

Index to useful tasks in Canoco 5

Here we index brief recipes describing useful minor tasks in the Canoco 5 software. These recipes are dispersed over the book, mostly in its tutorial parts. We include here neither general tasks (e.g. 'How to create a new analysis?') nor the tasks specific to a particular chapter or section (e.g. 'How to perform stepwise selection?'). Instead, we index only the generally useful titbits of working with Canoco. Each task is briefly characterised and the page (and footnote number, when the description appears there) is given. All these tasks are described in more detail in the Canoco 5 manual.

- analysis on a subset of cases, defining 281
- averaged data rows, creating project with 81n9, 323
- best-fitting response variables (e.g. species), choosing for plot 213, 217
- black and white diagrams, creating 277
- brief and non-brief analysis notebook, showing 31
- calibration axis for variable arrow, adding to diagram 188
- CANOCO 4.x data formats (outdated), exporting 123n3
- case scores derived from response variable scores, using in constrained ordination diagrams 187n4, 236
- classification of cases or variables, defining 304, 311
- compositional versus general data table, specifying 37
- direction of ordination axes, mirroring (flipping) 218
- dummy variables and factors, changing one into another 24n7
- envelopes (enclosing hulls), plotting 312
- equilibrium contribution circle in PCA/RDA plots, adding 214
- factor variable, changing reference level 276n15
- fuzzy variables, defining 24
- graph legend, adding 312
- graph legend, modifying contents 277n17
- group of variables (e.g. species) or cases, defining 148, 281
- interactions of explanatory variables, creating in data table 275n14, 284
- interactions of explanatory variables, defining in setup wizard 272, 327
- labels of ordination diagram axes, adding 36
- opaque background of labels, setting 213
- ordination scores, using in other analyses 293
- pie plot in ordination space, creating 204
- QuickWizard mode, switching off and on 26
- recreating graph 213
- relative scaling of different scores in biplots and triplots, adjusting 316
- response variables (e.g. species) with highest fit, choosing for plot 213, 218
- response variables (e.g. species) with highest weight, choosing for plot 229
- scaling of ordination diagram scores, changing 184
- series (successional vectors), creating 284
- species response curves diagram, creating 149
- symbol type, varying by classes 311
- transformation of variables, in XY(Z) plots 257n13
- transformation of variables, setting 239, 310
- t-value biplot, creating 290
- variable change across ordination space, colour-coded plot 335
- variable change across ordination space, contour plot 292
- variables or cases in ordination diagram, suppressing 303

Subject index

- AIC. *See* regression, Akaike information criterion
- analysis of variance 116, 260, 265
repeated measurements 270
- arch effect 28
- attribute plot 34, 202, 235, 249, 292, 326
- biplot rule 63, 187, 192, 196, 197
- Braun-Blanquet scale 8, 226, 246
- CA. *See* correspondence analysis
- calibration 51, 56
- Canoco
analysis 15, 24–32
analysis notebook 15, 31
Analysis Setup Wizard 17, 26, 79, 104, 209
data import 17, 208, 259
data tables 12, 15, 19, 22, 37
Graph Wizard 17, 33–35
Log page 273
project 15
QuickWizard 26
score pages 291, 341
Summary page 31, 211, 216, 219, 227, 230, 251, 263, 340
- canonical axes. *See* constrained axes
- canonical correspondence analysis 62, 173, 230
- cases 4
classification in graphs 202–204, 304, 311
scores 58, 61, 62, 187, 189, 191, 196, 235
series in graphs 204, 284
standardisation by 10, 30, 97, 262, 265
- CCA. *See* canonical correspondence analysis
- centring. *See* data, centring
- centroid principle 196
- classification 112
agglomerative 120
divisive 121
K-means clustering 114
TWINSPAN 121–127, 237
- co-correspondence analysis 14, 69, 240–242
- co-inertia analysis 69
- constrained axes 61, 62, 63, 212
- correspondence analysis 58, 62
- covariables. *See* covariates
- covariates 5, 51, 219, 238, 270
- CVA. *See* linear discriminant analysis
- data
centring 9. *See also* response variables, centring
compositional 5, 10, 37
standardisation 9. *See also* response variables, standardisation
transforming 9, 96, 310
- db-RDA. *See* principal coordinates analysis, constrained
- DCA. *See* detrended correspondence analysis
- design
BACI 45, 47, 267
completely randomised 39
factorial 44
hierarchical 44, 79, 301, 309. *See also* design, split-plot
Latin square 41
nested. *See* design, hierarchical
non-manipulative studies 48, 208, 239
pseudoreplication 42
randomised complete blocks 40, 258
repeated measures 45, 81, 267
split-plot 44, 267
- detrended correspondence analysis 61, 112, 227
- detrending 28–29
- discriminant analysis. *See* linear discriminant analysis
- dissimilarity coefficients. *See* similarity/dissimilarity
- distance measures. *See* similarity/dissimilarity
- diversity
alpha 34, 177–182, 221–225, 235
beta 177–182, 221–225
functional 102, 159, 290
gamma 177–182, 221–225
measures 180
- downweighting 30
- eigenvalue 60
- environmental variables. *See* explanatory variables
- Excel data 17

