

#### TWILIGHT OF THE GODLINGS

Throughout the recorded history of Britain, belief in earthbound spirits presiding over nature, the home and human destiny has been a feature of successive cultures. From the localised deities of Britannia to the Anglo-Saxons' elves and the fairies of late medieval England, Britain's godlings have populated a shadowy, secretive realm of ritual and belief running parallel to authorised religion. Twilight of the Godlings delves deep into the elusive history of these supernatural beings, tracing their evolution from the pre-Roman Iron Age to the end of the Middle Ages. Arguing that accreted cultural assumptions must be cast aside in order to understand the godlings including the cherished idea that these folkloric creatures are the decayed remnants of pagan gods and goddesses this bold, revisionist book traces Britain's 'small gods' to a popular religiosity influenced by classical learning. It offers an exciting new way of grasping the island's most mysterious mythical inhabitants.

Francis young has written eighteen previous books in the fields of folklore and the history of religion and supernatural belief, including – most recently – *Magic in Merlin's Realm* (Cambridge University Press, 2022). A Fellow of the Royal Historical Society, he teaches courses on history, myth and religion for the Department for Continuing Education in the University of Oxford. In addition, he broadcasts regularly on folkloric and religious subjects for the BBC, and has been shortlisted three times for the prestigious Katharine Briggs Folklore Award awarded annually by the Folklore Society.



'As Francis Young acknowledges, folklore studies have moved away from the question of origins because of problematic past approaches. His new book boldly returns us to this question by reminding us of an important fact: that folklore is history and can (and should) be studied from a historical perspective, drawing on literary and material evidence to trace the development of folkloric figures. Because of its novel approach, the book will certainly appeal to historians and folklorists alike, bridging the divide between the two – and, with any luck, convincing each of the benefit of the other's viewpoint. Because of its accessibility, the book will also attract the general reader interested in folklore and history. *Twilight of the Godlings* is a brilliant achievement.'

### - Ceri Houlbrook, Lecturer in Folklore and History, University of Hertfordsbire

'This is a bold, erudite, exciting and genuinely original attempt to solve one of the most intractable of questions concerning medieval British culture. It is very readable and enjoyable, and undoubtedly makes a notable contribution to debate.'

## - Ronald Hutton, Professor of History, University of Bristol, author of Pagan Britain (2013)

'Twilight of the Godlings is nicely combative, making considerable and justifiable claims for its own originality: tracing the history of various folkloric beings through from Roman Britain to the late medieval period. The author firmly eschews outmoded ideas of a 'Celtic hypothesis' – the belief that later



Celtic-language tales, in particular in Irish, can explain the origins and development of such creatures. Dr Young has a background in classical literature and an unusual competence in comparative religion, which is very useful in broadening his comparative frame of reference. He writes clearly and authoritatively and his book is both timely and persuasive.'

- Carolyne Larrington, Professor of Medieval European Literature, University of Oxford, author of The Land of the Green Man: A Journey through the Supernatural Landscapes of the British Isles (2015)

'This is a magnificent book and I am very proud to have my name associated with it. The real proof of its magnificence is that I disagreed with large parts, but still loved reading it. *Twilight of the Godlings* will stir up debate and act as a fantastic stimulus for supernatural folklore studies. The critical accompaniment is always fascinating and provocative – and at times intoxicating. Packed with fruitful ideas, it is the only post-war volume to look at the development of British fairylore from earliest times to the Middle Ages.'

- Simon Young, Lecturer in History, University of Virginia (CET), Siena





Niamh of the Golden Hair by Alan Lee



# TWILIGHT OF THE GODLINGS

The Shadowy Beginnings of Britain's Supernatural Beings

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> For Jimmy Altham εἶναι γὰρ καὶ ἐνταῦθα θεούς. – Heraclitus





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#### **PREFACE**

'It is the supreme difficulty experienced in accounting for the origins of the fairy superstition, in finding a formula which shall express its original nature, which has inspired so many brilliant men and women to ransack the records of elfin tradition'. I So wrote Lewis Spence in 1946 - at a time, as he himself acknowledged, when folklorists had already 'agreed to differ' on the question of the origins of the supernatural beings of British folklore. The discussion was already, in other words, an unfashionable one because it risked leading the scholar down an unprofitable cul-de-sac where there was only endless argument and no satisfactory answers. As a consequence, the question of the ultimate origins of Britain's supernatural beings for to classify them only as 'fairies', as we shall see, is far too restrictive - has been largely neglected since, and was touched upon only lightly and speculatively even by great folklorists such as Katharine Briggs.

