

Index

- abuse, definition 259. *See also* domestic violence and abuse
- academic research vs. grey literature 279
- accelerated ageing 233–234
- adoption
 prejudice and discrimination 25–26
 transgender people 174–175
- adulthood 140–142
- ageing and chronic illness 232, 253
- accelerated ageing 233–234
- ageing well 232–237
- chronic illness 242–248
- cohort effects 237–240
- current research 237–241, 242–247, 248–251
- dementia 245–247
- dying and bereavement 248–253
- future research 241–242, 247–248, 252–253
- multi-morbidities 242–247
- older LGBTIQ people 242–248
- ageism 140–142, 239–240
- agender people 81
- AIDS. *See* HIV/AIDS
- American Psychological Association (APA) 51, 53, 54
- anal sex
 gay men 211, 220
 transgender people 228
- Androgen Insensitivity Syndrome (AIS) 41, 156, 218–219
- androgyny 70–71
- animals
 companionship 256–257, 267, 271–275, 276
 human attachment 275
 violence and abuse by humans 266–268
- anonymity, research 36
- antenatal services, lesbian women 170–171
- anti-LGBTIQ hate crime 10. *See also* victimisation
- anxiety and depression 153, 206–207
- asexuality 10–11, 59–60, 232
- assigned sex 31, 38, 46–48
- assimilation 117, 119–121
- assisted reproductive technologies 144, 162, 183
- current research 165–171, 173–175, 177–179, 181–182
- definitions and terminology 162
- future research 171, 175–176, 179–180, 182–183
- gay men, transnational surrogacy 176–180
- lesbian, bisexual, and queer women 164–171
- outcomes for children 181–183
- rights and justice 162–164
- trans, fertility preservation 171–176
- transgender men 164
- Attitudes toward Lesbians and Gay Men Scale 188, 189
- attitudinal research 188
- Australian Psychological Society (APS) 51, 54
- aversion therapy 50, 51–52
- ‘barebacking’ 220, 223
- BDSM. *See* bondage, domination, sadism, masochism
- Bem, Sandra 70–71
- Benjamin, Harry 45–46
- bereavement
 gay men 248–250
 overload 52, 249–250
 partner 250–251
- biological determinism 15, 16–17, 20–21, 38–39, 46, 48–49
- biphobia 59, 130–131, 187, 190
- Bisexual Option, The* (Klein) 57
- bisexuality. *See also* biphobia
 affirmative psychology 59
 assisted reproductive technologies 164–171
 LGB psychology 57–60
 poly relationships 129
 prevalence 31
 research 57
 sexual health 220–227
- black lesbians 73–74, 147
- Bogaert, Anthony 59–60
- bondage, domination, sadism, masochism (BDSM) 211–213
- Braun, Virginia 34–35
- breastfeeding 167–168
- British Psychological Society (BPS) 4, 35, 51, 53, 54
- butch/femme identities 72–74
- Butler, Judith 68–69
- bystander effect 282
- Cass, Vivienne 91–94
- cervical screening 226–227
- chat rooms 109, 214
- children and parenting 140–142, 160. *See also* family relationships
 adulthood 140–142
 assisted reproductive technologies 181–183
 attitudes to LGBTIQ children 150–151
 current research 144–145, 151–152
 development of sexual identity 90
 future research 149–150, 158–160

- gay men, transnational surrogacy 181–182
 gendered roles 72
 heterosexual children of
 LGB parents 145–147
 intersex variations 154–156
 lesbian and gay parents 71
 lesbians, assisted reproductive technologies 181–182
 LGB children 152–154
 LGBTIQ parents 136–137, 142–144
 trans, fertility preservation 182–183
 trans children 156–158
 trans parents 147–149
 Christianity 105
 chronic illness. *See* ageing and chronic illness
 cisgenderism 71–72, 77, 81, 157–158, 199, 200
 civil partnerships 122–126
 ‘climate studies’ 195
 ‘closet’ 101, 245–246, 250
 coercion and control 258. *See also* abuse sexual 224, 228
 cohort effects, older people 237, 239–240
 coming out 61, 91
 first-person narratives 102–105, 154