- explanatory variables 5
 biplot scores 63, 191
 conditional effects 85
 dummy 24, 37
 factors 6, 23, 87, 192, 194, 198, 269
 interactions 268, 327
 nominal. *See* explanatory variables, factors
 scores 190, 191
 simple effects 85, 232
 stepwise selection 83–85, 299, 314. *See also*
 permutation tests, stepwise selection
- false discovery rate. *See* permutation tests, false
 discovery rate
- forward selection. *See* explanatory variables,
 stepwise selection
- functional traits. *See* species traits
- fuzzy coding 24, 193
- GAM. *See* regression, generalized additive models
- GLM. *See* regression, generalized linear models
- gradient analysis
 direct. *See* ordination, constrained
 indirect. *See* ordination, unconstrained
- gradients 1
 length 27, 197
- indicator values 56
- inertia 88
- linear discriminant analysis 173–174, 237,
 313–316
- loess. *See* regression, loess smoother
- missing values 12, 153–154
- model of species response 51
 linear 53, 58, 187
 unimodal 53, 58, 112, 150, 195
- Moran eigenvector maps. *See* PCNM
- NMDS. *See* non-metric multidimensional scaling
- non-metric multidimensional scaling 107–108
- ordination 1, 51
 constrained 3, 13, 60, 66, 215, 230, 249, 270
 diagnostics 201
 diagrams 2, 36, 64, 207, 212–215, 228, 229–230,
 234, 249, 264, 273, 280, 316
 hybrid 61, 75
 interpretable axes 211
 linear methods 28, 30, 186
 partial 6, 51, 219, 238, 262, 270
 scaling scores 38, 184–186, 218, 263
 selecting type 27, 53, 111, 227, 301, 321
 unconstrained 13, 60, 66, 209, 227
 unimodal methods 28, 61, 195, 225
- PCA. *See* principal components analysis
- PCNM 170–173, 324–336
- PCoA. *See* principal coordinates analysis
- permutation tests 66
 Bonferroni correction 86, 91, 259
 data in space and time 76
 design-based versus model-based 75, 262
 F statistic. *See* permutation tests, pseudo-F
 statistic
 false discovery rate 86, 91, 232
 Holm correction 91
 Mantel test 108–111
 number of permutations 68, 74
 of individual constrained axes 74–75, 231
 PERMANOVA 111
 pseudo-F statistic 73
 significance 67, 74, 81, 87, 259
 split-plot design 79, 81, 176, 273, 305
 stepwise selection 87
 use 75–81, 216, 219, 230, 249, 262, 272, 281,
 305
- PRC. *See* principal response curves
- principal components analysis 58, 62, 210, 302, 310
- principal coordinates analysis 103–106, 171, 290,
 317–319
 constrained 106, 320–321
- principal response curves 168, 279
- Procrustes rotation 242–245
- R use 114, 116, 118, 120, 247, 260, 261, 270, 337
- RDA. *See* redundancy analysis
- redundancy analysis 62, 215, 218, 249, 262, 265,
 268
- regression 51, 129, 247
 Akaike information criterion 146
 classification and regression trees 139, 296
 generalized additive models 137, 146, 294
 generalized linear models 133, 142, 342
 linear versus RDA 294, 337–339
 loess smoother 135, 141
 mixed-effect models 138
 parsimony 131, 146
 species response curves 112, 150
- response variables 4
 centring 30, 210
 fit 202, 213, 217, 234, 277
 frequency 259, 294
 prediction 183
 scores 58, 187, 189, 196, 197
 standardisation 30, 210
 weight 228, 234
- reverse analysis 70
- SD units. *See* turnover units
- similarity/dissimilarity 92
 chi-square distance 99, 196, 197

- similarity/dissimilarity (*cont.*)
 Euclidean distance 97, 189
 Gower distance 100, 290
 Hellinger distance 98
 Jaccard coefficient 93
 Morisita index 101
 NESS 101
 ordination methods 103–111
 Pearson correlation coefficient 95, 100, 189
 percentage similarity 99
 simple matching coefficient 94, 318
 Sørensen coefficient 93
 V and Q coefficients 95
 spatial data analysis. *See* PCNM
 species traits 102, 151–166, 286
 plot-based approach 155, 158–162, 287–293
 species-based approach 155, 162–166, 293–299
 standardisation. *See* data, standardisation
 stepwise selection. *See* explanatory variables,
 stepwise selection
 supplementary variables 6, 209, 227
 time series. *See* design, repeated measures
 traits. *See* species traits
 transformation 96. *See also* data, transforming
 log 7, 226, 239
 ordinal 8, 226
 square-root 8
 TURBOVEG 226
 turnover units 27, 54, 197
 t-value biplot 205, 290
 Van Dobben circles 207
 TWINSpan. *See* classification, TWINSpan
 variation partitioning 88–90, 252–255, 332–333
 hierarchical 169–177, 300–308
 weighted averaging 53, 56
 whole-plot. *See* permutation tests, split-plot
 design