

Index

- ABI *see* acquired brain injury
 abnormal illness behaviour, psychological
 reactions to illness 79–80
 abortion 650–1
 academic issues 19–20
 acne vulgaris 725
 acquired brain injury (ABI) 332–7
 cognitive deficits 335
 emotional disorders 335
 executive dysfunction 336
 incidence 332
 outcomes 333, 334
 prognosis 336–7
 PTA 333–5
 severity measures 333
 acute organic brain syndrome, legal issues 59
 Addenbrooke's Cognitive Examination 314
 adjustment difficulties
 diabetes 462–3
 physical illness 114, 115
 renal disease 514–15
 adjustment disorder
 ICU 679–81, 685
 psychological reactions to illness 72
 adolescents
 renal disease 521–2
 self-harm 251
 suicide 256
 AED *see* antiepileptic drugs
 affective dysprosodia, stroke 338
 ageing effects
 delirium 271
 psychological reactions to illness 66–7
 agnosia 313
 AID *see* amputee identity disorder
 AIDS *see* HIV infection
 alcohol 149–64
 acamprosate 166–7
 alcohol-related diseases 149–52
 anxiety 156–7, 168–9
 benzodiazepines 159–60
 blood test markers 154–6
 brief intervention (BI) 163–8, 171–2
 CAGE screening questionnaire 153–4
 cardiovascular service 169–70
 children 294–5
 chlordiazepoxide 159
 clomethiazole 159
 delirium tremens 282
 dementia 329
 dependence detection 152
 dependence symptoms 153
 depression 156–7
 detection 152–7
 diabetes 459
 diagnosis 152–4
 diazepam 159
 disulfiram 167–8
 emergency department (ED) 170–2
 Fast Alcohol Screening Test (FAST) 155
 first seizure in adulthood 172–3
 FRAMES 164
 haloperidol 159
 hazardous drinking 151–4
 head injury 169
 head/neck cancer 566
 HIV infection 485–6
 injury 169
 interventions 161–8
 liver disease 421–3
 medication 159–60
 motivational interviewing 164–6
 obstetric service 170
 older people 173
 opiate antagonists 167
 organizational issues 173
 physical signs 154
 presentations 150–1
 requests for 'drying out' 171
 screening 153–4
 sexual problems 237
 treatment 162–3
 vitamins 160–1, 282, 331
 Wernicke's syndrome 160–1

914 Index

- alcohol (cont.)
 withdrawal 157–60, 200–1
 WKS 331
- alopecia areata 726
- amineptine
- amnesia
 amnesic syndromes 331–2
 PTA 333–5
 TGA 332
- amoxapine 774
- amputee identity disorder (AID) 628
- ancillary support, drug misuse 208
- anorexia nervosa
 diabetes 458–9
 follow-up study 292–3
 legal issues 61
 psychological reactions to illness 78–9
- anosognosia, stroke 338
- antidepressant drugs 768–76
 depression 197–8
 drug misuse 197–8
 fibromyalgia 537
 indications 776–7
 liver disorders 428
 pregnancy 775–6
 puerperium 775–6
 risks 774–5
 side-effects 774–5
 and women 660
- antiepileptic drugs (AED) 352–3
 mood stabilizers 788–90
- anxiety
 alcohol 156–7, 168–9
 cancer 556–7
 causes 93
 CHD 367–8
 children 293
 detection 91–4
 diabetes 459–60
 eliciting mood symptoms 92
 genitourinary disorders 740–1
 head/neck cancer 568, 575
 history 93–4
 HIV infection 484–5
 management 603–4
 palliative care 602–4
 Parkinson's disease 344
 physical illness 113
 pregnancy 648–9
 problem case 827–30
 psychological reactions to illness 65–6, 72–4
 renal disease 516
 stroke 340
 symptoms 93
 treatment 648–9
- apathy, stroke 338
- aphasia
 delirium 276
 stroke 338
- apraxia 313
- arithmetic, neurological disorders 312–13
- assessment/intervention liaison service 36
- asthma
 COPD 375–6
 panic disorder 379–80
 psychological illness 379–80
- asylum psychiatrists (alienists), specialization
 beginnings 5
- atopic dermatitis 727–8
- attention, neurological disorders 309–10
- back pain *see* chronic low back pain
- BDD *see* body dysmorphic disorder
- Beck Depression Inventory (BDI) 97
- Beck Suicidal Intent Scale 255
- behaviour, abnormal illness behaviour 79–80
- behaviour changes, physical illness 114
- benzodiazepines 791
 alcohol 159–60
 delirium 281–2
 drug misuse 198
 mood stabilizers 789–90
 symptoms 199
 withdrawal 199
- bereavement, children 297–8
- best interests
see also capacity
 legal issues 55, 59, 61–2
- bipolar disorder
 perinatal management 644–5
 pregnancy 642–5
 treatment 642–5
- body dysmorphic disorder (BDD)
 CBT 627–8
 cosmetic procedures 620–8
 in cosmetic surgery clinics 623–6
 in psychiatric clinics 622–3
 psychocutaneous disorders 722–4
 screening 621
- Bolam test, Common Law 56
- Borderline Personality Disorder (BPD), childhood
 experiences 291
- BR *see* breathing retraining
- breathing disorders 380–3
- breathing retraining (BR) 381–3
- Brief Symptom Inventory (BSI) 97–8
- Broca's dysphasia 311–12
- BSI *see* Brief Symptom Inventory
- bulimia
 diabetes 458–9
 psychological reactions to illness 78–9
- bupropion 771
- burn trauma 697–711
 delirium 707
 early intervention 707–8
 later intervention 708–9
 liaison service 709–11
 management 707–9
 predictors, psychological reactions 704–5
 prevalence, psychological symptoms
 699–701
 psychiatric sequelae 697–704
 relatives 706–7
 self-inflicted 705–6

