas, 163
 electricity, 1
 electromagnetic waves, 23
 electromagnetism, 14
 electromotive force, 15
 emitter resistance, 65
 endfire array, 171
 evanescent modes, 177
 external noise, 76
 externally noise-limited, 77
 extremely low frequencies (ELF), 229

 F2 layer, 192
 fading, 187
 Faraday rotation, 218
 Faraday's law, 15
 feedback, 83
 field lines, 6
 field-effect transistor, 66
 field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), 114
 filter ripple, 51
 filters, 34, 50
 flash A to D converter, 120
 flash converter, 121
 flux, 9
 frequency diversity, 213
 frequency modulation, 34, 97
 frequency synthesiser, 104
 frequency-modulated continuous wave (FMCW), 216
 frequency-shift keying, 207
 Friis equation, 186

 gain, 159
 gain compression, 79
 galactic noise, 221
 Gauss' Law, 10
 geostationary orbit, 217
 Gilbert cell, 93
 Global Positioning System (GPS), 218

 grating lobes, 171
 grid, 54
 grid leak capacitor, 54

 half-wave dipole, 153
 Heaviside layer, 195
 hertz, 31
 HF fading, 218
 high frequencies (HF), 229
 high ray, 194
 Hilbert transform, 126
 hollow waveguide, 176
 homodyne, 89
 horizontal polarisation, 184
 Huygens' principle, 188, 198

 ideal dipole, 151
 ideal transformer, 46
 impedance, 29, 40
 impedance matrix, 140
 in-phase, 97
 inductive transformer, 45
 inductors, 17
 insertion gain, 43
 insertion loss, 52
 integrated circuit (IC), 93
 inter-modulation distortion, 80
 inter-symbol interference, 209
 interferometry, 222
 intermediate-frequency, 93
 internal noise, 75
 interpolating filter, 128
 interpolation filter, 119
 ionosphere, 191, 194

 Johnson noise, 75

 Kirchhoff integral, 180, 198

 L network, 47
 lapse rate, 197
 load line, 54, 61
 local oscillator, 89
 log-periodic dipole array, 176
 log-periodic structure, 174
 Lorentz force, 13
 low frequencies (LF), 229
 low ray, 194
 low-pass filter, 48
 lower sideband, 94

 magnetic dipole, 157
 magnetic flux density, 11
 magnetism, 10
 magnets, 10

- man-made noise, 221
 matched load, 133
 Maxwell's equations, 19, 20
 medium frequencies (MF), 229
 microstrip, 131
 Miller effect, 72
 Miller's theorem, 71
 minimum detectable signal, 79
 mixers, 89
 modulation, 93
 monopole antenna, 161
 monostatic radar, 215
 Morse code, 206
 mutual inductance, 16
- NAND gate, 110
 noise, 75
 noise factor, 77
 noise figure, 77
 noise floor, 78
 nonlinearity in amplifiers, 79
 Nyquist bandwidth, 122
 Nyquist sampling theorem, 118
- ohmic loss, 8
 open-circuit transmission line, 135
 operational amplifier, 74
 orthogonal frequency-division multiplexing, 210
 oscillation frequency, 31
 oscillator noise, 100
 oscillators, 83
 over the horizon propagation, 197
 over-sampling, 123
 over-the-horizon radar, 216
- parabolic layer, 192
 parallel resonance, 44
 parallel-strip line, 131
 parallel-wire transmission line, 129
 parasitic elements, 173
 patch antenna, 181
 permeability, 17
 permittivity, 3, 7
 perveance, 53
 phase modulation, 34, 97
 phase noise, 101
 phase-shift keying, 207
 phasing SSB generator, 95
 pinch-off voltage, 67
 plane waves, 26
 point contact diode, 36
 polarisation efficiency, 186
 polarisation matching, 186
 positive feedback, 83
 potential, 5
 potential difference, 3, 5
- power, 40
 power amplifiers, 105
 power loss, 40
 propagation constant, 133
 pulse-repetition frequency, 214
- Q* (quality) factor, 43
 quadrature, 97
 quality factor, 43
 quantisation noise, 122
 quench frequency, 89
 quiescent current, 63
- radar, 214
 radar cross section, 214
 radar equation, 214
 radio astronomy, 222
 radio frequency amplifiers, 71
 radio spectrum, 39
 ray, 188
 reactance, 40
 reciprocal mixing, 101
 reciprocity, 158
 reflection, 183
 reflection coefficient, 133, 162
 refraction, 183, 188
 refractive index, 192
 regenerative amplifier, 83
 regenerative receiver, 83
 resonance, 19
 resonant frequency, 42
 reverse bias, 58
- sample and hold, 121
 sampling, 115
 satellite communications, 217
 saturation, 67
 scattering matrix, 141
 scintillation, 220
 semiconductor, 56
 semiconductor diodes, 56
 sequential logic, 112
 series resonance, 42
 short dipole, 153
 short-circuit transmission line, 135
 shot noise, 76
 side lobes, 170
 sigma-delta converter, 124
 signal-to-interference ratio (SIR), 211
 single-sideband modulation (SSB), 95
 skin effect, 155
 skip zone, 193
 small signal analysis, 65
 Snell's law, 185, 191, 192
 software defined radio, 110
 spacial diversity, 213

- spark transmitter, 34
- spectral leakage, 116
- spreading loss, 186
- spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR), 82
- static noise, 99
- strongly coupled transformer, 45
- superheterodyne receiver, 93
- surface wave, 202
- synchronous demodulator, 89
- synthetic aperture radar, 216

- telegrapher's equation, 132
- temperature inversion, 197
- tetrode valve, 74
- thermionic valves, 53
- third-order intercept point, 80
- time diversity, 213
- time-harmonic, 39
- transconductance, 65
- transducer power gain, 145
- transformers, 16
- transmission lines, 129
- transmission-line resonators, 135
- transmission-line transformers, 146

- travelling-wave antenna, 167
- trigonometric identities, 225
- tropospheric scatter, 205
- tuned circuits, 39, 42
- turns ratio, 46

- ultra high frequencies (UHF), 229
- unconditionally stable, 145
- under sampling, 128
- upper sideband, 94

- vacuum tubes, 54
- variable-frequency oscillator, 93
- vector product, 11
- vertical polarisation, 184
- very high frequencies (VHF), 229
- very low frequencies (VLF), 229
- voltage divider, 42
- voltage standing-wave ratio (VSWR), 134
- voltage-controlled oscillator, 98

- wave equation, 22
- wavefront, 21
- waves, 21
- windowing, 118