An Economic History of Nineteenth-Century Europe

Why did some countries and regions of Europe reach high levels of economic advancement in the nineteenth century, while others were left behind? This new transnational survey of the continent's economic development highlights the role of regional differences in shaping each country's economic path and outcome. Presenting a clear and cogent explanation of the historical causes of advancement and backwardness, Ivan Berend integrates social, political, institutional, and cultural factors as well as engaging in debates about the relative roles of knowledge, the state, and institutions. Featuring boxed essays on key personalities including Adam Smith, Friedrich List, Gustave Eiffel, and the Krupp family, as well as brief histories of innovations such as the steam engine, vaccinations, and the cooperative system, the book helps to explain the theories and macroeconomic trends that dominated the century and their impact on the subsequent development of the European economy right up to the present day.

Ivan T. Berend is Distinguished Professor in the Department of History at the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA). His publications include An Economic History of Twentieth-Century Europe: Economic Regimes from Laissez-Faire to Globalization (Cambridge, 2006) and Europe since 1980 (Cambridge, 2010).
An Economic History of Nineteenth-Century Europe

Diversity and Industrialization

Ivan T. Berend

Cambridge University Press
I dedicate this work to the postwar generations of economic historians with whom I have had intellectual contact, been acquainted, and whom I have befriended, and, most of all, from whom I have learned immensely throughout my career:

György Ránki, lifelong friend and co-author

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Preface

In 2006, Cambridge University Press published my An Economic History of Twentieth-Century Europe: Economic Regimes from Laissez-Faire to Globalization. The book was met with an unexpected level of interest, and has been published in thirteen languages. This level of attention has encouraged me to go back to discover the deeper roots of Europe’s contemporary economy – back to the nineteenth century, the period of the most dramatic discontinuity in European history. This earlier period is not unknown to me. I conducted research on the peripheral regions for about two decades, and published several related works with my late colleague and friend, György Ránki, in the 1970s and 1980s (Berend and Ránki, 1974, 1982, 1987). I am revisiting this topic after a quarter of a century.

Writing an economic history of an entire continent and over a long time period is a gargantuan task for any single person. My work, however, has benefited greatly from the extensive research and publications of hundreds of my American and European colleagues, whose works are broadly quoted in this book. Their works were mostly available in the outstanding Charles Young Research Library of UCLA.

I am extremely grateful to my anonymous reviewers for Cambridge University Press, who assisted me with their critical remarks and suggestions based on a previous version of this work. I am in debt to my commissioning editor, Michael Watson, with whom I have had an excellent work history for more than a decade preparing and publishing three books.

My intellectual home, the History Department of the University of California, Los Angeles, has provided a harmonious and inspiring environment for my work. As always, I am most grateful to my wife Kati,
who has carried a heavy burden during the years of my long workdays, conjuring up – adequately to the topic – the workdays of early capitalism. She has greatly assisted me in conducting my library research and finalizing the manuscript with her invaluable critical mind and editorial talent.