915 **Index**

- burning mouth syndrome
see also functional somatic syndromes
 treatment 140–1
- business case, liaison service 42–4
- bupirone, COPD 383
- CAM *see* complementary and alternative medicine
- cancer 547–61
see also head/neckcancer
 anxiety 556–7
 CAM 561
 communication 553–4
 counselling 558–9
 delirium 556
 depression 560–1
 effects of treatment 549–50
 emotional support 557–8
 factors predisposing to psychiatric disorders
 548–55
 fertility 551
 gastrointestinal 408–10
 information provision 559
 management 556–61
 nature of the illness 548–9
 organic factors 551–2
 problem cases 827–30, 833–6
 prognosis influencing 555–6
 psychiatric disorders 556–61
 psychological therapies 559–60
 screening 554–5
 sexual problems 231–2, 551, 557
 stress 552–3
 suicide 557
 treatment effects 549–50
- cannabis
 differential diagnosis 203
 pharmacotherapy 196–7
 symptoms 199
 treatment 203
 withdrawal 199
- capacity
see also best interests
 assessment 54, 606–7
 assumption 53
 Mental Capacity Act (2005) 56–8
 mental capacity assessment 606–7, 611
- carbamazepine 788
- cardiac rehabilitation (CR) 372–3
- cardiorespiratory disorders 365–83
- cardiovascular disorders 365–9
see also coronary heart disease
 drug treatment 374–5
 sexual problems 230
- care aspects, nursing 115
- care planning, nursing 112–13
- catastrophic reactions, stroke 341
- causes
 anxiety 93
 depression 76
- CBD *see* corticobasal degeneration
- CBT *see* cognitive behaviour therapy
- cerebellar dysfunction 317
- cervical smear 658–9
- CHD *see* coronary heart disease
- child abuse 291–2
- childhood experiences 290–9
 BPD 291
 FSS 133
- childhood factors, frequent attendance 885–7
- childhood influences 291–5
- children
 adjustment 293–4
 alcohol 294–5
 anxiety disorders 293
 bereavement 297–8
 Common Law 54–5
 comorbidity 290–1
 current practice variation 18
 depression 290–1, 293
 depression, maternal 296–7
 drug misuse 209–10, 294–5
 eating disorders 292–3
 eating disorders, maternal 297
 HIV infection 295, 479
 implications for the adult liaison psychiatrist
 298–9
 mental health difficulties, parental 296–7
 parental influences 295–8
 physical illness 293–4
 physical illness, parental 295–6
 psychiatric disorders 292–5
 PTSD 293
 sexual abuse 291–2
 somatization 293–4
- chorea 315
 Huntington's disease 323–4
- chronic fatigue syndrome
see functional somatic syndromes;
 persistent medically unexplained
 symptoms
 interventions 854–6
 treatment 139
- chronic inflammatory skin disease 726–8
- chronic low back pain (CLBP) 539
 depression 539–40
 psychological distress 539–40
 treatment 540–1
- chronic obstructive airways disease, problem case
 819–22
- chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
 375–8
 asthma 375–6
 depression 378
 drug treatment 383
 psychological illness 376–7
- chronic pancreatitis (CP) 405–7
- CJD *see* Creutzfeldt–Jakob disease
- CL *see* consultation-liaison psychiatry
- CLBP *see* chronic low back pain
- cognition-improving drugs 790–2
- cognitive approaches, sexual problems 240
- cognitive behaviour therapy (CBT)
 BDD 627–8
 HIV infection 494