 grandparents 242
 identity management 101–102
 lesbians 28
 parent’s, effect on children 146
 transgender people 106, 110
 commercialisation 8
 community led research 280
 companion animals 256–257, 267, 271–275, 276
 comparative studies 78–79, 151–152
 children of lesbian mothers 78–79
 cisgenderism 81, 159–160
Compulsory Heterosexuality and Lesbian Existence (Rich) 202–203
 congenital adrenal hyperplasia (CAH) 41
 consensual non-monogamy (CNM) 128–130, 132
 control and coercion. *See* coercion and control
 conversion therapies 16–17, 51–52
 corporatisation 8
 cover marriages 237
 Coyle, Adrian 4
 criminalisation 6
 critical psychology 27–28
 critical realism 21–22
 cross-cultural contexts, gender diversity 81–83
 cross-gender identification 46–47
 cultural choice 20–21
 cybersexuality 213–214
 dating apps 109–110, 213–214
 death. *See* bereavement
 decompensation 206, 257
 dementia
 intersex variations 246–247
 LGB people 245–246
 transgender people 246
 dental dams 225–226
 depathologisation 39, 53–57, 62–63
 depression and anxiety 153, 206–207
 developmental psychology/developmentism 141
Diagnostic and statistical manual (DSM) 31, 43, 46–47, 50–52
 dichotomous models of sexuality 18–19, 57
 difference vs. sameness 284–285, 287
 disabilities 109, 242–248
 discrimination. *See* prejudice and discrimination
 disorders of sex development (DSD). *See* intersex variations
 diversity. *See* gender diversity; sexual diversity
 diversity/awareness training 191
 Division 44, professional body 53
 division of labour, household 73
 divorce and separation 127
 forced divorce 127
 domestic violence and abuse 72–73, 257–268
 family members 259–261
 identity-related 258, 259
 by partners 72–73, 261–266
 donors, sperm 168–169, 181
 double discrimination/jeopardy 94, 203–204
 DSM. *See Diagnostic and statistical manual*
 Duggan, Lisa 121
 dying and bereavement. *See* bereavement
 dysphoria, gender 47–48
 ‘ego-dystonic homosexuality’ 52
 Ellis, Henry Havelock 44, 48–49
 Ellis, Sonja J. 26
 embodiment 74
 Epple, Carolyn 82–83, 86
 Equalities Act (2010) 133
 essentialism 15–19
 ethical considerations, research 34–36
 ‘ethical sluts’ 129
 ethnocentrism 82–83
 ethnomethodology 69
 exceptionalism, North American 282–284
 experimental research 24–26
 families. *See also* children and parenting of choice 128 of origin 128
 family relationships 117, 138
 coming out 104
 current research 123–126, 128–132, 133–137, 144–145
 friends as family 127–128
 future research 126–127, 132, 138, 149–150
 heterosexual children 145–147
 marriage equality 122–127
 recognition and resistance 117–118

- family relationships (cont.)
 resistance 132–133
 schools recognition 134–137
 workplace recognition 133–134
 violence and abuse 259–261
- fathers. *See* children and parenting
- female-to-male (FTM) transsexuals 29
- femininity 60–61, 69
- feminism 22–23. *See also* lesbian feminists
- femme identities 72–74
- fertility preservation, trans 171–176
- First Nation people 82, 85–87
- forced divorce 127
- fostering 175
- Foucault, Michel 24
- Freud, Sigmund 49
- friendships 96–97, 128, 132, 239–240
 lesbians 108–109
- ‘frubbly’ 129
- FTM (female-to-male transsexuals) 29
- gay ageism 234–235
- ‘gay gene’ theory 19
- gay men 71–72
 as fathers 56
 HIV/AIDS 222–224, 248–250
 prevalence 31
 sexual health 220–224
 transnational surrogacy 176–180
- gay racism 219
- ‘gay-affirmative psychology’ 19, 24, 53
 emergence 53–55
 normalisation 24–25
- gender
 atypicality 90
 as construct 68–69
 dysphoria 47–48
 fluidity 21, 48, 99–100
 identity, anatomy 38
 identity, personal understanding 97–100
 non-binary 48
 reassignment 133
