MULTILINGUALISM IN THE
GRAECO-ROMAN WORLDS

Through words and images employed by individuals and communities across the Graeco-Roman worlds, this book explores linguistic interactions and multilingual representations of identity. It encompasses not only Greek and Roman culture and power, but also the transformation of the Graeco-Roman world under Islam and within the medieval mind. By treating a range of materials, contexts, languages, and temporal and political boundaries, the contributors consider points of cross-cultural similarity and difference and the changing linguistic landscape of East and West from antiquity into the medieval period. Contemporary multilingualism theory and interdisciplinary perspectives deliver fresh insights into remarkable evidence and offer new directions for the future.

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Preface and acknowledgements

At the opening of this book, Barates, the Palmyrene from Syria, says farewell to his beloved Catuellaunian wife, Regina, in a multilingual epitaph from second-century AD South Shields. At the close of the volume, Domsalôs dedicates a Phoenician–Greek tri-version text to Antipatros in the Dipylon cemetery of early Hellenistic Athens. Both monuments intrigue us with their complex linguistic and visual clues. Barates offers a carved image of Regina in an evocative mix of Western provincial and Syrian style, whereas Domsalôs baffles us with a lion and an apparently prow-headed man leaning over a corpse. These stone treasures illustrate many of the concerns of the volume, which aims to assess and further the rapidly expanding research into multilingualism in the ancient and medieval worlds.

Through the words and images employed both by individuals such as Barates and Domsalôs and by a range of literate communities, we can interrogate the complexity of multilingual representations of identity. Barates and Domsalôs lived under two different Empires and span the traditional East and West divide. By treating a complex range of materials and contexts, encompassing multiple languages, and temporal and political boundaries, we can investigate the points of cross-cultural similarity and difference and consider the changing linguistic landscape of both East and West from antiquity into the medieval period. We offer insights into the application of contemporary multilingualism theory and interdisciplinary perspectives, and hope that this volume offers food for thought and inspiring prospects for the future.

This volume began its life in the conference Multilingualism from Alexander to Charlemagne: cross-cultural themes and perspectives, held at the Faculty of Classics, University of Cambridge, May 2009. We are very grateful to all the speakers, chairs and delegates who made those days so stimulating and rewarding. We were extremely fortunate to have had support, financially and logistically, from numerous bodies, including
the University of Cambridge’s Faculty of Classics, who awarded us support from The Sir Perceval Maitland Laurence Fund; The Greek Lexicon Project; the Department of Anglo-Saxon, Norse and Celtic; Magdalene, Jesus, Trinity and St John’s Colleges, Cambridge and All Souls College, Oxford. Geoff Horrocks, Steve Kimberley and the team of graduate helpers also provided assistance.

We subsequently commissioned a series of chapters from the conference participants, developing and expanding several themes which we deemed significant for progress in the field. Our contributors hail from a range of departments: Archaeology, Classics, Egyptology, Indo-European, Oriental Studies, and Anglo-Saxon, Norse and Celtic, underscoring the breadth of interest in multilingualism. We note our appreciation for the invaluable support received throughout the process from James Adams, James Clackson and Paul Russell. Three anonymous readers also provided thought-provoking and constructive comments. The unfailing support of Michael Sharp of Cambridge University Press and the meticulous work of our copy-editor, Iveta Adams, saw this volume to completion. We have found as editors our complementary skills and specialisms, support of family and friends and the patience and open-mindedness of our contributors extremely valuable.

Finally, we would like to express our gratitude to the following for their kind permission to reproduce images: Arbeia Roman Fort and Museums, Tyne & Wear Archives & Museums; Biblioteca e Musei Oliveriani, Pesaro; The Bodleian Library, University of Oxford; The Egypt Exploration Society; The Rare Book and Manuscript Library, Columbia University; The British School at Rome; Marie Mauzy. We also reiterate the thanks of two contributors to their funding bodies: the Irish Research Council for the Humanities and Social Sciences (Pádraic Moran) and the National Endowment for the Humanities and the American Research Center in Egypt (Scott Bucking).
Abbreviations

The titles of periodicals have been abbreviated following *L’Année Philologique*. The abbreviations in the *Checklist of Editions of Greek, Latin, Demotic, and Coptic Papyri, Ostraca and Tablets*, edited by J. D. Sosin, R. S. Bagnall, J. Cowey, M. Depauw, T. G. Wilfong, and K. A. Worp (available online at: scriptorium.lib.duke.edu/papyrus/texts/clist.html) have been employed for editions of ostraca and papyri, unless an alternative has been noted below.

**ANRW** Aufstieg und Niedergang der römischen Welt. Berlin and New York.


**Bataille** Bataille (1951).


**CETEDOC** Cetedoc Library of Christian Latin Texts.


**CIL** (1893–) *Corpus Inscriptionum Latinarum*. Berlin.

**CNH** Villaronga (1994).

**CPL** R. Cavenaile (1958) *Corpus Papyrorum Latinarum*. Wiesbaden.

**DCPH** Delestreé and Tache (2002).

**DT** García-Bellido and Blázquez (2001).

List of abbreviations


GL H. Keil (1855–1880).

Godlewski Godlewski (1986).


IG (1890–) Inscriptiones Graecae. Berlin.


IRT Reynolds and Ward-Perkins (1952).


OM O’Mulconry’s Glossary, see Stokes (1900).


List of abbreviations

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<th>Description</th>
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<td><strong>RIL</strong></td>
<td>Chabot (1940–1941).</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SEG</strong></td>
<td>(1923–) <em>Supplementum Epigraphicum Graecum</em>. Amsterdam and Leiden.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ThLL</strong></td>
<td>(1900–) <em>Thesaurus Linguae Latinae</em>. Leipzig.</td>
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<tr>
<td>v.l.</td>
<td><em>varia lectio</em> (variant reading).</td>
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