916 Index

- cognitive behaviour therapy (CBT) (cont.)
 - physical illness 810–12
 - PMUS 855–6
 - problem case 821–2
- cognitive behavioural approach, drug misuse 207
- common disorders, detection, psychiatric disorders 86–96
- Common Law 52–6
 - best interests 55
 - Bolam test 56
 - capacity assessment 54
 - capacity assumption 53
 - children 54–5
 - duty of care 55
 - necessity 51
 - principles 53
- communication
 - cancer 553–4
 - decision making 71
 - dissatisfaction 70
 - good 70
 - liaison psychiatry 842–3
 - physical illness 114, 116
 - psychological reactions to illness 70–1
- comorbidity
 - children 290–1
 - physical illness 113
 - psychiatric disorder, FSS 131
- comparisons, international 12–13
- competencies, nursing 105–6
- complementary and alternative medicine (CAM)
 - cancer 561
 - fibromyalgia 537
- comprehensive liaison service 37–8
- consent, guidance 56
- consultation-liaison psychiatry (CL), development 8–13
- consultation models 15
- consultee-oriented consultation 15
- conversational model therapy 804
- conversion/somatoform disorders 357–9
- COPD *see* chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- coping strategies, psychological reactions to illness 64–5
- coronary heart disease (CHD) 365–6
 - anxiety 367–8
 - depression 366–8
 - hostility 367
 - psychosocial interventions 370–1
 - psychosocial risk factors 366
 - psychosocial work characteristics 368
 - social support 368–9
 - Type A behaviour (TAB) 367
- corticobasal degeneration (CBD) 326
- corticosteroid induced psychiatric syndromes, RA 530
- cosmetic procedures 617–26
 - AID 628
 - assessment 618–19, 626
 - availability 617–19
 - BDD 620–8
 - body sculpting 628–9
 - contraindications 619–21
 - decision criteria 618–19
 - DIY 625–7
 - eating disorders 620
 - psychosocial effects 619–22
- cost effectiveness, liaison service 27
- costs
 - drug misuse 194–5
 - self-harm 261–2
- counselling
 - cancer 558–9
 - drug misuse 205–7
 - HIV infection 494
 - physical illness 799–800
- CP *see* chronic pancreatitis
- CR *see* cardiac rehabilitation
- Creutzfeldt–Jakob disease (CJD) 326–7
- crisis-oriented, therapeutic consultation 15
- Crohn's disease 393–7
- current practice variation 13–19
 - children 18
 - clinical methods 14–15
 - clinical problem types 13, 14
 - emergency department (ED) 17
 - inpatients 16, 17
 - other disciplines 18–19
 - outpatients 16–17
 - primary care 17–18
 - service models 16
 - settings 16–18
 - sub-specialization 18
 - trends 14
- DALT *see* Drug and Alcohol Liaison Team
- decision making, communication 71
- delirium 270–8
 - acute psychotic states 276
 - aetiology 272
 - ageing effects 271
 - aphasia 276
 - benzodiazepines 281–2
 - burn trauma 707
 - cancer 556
 - causes 272
 - causes, finding 279–80
 - classification 277–9
 - clinical features 272–7
 - clinical management 279–84
 - clonidine 282
 - concept 270
 - death risk 277
 - defining 277
 - delirium tremens 282
 - delusions 274
 - dementia 275–6, 318
 - diagnosis 275–7
 - diagnostic criteria 278
 - differential diagnosis 275–7
 - donepezil 282
 - ECT 282
 - EEG abnormalities 275
 - endogenous causes 273

