

Cambridge University Press

978-0-521-89936-9 - Cosmic Challenge: The Ultimate Observing List for Amateurs

Philip S. Harrington

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Cosmic Challenge

Listing more than 500 sky targets, both near and far, in 187 challenges, this observing guide will test novice astronomers and advanced veterans alike. Its unique mix of Solar System and deep-sky targets will have observers hunting for the Apollo lunar landing sites, searching for satellites orbiting the outermost planets, and exploring hundreds of star clusters, nebulae, distant galaxies, and quasars.

Each target object is accompanied by a rating indicating how difficult the object is to find, an in-depth visual description, an illustration showing how the object realistically looks, and a detailed finder chart to help you find each challenge quickly and effectively. The guide introduces objects often overlooked in other observing guides and features targets visible in a variety of conditions, from the inner city to the dark countryside. Challenges are provided for viewing by the naked eye, through binoculars, to the largest backyard telescopes.

Philip S. Harrington is the author of eight previous books for the amateur astronomer, including *Touring the Universe through Binoculars*, *Star Ware*, and *Star Watch*. He is also a contributing editor for *Astronomy* magazine, where he has authored the magazine's monthly "Binocular Universe" column and "Phil Harrington's Challenge Objects," a quarterly online column on Astronomy.com. He is an Adjunct Professor at Dowling College and Suffolk County Community College, New York, where he teaches courses in stellar and planetary astronomy.

Cambridge University Press

978-0-521-89936-9 - Cosmic Challenge: The Ultimate Observing List for Amateurs

Philip S. Harrington

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Cosmic Challenge

The Ultimate Observing List for Amateurs

PHILIP S. HARRINGTON



Cambridge University Press

978-0-521-89936-9 - Cosmic Challenge: The Ultimate Observing List for Amateurs

Philip S. Harrington

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

Cambridge, New York, Melbourne, Madrid, Cape Town, Singapore,
São Paulo, Delhi, Dubai, Tokyo, Mexico City

Cambridge University Press

The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge CB2 8RU, UK

Published in the United States of America by Cambridge University Press, New York

www.cambridge.org

Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9780521899369

© P. Harrington 2011

This publication is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception
and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements,
no reproduction of any part may take place without the written
permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 2011

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

A catalog record for this publication is available from the British Library

ISBN 978 0 521 89936 9 Hardback

Cambridge University Press has no responsibility for the persistence or
accuracy of URLs for external or third-party internet websites referred to
in this publication, and does not guarantee that any content on such
websites is, or will remain, accurate or appropriate.

Cambridge University Press
978-0-521-89936-9 - Cosmic Challenge: The Ultimate Observing List for Amateurs
Philip S. Harrington
Frontmatter
[More information](#)

For my wife Wendy, the center of my universe

Contents

<i>Preface</i>	<i>page</i> ix
<i>Acknowledgments</i>	x
<i>Photo credits</i>	xi
1 Meeting the challenge	1
2 Naked-eye challenges	27
3 Binocular challenges	78
4 Small-scope challenges:	
Giant binoculars, 3- to 5-inch telescopes	130
5 Medium-scope challenges:	
6- to 9.25-inch telescopes	223
6 Large-scope challenges:	
10- to 14-inch telescopes	307
7 Monster-scope challenges:	
15-inch and larger telescopes	367
<i>Epilogue: The edge of imagination</i>	448
<i>Appendix A The cosmic challenge</i>	450
<i>Appendix B Suggested further reading</i>	461
<i>Appendix C 100 challenging double stars</i>	463
<i>Index</i>	467

Cambridge University Press

978-0-521-89936-9 - Cosmic Challenge: The Ultimate Observing List for Amateurs

Philip S. Harrington

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Preface

Surely there is not another field of human contemplation so wondrously rich as astronomy! It is so easy to reach, so responsive to every mood, so stimulating, uplifting, abstracting, and infinitely consoling. Everybody may not be a chemist, a geologist, a mathematician, but everybody may be and ought to be, in a modest, personal way, an astronomer, for star-gazing is a great medicine of the soul.

With those words, Garret Serviss embarked on his book *Round the Year with the Stars*. Published in 1910, *Round the Year with the Stars* brought readers to sights that few had ever seen before. Serviss was one of his generation's best-known astronomical authors, with several previous titles to his credit. Indeed, he was almost apologetic for writing this latest work. "The writer's only real excuse for appearing again in this particular field is that he has never yet finished a book, and seen it go forth, without feeling that he had overlooked, or cast aside, or of necessity omitted a multitude of things quite as interesting and important as any he had touched upon."

That is my excuse, as well. In the 100 years since Serviss's book first appeared, there have been hundreds, if not thousands, of observing guides published. I have written a couple of them myself. Some were general guides intended to introduce the reader to the sky's finest objects. Others paid homage to only certain classes of objects, restricting their discussion to only deep-sky objects or perhaps members of the Solar System. Many were geared toward newcomers to the hobby and to science, while others were intended for veterans who had been around the block many times.

Many of the published guides, my own included, have overlooked some fascinating objects, perhaps in

part because the author felt those objects were too difficult for the intended audience.

The book you hold before you is a little different. *Cosmic Challenge* focuses on a wide variety of sky targets, including some old favorites and some that you probably have never even heard of before. Each object included will have been selected not because it is easy, but because it is difficult to spot in some way. The type of challenge posed will vary from one target to the next. An object might be very faint, or very small, or tough to spot for any of a number of other reasons.