 role strain 153–154
 vs. sex 15
- gender affirming surgery 48, 69, 98
- gender diversity 29–30, 67, 87–88
- cisgender lesbians and gay men 71–72
- cohort effects 238–239
- cross-cultural contexts 81–83
- cultural contexts 67–71
- current research 72–74, 78–80, 83–86
- future research 75–76, 80–81, 86–87
- history 44–48
- LGBT psychology 60–61
- non-binary genders 76–77
- gender empty model 71–72, 126
- gender identity disorder (GID) 46–47
- genitalia, ambiguous 39–40
- gerontology 232–233
- Golombok, Susan 147
- governmentality 24
- grandparents 242
- Green, Richard 147–149
- Greene, Beverley 94
- grey literature vs. academic research 279
- grief, disenfranchised 251
- hate crimes. *See* victimisation
- health and wellbeing 255, 277
 animal companionship 256–257, 267
 current research 257–268, 269–275
 domestic violence and abuse 257–268
 future research 268, 275–277
 resilience 269–277
- Health Equity Promotion Model (HEPM) 237
- Heaphy, Brian 234–235, 237, 239–240
- Hegarty, Peter 18
- hegemonic masculinity 224
- Herek, Gregory 11–12, 189, 194, 196–197, 198
- heteroflexible 21, 95
- heteronormativity 17, 199, 203, 204
 challenging 3–4, 281
 chronic illness 244
 marriage 121
 queer theory, critique 23
- heterosexism 198, 200, 204
 mundane 201
 research 34–36
- heterosexuality, institutional 202–203
- Hirschfeld, Magnus 44–45, 53
- HIV/AIDS
 bereavement 248–250
 chronic illness 243–244
 lesbian and gay deaths 52
 men who have sex with men 222–224
 sexual health 210
 transmission in abusive relationships 264–265
- homonormativity 121, 284–285
- homophobia 187
 chronic illness 244
 internalised 25, 261–262
 measurement 26
 older LGBTIQ people 240–241
 scales of prejudice 188–190
- homosexuality
 history 48–52
 ‘personality disorder’ 49
- homosexuality as pathology 18
- honour-based abuse 259–260
- Hooker, Evelyn 55
- Hopkins, June 55–56
- hormone therapy, transgender people 217
- HPV (human papilloma virus) 226–227
- hypoactive sexual desire disorder (HSDD) 59–60
- hypospadias 219
- identity development 90, 112
 assumptions 90–91
 connecting with others 106–108
 current research 91–97, 102–105, 108–111
 future research 100, 106, 111–112
 personal understanding 91
- identity-related abuse 258, 259
- illness. *See* ageing and chronic illness

- Indigenous peoples, *sistergirls*
 83–84, 260–261
- institutional homophobia
 190–191
- internalised homophobia/
 biphobia/transphobia 25,
 205, 261–262
- International Lesbian, Gay,
 Bisexual, Trans and
 Intersex Association
 (ILGA) 5–6
- internet. *See also* social media
 chat rooms 109, 214
 connecting, LGBTIQ
 communities 111
 dating apps 109–110,
 213–214
 trans 110
- interpretative
 phenomenological
 analysis 245
- intersectionality 4, 100,
 204–205
 ageism, ableism,
 heterosexism, and
 cisgenderism 244–245
 animal companionship
 287
 black, old, LGB 234
 description 285–286
 importance to LGBTIQ
 psychology 286
 intersex variations 286–287
- intersex variations 10, 30
 children 154–156
 dementia 246–247
 descriptions 40
 intersectionality 286–287
 LGBTIQ psychology 61–62
 medical interventions
 40–44, 150–151
 parents 150
 prejudice and discrimination
 188
 prevalence 31
 relationships and families
 132
 sexual intimacy 218–219
 unnecessary surgery 40
- interviews, research method 28
- intimacy, sexual 211–220
- intimate partner violence (IPV)
 261–266
- ‘inversion’ 48–49
- invisibility 20–21, 53
- bisexuals 58, 59
- intersex variations 10
- lesbians 23
- non-binary sexuality 188,
 286–287
- older LGBTIQ people 27,
 232–237, 250
- WSW 225–226
- Islam 83
- isolation
 chronic illness 244
 disabled gay men 109
- Jackson, Peter 17, 199