917 Index

- environmental interventions 282–3
- epidemiology 270–2
- exogenous causes 273
- hallucinations 274
- haloperidol 280–1
- HIV infection 272
- ICU 676–9
- immunology 282
- liaison issues 283–4
- management 605
- medications 273, 280
- mood disturbances 274–5
- morbidity 277
- neurological symptoms 275
- neurovegetative symptoms 275
- non-pharmacological interventions 282–3
- older people 271
- outcomes 276–7
- palliative care 604–5
- phenothiazines 281
- physostigmine 282
- pre-existing brain condition 271
- prevention 279
- prognosis 272–7
- psychomotor disturbances 274
- psychopharmacological intervention 280–2
- risk factors 270–2
- sleep–wake cycle 274
- stroke 337
- surgery 271
- therapeutic issues 279–84
- demand estimation, liaison service 27–34
- dementia 318–30
 - alcohol 329
 - atypical 322
 - causes 320–1
 - causes, reversible 322
 - CBD 326
 - CJD 326–7
 - cortical vs. subcortical 319
 - delirium 275–6, 318
 - diagnosis 318–19, 325
 - DLB 343
 - FTDs 325–6
 - HIV infection 482
 - Huntington's disease 323–4
 - infective 326–7
 - inflammatory 327–8
 - inherited 323–5
 - investigations 319–23
 - leucodystrophies 325
 - miscellaneous causes 329
 - neoplastic 328
 - OSA 329
 - palliative care 605–6
 - Pick's disease 325–6
 - primary degenerative 325–6
 - pseudodementia 329–30
 - PSP 326
 - reversible causes 322
 - structural 328
 - subcortical vs. cortical 319
 - traumatic 328
 - vitamins 329
 - Wilson's disease (hepatolenticular degeneration) 324
- dementia with Lewy bodies (DLB) 343
- depression
 - see also* antidepressant drugs
 - alcohol 156–7
 - cancer 560–1
 - causes 75
 - CHD 366–8
 - children 290–1, 293
 - CLBP 539–40
 - COPD 378
 - detection, psychiatric disorders 86–91
 - diabetes 456–8
 - diagnosis 598–9
 - diagnostic criteria 90
 - differential diagnosis 599
 - drug misuse 197–8
 - ECT 777
 - eliciting mood symptoms 87
 - epilepsy 352–3
 - HADS 94, 97, 568
 - head/neck cancer 568, 575, 581
 - HIV infection 484
 - ICU 674–5, 685–6
 - impact 600
 - liver disorders 418–19
 - medications 89
 - MI 369–70
 - myths 87–8
 - palliative care 597–602
 - Parkinson's disease 343–4
 - perinatal management 640–1
 - physical illness 74–7, 88–91, 113–14
 - pregnancy 638–42
 - prevalence, advanced disease 599–600
 - problem case 827–30
 - prognosis 600
 - psychological reactions to illness 74–7
 - psychotherapy 602
 - psychotropic drugs 601–2
 - RA 528–32
 - recognition 599
 - renal disease 512–14
 - screening 599
 - stress 89
 - stroke 338–9
 - symptoms 76, 90–1
 - treatment 600–2
- dermatitis artefacta 718–19
- dermatological disorders *see* psychocutaneous disorders
- detection, psychiatric disorders 83–98
 - anxiety 91–4
 - clinical skills 83–6
 - common disorders 86–96
 - depression 86–91
 - psychosis 95–6
 - questionnaires 94, 96–8

918 **Index**

- diabetes 454–67
 adjustment difficulties 462–3
 alcohol 459
 anxiety 459–60
 clinical features 454–5
 depression 456–8
 drug misuse 459
 eating disorders 458–9
 family factors 463
 health beliefs 463
 hypoglycaemia fear 462
 interventions 464–6
 personality disorders 461
 pharmacological interventions 464
 psychiatric disorders 456–61
 psychological problems 462–3
 psychotherapy 464–6
 psychotic disorders 460–1
 self-harm 463
 sexual problems 230–1
 diagnosis consequences, physical illness 113–14
 diagnostic criteria, depression 90
 disability, defining 306
 disaster planning 896–911
 aftermath 907–8
 emergency plans 896–7
 general hospital plan 904
 immediate psychosocial response 906–7
 information sources 911
 interventions 899–903
 medications 903
 planning services 904–8
 prevalence, psychiatric disorders 897–8
 PTSD 897–903
 DLB *see* dementia with Lewy bodies
 doctor–patient relationship, FSS 131–2
 Drug and Alcohol Liaison Team (DALT) 214
 drug misuse 180–215
 abstinence syndromes 198–205
 accident and emergency units 185
 acute general medical settings 185–6
 acutely disturbed patients 201–3
 addiction, pharmacotherapy for 196–7
 Addicts Index 187
 alcohol withdrawal syndromes 200–1
 ancillary support 208
 antidepressant drugs 197–8
 antipsychotics 197
 assessment 188–93
 benzodiazepines 198
 cannabis differential diagnosis 203
 cannabis pharmacotherapy 196–7
 cannabis treatment 203
 children 209–10, 294–5
 classes, Misuse of Drugs Act (1971) 212
 classification 181
 cognitive behavioural approach 207
 compulsory treatment 211
 convulsions 201
 costs 194–5
 counselling 205–7
 criteria 182–3
 DALT 214
 dependence syndrome 183
 depression 197–8
 diabetes 459
 diagnosis 181, 203–5
 differential diagnosis 203–5
 emergency department (ED) 752–3
 epidemiology 182–4
 evidence base 194–6
 family therapy 207
 group therapies 207–8
 hallucinogens differential diagnosis 203
 hallucinogens treatment 203
 health care professionals 209
 HIV infection 485–6
 liaison team 214
 Misuse of Drugs Regulations (2001) 213
 morbidity 182–4
 mortality 182
 motivational interviewing 206–7
 obstetric units 187–8
 older people 210–11
 opiate abstinence syndrome 198–200
 opiates pharmacotherapy 196
 outcome research 194–6
 paediatric units 187–8
 pain management 205
 pharmacotherapy for addiction 196–7
 phencyclidine differential diagnosis 204
 phencyclidine treatment 204
 planning services 214
 police liaison 211
 policy initiatives 180
 pregnant users 208–9
 prevalence 185–8
 psychiatric disorders and drug treatment 197–8
 psychiatric patients 186–7
 psychological interventions 205–7
 questions 189–92
 residential treatments 207–8
 sedative abstinence syndrome 200
 sedatives differential diagnosis 204–5
 sedatives treatment 204–5
 self-harm 184
 service delivery framework 188
 severe mental illness 194
 social network behaviour therapy 207
 solvents differential diagnosis 205
 solvents treatment 205
 special groups 208
 stimulants differential diagnosis 203–4
 stimulants pharmacotherapy 196–7
 stimulants treatment 203–4
 suicide prevention 184
 symptoms 181, 199
 treatment 203–5
 twelve-step programmes 207–8
 withdrawal 198–205
 drugs
 and women 660
 overdoses 681–2
 pharmacodynamics 763–764