Of course, what's challenging to one person might be an easy catch for another. So much depends on each person's level of experience, the clarity and darkness of the observing site, and the telescope used. A tough test for a 4-inch telescope should be quite easy through a 14-inch. To help level the playing field, each chapter is devoted to one of six instrument categories based on aperture: naked eye, binoculars, 3- to 5-inch telescopes, 6- to 9.25-inch telescopes, 10- to 14-inch telescopes, and 15-inches and up. Each chapter is then further segmented by season.

Although the book mainly covers deep-sky objects that may require dark skies regardless of telescope size, each chapter also includes targets of interest to city dwellers. Many lunar and planetary features, visible year-round, as well as some close-set double and multiple star systems, are included, since they are equally challenging regardless of the observing site.

I would very much enjoy hearing from you, the reader, as you attempt to view the objects outlined in this book. Feel free to email me at phil@philharrington.net. And be sure to check for additions and addenda in the "Cosmic Challenge" section of my website, www.philharrington.net.

Cambridge University Press

978-0-521-89936-9 - Cosmic Challenge: The Ultimate Observing List for Amateurs

Philip S. Harrington

Frontmatter

[More information](#)

Acknowledgments

I wish to pass on my sincere appreciation to those dedicated amateur astronomers who reviewed each chapter to correct errors, offer suggestions, and in general polish the product you hold before you. Those proofreaders include Glenn Chaple, Phil Creed, Rod Mollise, and Sam Storch. I am very fortunate to have had this skilled set of veteran amateur astronomers – all among the most knowledgeable amateurs in the world – review the final manuscript. Thank you all for your comments and your suggestions.

I also wish to thank John Boudreau, Bill Bradley, Kevin Dixon, Bob King, Larry Landolfi, Frank Melillo, and Dan Wright, the astrophotographers whose work adorns some of the pages to come. I find it truly amazing to see the results being produced by accomplished backyard astronomers these days. These seasoned amateurs are among today's most talented astrophotographers.

My thanks to Christian Legrand and Patrick Chevalley, creators of Virtual Moon Atlas software, for allowing me to use their program as the basis for the lunar charts found in the later chapters.

Many thanks also to my editor Vincent Higgs, Abigail Jones, Megan Waddington, and Claire Poole at Cambridge University Press for their diligent guidance and help throughout the production phase of this book. Without their input, the book as it exists simply would not.

I would also like to single out four people who were very influential in my early days as a teenage amateur astronomer. The first is George Clark, my 6th-grade science teacher in Norwalk, Connecticut. It was his homework assignment to watch the total lunar eclipse of April 13, 1968, that sparked my interest, and

ultimately lifelong passion, in astronomy in the first place.

My thanks also to Russ Harding, former director of the Robert B. Oliver Planetarium for the Norwalk school system. With the patience of a saint, he allowed this high schooler to putter around the planetarium nearly every day after school, very likely getting in the way and causing trouble rather than helping. But I loved it.

Another influential teacher in my life was Fred Bump from the neighboring Westport, Connecticut, schools. Fred was the power behind resurrecting Rolnick Observatory and the Westport Astronomical Society, where I was an active member "back in the day."

Finally, thanks to Charles Scovil, curator of Stamford Observatory in Stamford, Connecticut. He fostered my interest, and that of many other young astronomers. My parents would drive me there every Friday night, as the observatory became my "hang out."

And, of course, were it not for my parents, Frank and Dorothy Harrington, none of that would have happened. I love them dearly for that gift.

Last, but certainly not least, my deepest thanks, love, and appreciation go to my ever-patient family. My wife Wendy, daughter Helen, and mother-in-law Helen Hunt, have continually provided me with boundless love and encouragement over the years. Wendy also looked everything over with her eagle eyes one final time before I shipped the manuscript off to the publisher. Writing a book such as this entails more work and longer hours than most people realize. Were it not for their support and patience, allowing me time away from the family to assemble the work you hold in your hands, this book would not have come to pass.

Photo credits

Unless otherwise credited, all illustrations are by the author.			
Figure 1.16	Credit: P. Cinzano, F. Falchi (University of Padova), C. D. Elvidge (NOAA National Geophysical Data Center, Boulder). Copyright Royal Astronomical Society. Reproduced from the <i>Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society</i> by permission of Blackwell Science.	page 24	
Figure 2.1	Photo by Larry Landolfi	42	
Figure 2.2	Photo by Kevin Dixon	45	
Figure 2.3	Photo by Kevin Dixon	52	
Figure 2.5	Photo by Kevin Dixon	60	
Figure 2.7	Photo by Bill Bradley	67	
Figure 2.9	Photo by Bob King	76	
Figure 3.24	NASA photo	129	
Figure 4.26	Photo by Dan Wright	199	
Figure 4.29	Photo by John Boudreau	219	
Figure 4.30	Photo by John Boudreau	220	
Figure 5.30	Photo by John Boudreau	301	
Figure 5.31	Photo by John Boudreau	304	
Figure 5.32	Photo by John Boudreau	306	
Chart 6.15	Photo by Kevin Dixon	344	
Figure 6.25	Photo by Frank Melillo	366	
Figure 7.12	Digitized Sky Survey photo	403	
Figure 7.17	Space Telescope Science Institute photo	416	
Figure 7.18	Photo by Kevin Dixon	419	
Figure 7.29	US Naval Observatory Flagstaff Station photo	447	