- jealousy, poly relationships 129
- Jowett, Adam 119, 243–244
- Kinsey, Alfred 54–55
- kinship as social construct 167
- Kitzinger, Celia 4, 20, 56, 192
- Klein, Fritz 57
- Klein Sexual Orientation Grid
 58
- Klinefelter’s Syndrome 41
- Krafft-Ebbing, Richard von
 16, 48
- language
 heteronormativity 170
 importance of choice 11–12,
 27–28
 non-gendered 80, 97, 200
 objectifying 77
 polyamory 129–130
 queer theory 23
- legislation
 equal rights 133, 191
 reproductive justice 162–164
 same-sex relationships 5, 7
- lesbian feminists 22, 191,
 202–203
- lesbians
 assisted reproductive
 technologies 164–171
 black 73–74, 147
 butch/femme identities
 72–74
 frequency of sex 215
 intimate partner violence
 263
 parenting 135–136
 personality study 55–56
 political 19
 prevalence 31
 sexual health 224–227
- sexual practices 215–216,
 225
- LGBTIQ children
 attitudes to 150–151
 depression and anxiety 153
 discrimination 151
 intersectional comparative
 research 159–160
 mental health 152–154
 schools 152
 victimisation 153
- LGBTIQ communities 106–108
 current research 108–111
 future research 111–112
- LGBTIQ psychology 279, 287
 definitions and terminology
 4–5, 10–12
 depathologisation 53–57
 formal recognition 54
 ‘gay-affirmative psychology’
 53–55
 international contexts 5
 intersectionality 285–287
 lessons from history
 279–281
 relationship to general
 psychology 281–284
 sameness vs. difference
 284–285
- male-to-female (MTF)
 transsexuals 29
- Mamo, Laura 168–169
- marginalisation 4, 22, 197
 multiple 203–204
 older LGBTIQ people 233
 role of psychology 281–282
 vulnerability to HIV/AIDS
 222
- marketisation 8–9
- marriage
 equality 7, 119, 122–127
 fraud 127
- Marshall, B. L. 247
- Marshall, J. 236
- masculinity 60–61, 74, 83–84,
 153–154
- Mattachine Society 120
- men who have sex with men.
See MSM
- mental health
 gender differences 208
 intersex variations 154–156
 LGBTIQ people 151–152,
 206–207, 243

- mental health (cont.)
 teenagers 152–154
 trans 47
 transgender children 157
 metamour 129
 methodological issues. *See*
 research methods and
 issues
 methodological perspectives 14
 access and recruitment
 30–34
 defining populations 28–30
 ethical practice 34–36
 research methods 24–28
 micropenis 41
 Milton, Martin 4
 minority stress 269
 minority stress theory 205, 207
 mixed orientation relationships
 (MORE) 131
 Modern Homophobia Scale
 190–191
 mononormativity 128–132
 MSM (men who have sex with
 men) 211
 internet and dating apps
 109–110, 213–214
 public sex environments
 213
 sexual health 220–224,
 229–230
 sexual practices 215
 multidisciplinary approaches
 281
 mundane heterosexism 201
 mundane transphobia 201–
 202
 neoliberalism 8–10, 121
 non-binary genders 48, 76–77,
 199
 prejudice and discrimination
 187–188
 non-binary pronouns 80
 non-monogamy. *See*
 consensual non-
 monogamy; polyamory
 normalisation
 gender diversity 47
 intersex variations 15,
 246–247
 LGBTIQ parents 144–145,
 149
 LGBTIQ people 118
 Oerton, Sarah 71–72
 old age. *See* ageing and
 chronic illness
 online dating 109–110, 213–214
 online environments. *See*
 internet
 oppression
 children 140–142
 LGBTIQ people 203–204,
 233
 women 22
 oral sex
 lesbians 211, 225–226
 transgender people 218
 orgasms
 frequency 215–216
 same-gender experiences 55
 transgender people 217
 paramour 129
 parenthood. *See* children and
 parenting
 partner bereavement 250–251
 passing 101–102
 pathologisation 38, 39. *See also*
 depathologisation
 biological determinism
 38–39
 gender 44–48
 homosexuality 18
 sex 39–44
 sexuality 48–52
 patriarchy 20–21, 67–68, 119
 Peel, Elizabeth 7, 8–9, 170–171,