919 **Index**

- pharmacogenetics 767
- pharmacokinetics 765–7
- psychotropic drugs 764, 767–76
- selection principles 764
- drugs, recreational, sexual problems 237
- dying/death
 - see also* palliative care
 - HIV infection 479
- dyskinesias, neurological examination 315
- dyspepsia, functional 397–405
 - diagnosis 399
- dysphasias 311–12
 - classification 312
- dyspraxia 313
- dystonias 315, 354–5
- eating disorders
 - see also* anorexia nervosa; bulimia
 - BDD 620
 - children 292–3
 - cosmetic procedures 620
 - diabetes 458–9
- ECT *see* electroconvulsive treatment
- Ekbom's disease 715–17
- elderly *see* older people
- electroconvulsive treatment (ECT), depression 777
- elements, liaison service 33–4
- eliciting mood symptoms
 - anxiety 92
 - depression 87
 - panic disorder 92
- emergency department (ED) 764–5
 - alcohol 170–2
 - clinical skills 753–5
 - current practice variation 17
 - drug misuse 752–3
 - epidemiology 763–7
 - management 755–8
 - outcomes 758–60
 - presentations 752–3
 - resourcing 755–8
- emotionalism, stroke 340
- endocrine disorders 432–49
 - acromegaly 449
 - Addison's disease 435, 437, 439, 447–8
 - clinical aspects 433–9
 - clinical relevance, psychiatric syndromes 434–5
 - correlation, biochemical variables 436–7
 - Cushing's syndrome 435, 437, 439, 445–7
 - diabetes 434
 - epidemiology 432–3
 - hyperparathyroidism 434, 439, 442–4
 - hyperprolactinaemia 435, 437, 439, 445
 - hyperthyroidism 436, 439, 441–2
 - hypoparathyroidism 435, 439, 444–5
 - hypothyroidism 434, 439–41
 - phaeochromocytoma 448–9
 - prevalence, psychiatric disorders 436–7
 - prevalence, psychiatric syndromes 434–5
 - problem case 833–6
 - somatic symptoms 439
- epilepsy 346–53
 - absence seizures 348–9
 - antiepileptic drugs (AED) 352–3, 788–90
 - complex partial seizures 348
 - depression 352–3
 - EEG 351
 - etiology 346–7
 - incidence 346
 - NEAD 349–51
 - partial seizures 347
 - prevalence 346
 - pseudo seizures 349–51
 - psychiatric aspects 351–3
 - psychogenic 349–51
 - tonic-clonic seizures 347
- euthanasia
 - legal issues 58, 609
 - palliative care 609–11
- executive function
 - neurological disorders 311
 - stroke 341
- expanded psychiatric consultation 15
- 'expert patients' 66
- extrapyramidal signs 317
- eye movement abnormalities 315–16
- factitious disorders, problem case 839–41
- family therapy, drug misuse 207
- Fast Alcohol Screening Test (FAST) 155
- fatigue
 - see also* functional somatic syndromes; persistent medically unexplained symptoms
 - chronic fatigue syndrome 139
 - interventions 854–6
 - liver disorders 418
 - multiple sclerosis 345–6
 - problem case 836–9
- fertility
 - cancer 551
 - treatment 636–7
- fibromyalgia 533–8
 - see also* functional somatic syndromes
 - aetiology 534–5
 - antidepressant drugs 537
 - CAM 537
 - clinical features 533
 - clinical management 536–8
 - course 534
 - diagnosis 533
 - prevalence 533–4
 - problem case 822–4
 - psychiatric disorders 535–6
 - treatment 139–40
- finance *see* funding issues
- focus of care 15
- foetal anomaly 651
- frequent attendance 871–92
 - childhood adversity 885–6
 - childhood factors 885–7
 - childhood illness experience 886–7
 - concepts 871–2

