Historical and Philosophical Foundations of Psychology

This textbook connects the big ideas and key thinkers of psychology and philosophy in a clear and cohesive theoretical narrative. Students are led to understand the relations between different schools of thought, and to connect the various thinkers, theories and facts in psychology's history. Focusing on the major ideas that have reoccurred throughout history, such as the mind–body problem and the role of the mind in our experience, Martin Farrell shows how specific thinkers have explored the same ideas, but in different ways, leading to distinct schools of thought. The coherent narrative enables students to see the bigger picture, through which the historical and conceptual roots of psychology can be easily understood.

Martin Farrell is an Honorary Lecturer in the School of Psychological Sciences at the University of Manchester. With over 15 years' experience of teaching psychology, he has lectured on many aspects of the discipline but his main focus has always been on the interface between psychology and philosophy. He has lectured on the history of psychology for more than 10 years and on consciousness for 13 years, and has taught philosophy of science to postgraduate students for six years. This book is the fruit of this accumulated experience.
Historical and Philosophical Foundations of Psychology

Martin Farrell
For Donna

And my mother and father
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The sheer amount of information available to today's psychology student, and the ease with which that information can be obtained, is greater than it has ever been in the past. Though this is no doubt a blessing, it is not without its dangers. In particular, it is easy for the student to become bogged down in a mass of facts and details with little appreciation of how everything fits together. Knowing disjointed facts, no matter how vast that knowledge may be, does not constitute understanding. It is only when that knowledge is embedded within an overarching framework that understanding occurs. Knowledge of the historical and philosophical foundations of psychology provides such a framework.

But in order to achieve this, the historical and philosophical foundations of psychology cannot themselves be presented in a bitty and disjointed fashion. There must be some sort of narrative, not just a bunch of ideas and theories. There must be an indication of how ideas fit together, and of the pervasive influence of certain core ideas that resurface at various points throughout the history of psychology. That is what I have tried to do in this book.

This book grew out of a course on the history and philosophy of psychology that I taught at the University of Manchester. In preparing the course I had difficulty in finding a book that tied together the ideas and theories in quite the way I wanted. I felt that many of the available textbooks were repositories of factual information – useful factual information, no doubt – but that they did not present a coherent narrative. I also thought that there was a tendency to try to cover too much ground, too many thinkers, and that, as a result, the treatment of them was often a little cursory. My goal, then, was to provide more of a coherent narrative, and to discuss the ideas presented in greater depth.

The book is perhaps more selective than some others on the history and philosophy of psychology. I make no claims to its being comprehensive – nearly everyone will be able to point out some favourite psychologist or philosopher who has not been included or has not been given enough attention. But I thought it better to look in more detail at the work of a smaller selection of thinkers than to deal superficially with a large number of thinkers. It is also the case that concentrating on a smaller number of thinkers makes it easier to grasp the interconnections between their ideas than if one were to try to cover everyone of importance. I believe that, after having...
read this book, students will be equipped to locate the ideas of other thinkers not discussed in the book within the general framework that it provides.

The narrative presented in this book is, then, not the only story that could be told about the historical and philosophical foundations of psychology. It does, however, deal with what I believe to be some of the most important and recurring problems and issues concerning the foundations of psychology – issues such as the mind–body problem, the extent to which the mind itself constructs our experience, and the extent to which mental processes can be understood as being purely internal to the organism or essentially connected to the environment. These fundamental issues, and others like them, reappear throughout the book. These issues are discussed in relation to the thought of major philosophers, such as Descartes, Locke, Hume, and Kant, as well as the ideas of influential psychologists, such as William James and Wilhelm Wundt, and psychological movements, such as Gestalt psychology and behaviourism.

The book is organised in a roughly chronological order. It is sometimes the case that books on the history of ideas are organised around themes, but a chronological presentation seemed to me to be the most natural one for providing the narrative that I desired.

Features of the book

The book, as mentioned above, grew out of my undergraduate teaching, and so is aimed at undergraduate psychology students, though I hope that postgraduate students would also find something of value in it. I have tried to write the book as clearly as possible, but it is inevitable that some technical terms will feature in the text. Where these occur, they are printed in bold and are defined in a glossary at the end of the book.

To give the student some feel for the personal context in which ideas originated, I have included, in separate boxes, biographical information on the main thinkers discussed in the text. In addition to this, timelines at the beginning of each chapter relate the work of the thinkers discussed in that chapter to other historical events that were occurring at the same time. The student will also find revision questions at the end of each chapter.
Acknowledgements

I would like to thank the anonymous reviewers of draft chapters of this book, and Hetty Marx, Valerie Appleby, and Raihanah Begum of Cambridge University Press for all their help in helping me knock the book into shape. The book would have been a poorer one if it were not for their suggestions. Thanks are also due to my friend and colleague Professor Ivan Leudar, with whom I taught the course on which this book is based, for his constant encouragement. The biggest thanks of all go to my partner, Donna Lloyd, for all the love and support I could have wished for.