 201–202
 penis-in-vagina intercourse 35,
 199, 215
 transgender people 227
 performativity 23–24
 phallogentricity 215
 physical health 244–245
 plasticity, sexual. *See* sexual
 fluidity
 political lesbians 19
 polyamory 128–132
 population definitions 28–30, 31
 populism 9–10
 positivist-empiricist psychology
 xv, 3–4
 post-exposure prophylaxis
 (PEP) 220, 221
 postnatal services, lesbian
 women 170–171
 post-transition state 137, 228
 post-traumatic growth 269
 power, relationships 72–73
 pre-exposure prophylaxis
 (PrEP) 220, 221
 pregnancy loss, 170, 178
 prejudice and discrimination
 187, 208
 adoption 25–26
 attitudes to LGBTIQ people
 188–191
 current research 190–191,
 195–197, 200–204,
 206–207
 definitions and terminology
 187–188
 future research 191, 197–
 198, 204–205, 207–208
 heterosexism/
 heteronormativity/
 cisgenderism 198–205
 psychological distress
 205–208
 victimisation 192–198
 prevalence
 intersex variations 31
 lesbian, gay, bisexual 31
 trans 31
 privilege 4, 285, 286
 heterosexual 199
 ‘promiscuity’ 214–215
 pronouns, gender neutral 80
 psychological distress 205–208
 psychological mediation
 framework 205–206
Psychological research and
intersex/DSD (Roan and
 Pasterski) 62
 psychology of sexualities. *See*
 LGBTIQ psychology
Psychopathia sexualis (Krafft-
 Ebing) 48
 public sex environments (PSE)
 213
 qualitative research 27–28
 queer
 assisted reproductive
 technologies 164–171
 identity 155
 parents, 149–150
 pejorative term 238
 politics 121
 ‘queer heterosexuals’ 17,
 199

- reproduction 168–169
- straight-acting queers 199
- queer theory 23–24, 68–69
- questioning of gender 48, 103
- racially marginalised groups 87, 269
- racism 203–204, 205, 219
- Radical Faeries 276
- random sampling 30
- realism, critical 21–22
- relationships and families. *See* family relationships
- religion 16, 234
- reproduction as social norm 68–69
- reproductive rights and justice 162–164, 171
- gay men and surrogacy 179
- trans 174–175
- research methods and issues 14, 36
- access and recruitment 30–34
- defining populations 28–30, 31
- ethical practice 34–36
- experimental research 24–26
- qualitative research 27–28
- survey research 26–27
- resemblance talk 167
- resilience 269, 275–276, 277
- animal companionship 271–272
- gay men 270–271
- minority stress 269
- post-traumatic growth 269
- transgender people 269–270
- resistance 118, 132–133
- rhetoric 57, 119
- Rich, Adrienne 202–203
- Riggs, Damien 23, 118, 137, 144, 201–202, 207
- right-wing extremism 9–10
- Ritchie, Ani 129–130
- Rivers, Ian 153
- Rothblum, Esther 153
- rural communities 31, 108, 111
- safer sex 225–226
- sameness vs. difference 284–285, 287
- same-sex marriage
- conservative arguments against 119
- feminist/queer arguments against 119, 122
- subversion of conventions 125
- same-sex relationships
- ‘gender empty’ model 71–72
- legal recognition 7
- marriage equality 7
- sampling for research 30–34
- schools
- perceptions of safety 152, 157–158
- recognition 134–137
- Section 28, Local Government Act (1988) 133
- separation. *See* divorce and separation
- sex
- education 135
- vs. gender 15
- pathologisation 39–44
- quantity vs. quality 219–220
- sexology 15–16
- Sexual behaviour in the human female* (Kinsey) 54–55
- Sexual behaviour in the human male* (Kinsey) 54–55
- sexual coercion 224
- sexual diversity 29, 95
- heterosexism 198, 204
- sexual fluidity 21, 94–97, 211
- sex differences 96
- sexual health 210–211, 220, 230
- current research 220–229
- future research 229–230
- gay and bisexual men 220–224
- lesbian and bisexual women 224–227
- transgender people 227–229