920 Index

- frequent attendance (cont.)
 definitions 871–2
 interventions 889–92
 models of attendance 887–9
 outcomes 884–5
 physical illness 880–1
 prevalence 872–5
 psychiatric disorders 877–9
 psychiatric morbidity 872–80
 psychosocial factors 881–3
 qualitative models 888–9
 quantitative models 887–8
 resource use 883–4
 sociodemographic factors 872–5
 theoretical models 888–9
- frontal lobe disorders 311
 frontal release signs 316
 frontotemporal dementias (FTDs) 325–6
 FSS *see* functional somatic syndromes
 FTDs *see* frontotemporal dementias
 functional gastrointestinal disorders 397–405
 functional somatic syndromes (FSS) 125–41
 aetiology 132–8
 central dysfunction 136–7
 childhood experiences 133
 comorbid psychiatric disorder 131
 conceptual issues 125–32
 deconditioning 135
 defining 125
 doctor–patient relationship 131–2
 epidemiology 129–30
 five-factor model 127–8
 gender 130–1
 genetics 132–3
 heterogeneity 128
 illness beliefs 137–8
 infection 134
 injury 134
 maintaining factors 134–8
 neuroendocrine changes 135
 precipitating factors 134
 predisposing factors 132–3
 social factors 138
 by specialities 126
 stress 134
 symptom amplification 137–8
 symptomatic overlap 127–9
 symptoms 126–7
 terminology 125
 treatment 139
- funding issues
 cost effectiveness 27
 liaison service 40–2
- gabapentin 789
- gait
 abnormalities 315
 neurological examination 314
- gastrointestinal disorders 390–2
 abuse 403
 cancer 408–10
 CP 405–7
- functional 397–405
 GORD 397
 IBS 140, 397–405
 inflammatory bowel disease 393–7
 palliative care 409–10
 pathophysiological mechanisms 401
 peptic ulcer disease 390–2
 prevalence 399–400
 psychological factors 401–4
 reviews 405
 Rome criteria 397–9
 stomas 407–8
 stress 401
 treatment 404–5
- gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (GORD) 397
- GCS *see* Glasgow Coma Scale
- gender reassignment, problem case 841–2
- genetics, FSS 132–3
- genitourinary disorders 733–6
 affective illnesses 739–40
 anxiety 740–1
 assault 742–3
 clinical recommendations 748–9
 epidemiology 744–5
 explanations/aetiology of psychological distress 743–7
 herpes genitalis 746–7
 historical perspective 733–5
 hypochondriacal disorders 740–1
 illness behaviour 744
 personality disorders 742
 prevalence of psychiatric morbidity in GUM clinics 735–7
 prevalence, psychiatric problems 763–92
 psychotic illnesses 737–9
 qualitative studies 745
 recognition, psychological distress 747–8
 referrals 747–8
 sexual dysfunction 742–3
 sexual risk taking behaviour 745–6
 somatoform/conversion disorders 740–1
 syphilophobia 733–5
- Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome (GTS) 353–4
- Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS) 309, 310
 ABI 333
- GORD *see* gastro-oesophageal reflux disease
- group therapies, drug misuse 207–8
- GTS *see* Gilles de la Tourette's syndrome
- gynaecological disorders 632–45
- HADS *see* Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale
- hallucinogens
 differential diagnosis 203
 treatment 203
- haloperidol
 alcohol 159
 delirium 280–1
- handicap, defining 306
- head injury
see also acquired brain injury
 alcohol 169
 outcomes 334

