Complexity and the Arrow of Time

There is a widespread assumption that the universe in general, and life in particular, is “getting more complex with time.” This book brings together a wide range of experts in science, philosophy, and theology and unveils their joint effort in exploring this idea. They confront essential problems behind the theory of complexity and the role of life within it. What is complexity? When does it increase, and why? Is the universe evolving towards states of ever greater complexity and diversity? If so, what is the source of this universal enrichment? This book addresses those difficult questions, and offers a unique cross-disciplinary perspective on some of the most profound issues at the heart of science and philosophy. Readers will gain insights into complexity that reach deep into key areas of physics, biology, complexity science, philosophy, and religion.
Complexity and the Arrow of Time

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**Marcelo Gleiser** is Appleton Professor of Natural Philosophy and professor of physics and astronomy at Dartmouth College. His research interests include the physics of the early universe, the properties of solitons in classical and quantum field theories, and questions related to the origins of life and self-organizing complexity. He is a fellow of the American Physical Society and an elected member of the Brazilian Academy of Philosophy. He serves on the editorial board of *National Geographic* magazine. His two science series for Brazil’s TV Globo were watched by more than 30 million viewers. He writes a
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STUART A. KAUFFMAN, a biologist who was trained as a medical doctor, is Finland Distinguished Professor at Tampere University of Technology. He holds joint appointments as a visiting distinguished research professor at the University of Vermont in the College of Medicine and the College of Mathematical and Engineering Sciences. He is a fellow of the Royal Society of Canada, was awarded an honorary degree by the Catholic University of Louvain, was a MacArthur Fellow from 1987 to 1992, and received the Gold Medal of the Academia Lincea Rome. The former co-editor-in-chief of the journal of Theoretical Biology, he has served on the editorial boards of many other journals and has written four books. His founding patents about what is sometimes called “molecular diversity” helped spawn a field known as combinatorial chemistry. He is well known for work on self-organization in evolution, complexity theory, and collectively autocatalytic sets for the origin of life. Recent work with G. Longo and M. Montevil (see Chapter 8) suggests that no laws entail the evolution of the biosphere.

DAVID C. KRKAUER is Professor of Genetics at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, Director of the Wisconsin Institute for Discovery, and an external professor at the Santa Fe Institute. His research focuses on the evolutionary history of information processing mechanisms in adaptive systems. The current emphasis of his work is on robust information transmission and signaling dynamics, particularly their role in constructing novel, higher level structures, such as social systems and language. He moved on to the Santa Fe Institute as a professor in 2002 and was made faculty chair in 2009. He is a member of the editorial boards of the Journal of Theoretical Biology, Theory in Biosciences, Biology...
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Michael Ruse is a philosopher of science who has found in evolution a kind of Weltanschauung, a world picture that gives meaning to life. He is one of the foremost contemporary Darwin scholars. Ruse currently teaches at Florida State University. He has honorary degrees from the University of Bergen in Norway and McMaster University, and is a fellow of both the Royal Society of Canada and the American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS). The founding editor of Biology and Philosophy,
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David Wolpert is currently in the Information Sciences Division of Los Alamos National Laboratory and an external professor at the Santa Fe Institute. Previously he was Ulam Scholar at the Center for Non-linear Studies in Los Alamos. Earlier in his career, he was at the NASA Ames Research Center and a consulting professor at Stanford University, where he formed the Collective Intelligence group. He has worked at IBM and at a data mining startup, and been an external faculty member at numerous institutions. His current research focuses on game theory, the application of machine learning to both optimization and Monte Carlo methods, complexity measures, modeling evolution of technology, information theory, and the foundations of physics and inference. He is the author of three books, three patents, and more than one hundred refereed papers, and has won numerous awards.