- sexual identity 29
- development stages 91–92
- older LGBTIQ people 238–239
- personal understanding 91–97
- sexual practices 211
- sexual intimacy 211–220, 230
- current research 230
- future research 219–220
- transgender people 216–219
- sexual orientation, innate 15
- sexual practices 211–213, 215, 219–220
- sexual reassignment surgery. *See* gender affirming surgery
- sexuality
- ageing 232–233
- critical realism 21–22
- dichotomous models 18–19, 57
- essentialist approaches 18, 232–233
- pathologisation 48–52
- problems of definition 28–30
- social constructionism 20–21
- sexually transmitted infections (STIs) 210
- woman-to-woman 225
- sistergirls 83–84, 260–261
- social change 3, 5
- social construction of lesbianism, The* (Kitzinger) 20, 56
- social constructionism 20–21
- social learning, gender 87–88
- social media
- coming out 105
- connecting communities 108, 109, 111
- trans 111–112
- social psychology 14, 24–25
- social sciences 14
- socialisation theory 20
- socio-medicalisation. *See* pathologisation
- Speer, Susan 201
- sperm donors 168–169, 181
- sperm freezing, trans 173
- sport, gender inequality 201
- stage models, sexual identity 91–92
- Standards of Care, transgender 45–46, 172, 173–175
- STIs. *See* sexually transmitted infections
- Stonewall Riots 5
- straight-acting queers 17, 199
- stress 205–208
- students, perceptions of safety 152, 157–158, 197
- Studies in ethnomethodology* (Garfinkel) 69

- Studies in the psychology of*
 ser (Ellis) 48–49
 subjectification 24
 successful ageing 232–237, 253
 suicide 207
 surrogacy 144, 176–177
 challenges for women
 179–180
 commodification 180
 definitions and terminology
 178
 gay men 177–179
 survey research 26–27
- Taulke-Johnson, Richard
 198
- theoretical frameworks 14,
 36
 critical realism 21–22
 essentialism 15–19
 feminism 22–23
 queer theory 23–24
 social constructionism
 20–21
- Thompson, Debbie 108–109,
 143
- Three essays on the theory of*
sexuality (Freud) 49
- trans 45
 ageing and chronic illness
 240
 assisted reproductive
 technologies 164
 children 156–158
 children of trans parents
 147–149
 cohort effects 238–239
 coming out 101–102, 104,
 106
- dementia 246
 diagnoses 46–48
 domestic violence and abuse
 260–261
 feminism 23
 fertility preservation
 171–176
 LGBT psychology
 60–61
 marriage equality 127
 mental illness 47
 parents 136–137
 pregnancy 137
 prevalence 31
 resilience 269–270
 sexual identity models
 97–100
 sexual intimacy
 216–219
 social media 111–112
 victimisation 194, 197
- trans and gender diverse (TGD)
 61
- transgender. *See* trans
- transgression, gender norms
 69
- transitioning 99
- transnormativity 284–285
- transphobia 187, 264
 mundane 201–202
- transsexual phenomenon, The*
 (Benjamin) 45–46
- transsexualism. *See* trans
- transsexuals/transsexualism.
See trans
- transvestism 44–45
- Turner's syndrome 41
- two-sex model 199
- two-spirit 85–86
- 'usual suspects' 286
- victimisation 153, 157–158,
 192–194
 'climate studies' 195
 depression and suicide 206
 examples 192–193
 gender differences 195–198
 risk perceptions 198
 trans 194, 197
 underreporting 195
- violence. *See* domestic violence
 and abuse
- visibility 118
- LGBTIQ 31–32
- Warner, Michael 17
- Weinberg, Martin 92–93
- Weinstock, Jacqueline 108–109
- wellbeing. *See* health and
 wellbeing
- 'wibbling' 129
- Wilkinson, Sue 4
- Witten, Tarynn M. 238–239
- women who have sex with
 women (WSW) 211
- workplace, recognition
 133–134
- young people
 coming out 102–105
 emotional distress
 152–153
 gender and sexuality
 24, 48, 79, 211
 internet use 33, 111
 resilience 154
 sexual fluidity 95–97
 trans 156–158