921 **Index**

- head/neck cancer 564–76
 alcohol 566
 anxiety 568, 575
 appearance 578–9
 chemoprevention 566
 depression 568, 575, 581
 diagnosis, psychological morbidity 567–9
 diet 566
 HADS 568
 high-risk behaviour 576–7
 information provision 572–3
 investigations 565
 moderators, psychological distress 569
 oral hygiene 567
 prevention 566
 psychological interventions 580–2
 psychological morbidity 567–9
 public health issues 565–7
 quality of life studies 569–72
 recurrence fears 573–5
 recurrence reactions 577–8
 risk factors 566–7
 screening for depression 581
 self-care behaviour 575–6
 sexual practices 567
 smoking 576–7
 social support 579–80
 statistics 564
 tobacco 566
 treatment 565
 treatment, psychological morbidity 567–9
- headache 355–7
 cervicogenic 356
 chronic 355–6
 cluster 356–7
 migraine 355
 SAH 355
- heart disease *see* coronary heart disease
 heart transplantation, psychiatric aspects 375
 hepatic encephalopathy 417–8
 hepatitis 419–20
 hepatolenticular degeneration 324
 herpes genitalis 746–7
 HIV infection 474–95
 adverse effects, medication 491
 affective disorders 484
 alcohol 485–6
 alternative medications 490
 anticonvulsants 491
 antipsychotics 490–1
 anxiety 484–5
 anxiolytics 491
 assessment 486–7
 biological aspects 475
 CBT 494
 children 295, 479
 clinical presentations, psychiatric illnesses 476
 cognitive impairment 483
 counselling 494
 delirium 272
 dementia 482
 depression 484
 drug misuse 485–6
 dying/death 479
 epidemiology, psychiatric morbidity 474–6
 general management 487
 interactions, drug 491–3
 landmark events 476
 lifestyle issues 485
 mania 484
 models of care 495
 monoamine oxidase inhibitors 488
 mood stabilizers 491
 neuropsychiatric disorders 480–3
 older people 480
 opportunistic infections 477–8
 organic disorders 480–3
 outcomes 495
 personality issues 485
 pharmacotherapy 487–91
 physical treatments 487
 problem case 830–3
 professionals involved 487
 prognosis 495
 psychiatric disorders 481
 psychological aspects 475
 psychological treatments 492–4
 psychosis 483–4
 psychotherapy 494
 sexual problems 235
 side-effects, medication 489
 social aspects 475
 social interventions 494–5
 SSRIs 488–90
 suicide 486
 test notification 476–7
 treatment 486–95
 tricyclic antidepressants 488
- hormone replacement therapy (HRT) 657–8
 Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS)
 94
 head/neck cancer 568
 HPV *see* human papilloma virus
 HRT *see* hormone replacement therapy
 human papilloma virus (HPV) 658–9
 Huntington's disease 323–4
 Hypericum perforatum (St John's wort) 774
 hypertension 373–4
 hyposexuality, stroke 341
- IBS *see* irritable bowel syndrome
 ICU *see* intensive care unit
 impairment, defining 306
 inflammatory bowel disease 393–7
 information gathering skills 83–4
 information provision
 cancer 559
 head/neck cancer 572–3
 information sources
 disaster planning 911
 PTSD 911
 inpatients
 current practice variation 16
 liaison service 37

922 Index

- intensive care unit (ICU) 673–92
 - adjustment disorder 679–81, 685
 - approaches, psychiatric liaison 691–2
 - delirium 676–9
 - depression 674–5, 685–6
 - discharge 684–9
 - epidemiology 674–6
 - ICU psychosis 682–3
 - ICU syndrome 682–3
 - mechanical ventilation 683–4
 - neurocognitive deficits 688–9
 - overdoses 681–2
 - psychiatric reactions 676–82
 - PTSD 675–6, 686–8
 - quality of life studies 676
 - relatives' distress 690–1
 - sedatives 680
 - staff psychiatric problems 689–90
 - stress 679–81
 - suicide 681–2
- interactions, drug 91, 491–3
 - neuroleptics 781
- international comparisons 12–13
- interpersonal therapy (IPT) 803
- intervention
 - liaison service 36
 - nursing 114–15
 - physical illness 118
- interviewing patients
 - see also* motivational interviewing
 - single item screening interview 98
 - skills 84–5
- IPT *see* interpersonal therapy
- irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) 397–405
 - see also* functional somatic syndromes
 - diagnosis 399
 - treatment 140
- job descriptions, liaison service 39–40
- job plans, liaison service 39–40
- lamotrigine 789
- language, neurological disorders 311–12
- legal issues 47–58
 - acute organic brain syndrome 59
 - anorexia nervosa 61
 - best interests 55, 59, 61–2
 - clinical situations 58–62
 - Common Law 52–6
 - euthanasia 58, 609
 - Mental Capacity Act (2005) 56–8
 - MHA 47–52
 - schizophrenia 61
 - self-harm 59–61
 - Statute Law 47–8
 - treatment refusal 47–58
- leucodystrophies 325
- liaison psychiatry
 - defining 3
 - role 3
- liaison service
 - assessment/intervention 36
 - business case 42–4
 - comprehensive 37–8
 - cost effectiveness 27
 - demand estimation 27–34
 - discussions 26–7
 - elements 33–4
 - establishing 24–33
 - funding issues 40–2
 - initial negotiations 25–7
 - job descriptions 39–40
 - job plans 39–40
 - limited 38
 - location 34
 - management issues 40–2
 - models 16, 34–7
 - multidisciplinary team 38–9
 - personnel 25–6
 - preparatory work 25–7
 - referrals 27–34
 - restricted/unrestricted 35
 - size/workload 11
 - types 16, 34–7
- liaison team, drug misuse 214
- limbs, neurological examination 314–15
- limited liaison service 38
- lithium 787–8
- liver disorders 416–29
 - alcoholic liver disease 421–3
 - antidepressant drugs 428
 - antipsychotics 428–9
 - anxiolytics 429
 - chronic hepatocerebral degeneration 419
 - cirrhosis 420–1
 - depression 418–19
 - fatigue 418
 - hepatic encephalopathy 417–18
 - hepatitis 419–20
 - hepatolenticular degeneration 324
 - hypnotics 429
 - liver transplantation 424–7
 - primary biliary cirrhosis 420–1
 - psychiatric symptoms 416–19
 - psychotropic drugs 427–9
 - Wilson's disease (hepatolenticular degeneration) 324, 423–4
- location, liaison service 34
- lower motor neurone signs 317
- malformed infants 652
- management issues, liaison service 40–2
- MAOI *see* monoamine oxidase inhibitors
- MDP *see* monosymptomatic delusion of parasitosis
- medically unexplained symptoms (MUS) 847–64
 - see also* persistent medically unexplained symptoms
- memory, neurological disorders 310–1
- menopause 653–5