It is the premise of this book that the time for such silence and reticence is over. The methodological advances made by historians, folklorists, archaeologists, linguists and others over the past eighty years have transformed the intellectual landscape, more than justifying a return to the question of the ultimate origins of Britain's attachment to those beings named as 'godlings' in the title

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Spence, British Fairy Origins, pp. v-vi.



#### Preface

of this book. Whether *Twilight of the Godlings* successfully peers through the half-light and adequately answers the questions it poses is for the reader to judge; however, this book is not intended as a reductive polemic that offers a single simplistic explanation for the origins of those elusive supernatural beings we now generally call fairies. The book is, rather, intended to illustrate the complexity of a difficult historical and folkloristic problem, and to mark a possible path through the maze. There are no simple answers to the questions addressed by this book, but there are certain concepts and processes we may wish to adopt that could lead us closer to the truth, as well as outdated assumptions and approaches we can profitably lay aside that have hitherto hindered understanding or led researchers down blind alleys.

While fairy lore and fairy stories have fascinated me since childhood, the idea for this book emerged from the process of writing my earlier book, Suffolk Fairylore (2018), which first led me to ponder questions about the ultimate origins of fairy belief in Britain. Clearly, those questions could not be adequately addressed in a book focussed on the folklore of a single English county, but I found them insufficiently explored (or dealt with summarily) in much of the literature. Then, in writing my book Pagans in the Early Modern Baltic (2022), I again found myself considering the nature of those beliefs that hover on the unstable boundary between religion and folklore, in the context of the definition of paganism and traditional religions. The need for an up-to-date study addressing the origins of supernatural beings in Britain – a country that has produced much of the literature on the subject over the past two centuries – seemed to me acute.

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#### Preface

I am very grateful to Alex Wright for his faith in this project, and to the rest of the team at Cambridge University Press for bringing it to fruition, as well as the anonymous reviewers commissioned by the press for their helpful and constructive criticism of the manuscript. The late Susan Curran, who supported me in the writing of Suffolk Fairylore (which led to this book) is also deserving of thanks. I thank Dr Simon Young - who, incidentally, is no relation – the foremost chronicler of Britain's fairies, for pointing me in the direction of crucial sources for this book. I am grateful to Danny Bate for providing expert advice on linguistics, and to Dr Nicholas Wilkinson for many inspiring conversations on folklore over the years, as well as for reading over the book's Epilogue from the perspective of a biologist. I thank Simon Knott for sharing his knowledge of woodwoses in church art, and Dr Margaret Hilditch for her generosity in sharing her personal library.

I am grateful to Simon Knott, the Trustees of the British Library Board, the Trustees of the British Museum, the Wellcome Collection, the Corinium Museum at Cirencester, the Portable Antiquities Scheme and the Wiltshire Museum, Devizes, for permission to reproduce images from their collections, and I acknowledge with thanks the helpful staff of Cambridge University Library, the British Library and other libraries whose digitisation of their manuscripts has greatly aided my research. As always, my greatest debt of gratitude is to my wife Rachel and daughters Abigail and Talitha for sustaining me and supporting my scholarship.

Translations from other languages are my own unless otherwise stated.

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#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

BL British Library, London

GPC Geiriadur Prifysgol Cymru, geiriadur.ac.uk/gpc/

gpc.html

ODNB The Oxford Dictionary of National Biography

(online edition), oxforddnb.com

OED Oxford English Dictionary, oed.com

PL Migne, J.-P. (ed.), Patrologia Latina

(Paris, 1844–64), 221 vols

RIB Roman Inscriptions of Britain,

romaninscriptionsofbritain.org

RMLWL Latham, R. E. (ed.), Revised Medieval Latin

Word List from British and Irish Sources (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1965)