923 Index

- menstrual disturbances 655
- menstruation 633–6
- Mental Capacity Act (2005) 56–8
- Mental Health Act (1983) (MHA) 47–52
 - holding orders 49–50
 - managerial arrangements 52
 - place of safety orders 51–2
 - police 51–2
 - role 48–9
 - section 63; 25–6
- mental health liaison nurse (MHLN) 102–19
 - see also* nursing
- mental state examination
 - sexual problems 226
 - skills 86
- mentoring 842–3
- MHA *see* Mental Health Act (1983)
- MHLN *see* mental health liaison nurse
- MI *see* myocardial infarction
- migraine *see* headache
- Mini-Mental State Examination (MMSE) 275, 309–10, 313–14
- minors *see* children
- mirtazapine (Remergil®) 772–3
- miscarriage 650–1
- Misuse of Drugs Act (1971), classes
- Misuse of Drugs Regulations (2001), schedules 213
- MMSE *see* Mini-Mental State Examination
 - models
 - consultation 15
 - liaison service 16
- monoamine oxidase inhibitors 773–4
- monosymptomatic delusion of parasitosis (MDP) 715–17
- mood disorders
 - postnatal 652–3
 - pregnancy 638–42
- mood disturbances
 - delirium 274–5
 - multiple sclerosis 345
 - Parkinson's disease 344
- mood stabilizers 787–8
 - HIV infection 491
- motivational interviewing
 - alcohol 164–6
 - drug misuse 206–7
- multidisciplinary team, liaison service 38–9
- multiple sclerosis 344–6
 - cognitive impairment 345
 - fatigue 345–6
 - mood disturbances 345
 - pain 346
 - problem case 824–7
- MUS *see* medically unexplained symptoms
- musculo-skeletal disorders 527–41
 - CLBP 539
 - fibromyalgia 533–8
 - OA 538–9
 - RA 527–33
- myocardial infarction (MI)
 - advice 371–2
 - depression 369–70
 - health beliefs 371
- myoclonus 315
- myths, depression 87–8
- NARIs *see* selective noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors
- narratives, patient 799
- NEAD *see* non-epileptic attack disorder
- nervous disorder, specialization beginnings 5–6
- neuroleptic malignant syndrome (NMS) 784–5
- neuroleptics 777–87
 - choosing 778–80
 - DA-antagonistic effects 779
 - dose 780–1
 - indications 778
 - interactions, drug 781
 - liaison settings 786–7
 - longer term effects
 - NMS 784–5
 - pregnancy 785
 - puerperium 785
 - side-effects 781–5
- neurological disorders 305–59
 - ABI 332–7
 - amnesic syndromes 331–2
 - clinical assessment 306–18
 - conversion/somatoform disorders 357–9
 - dementias 318–30
 - dystonias 354–5
 - epilepsy 346–53
 - headache 355–7
 - multiple sclerosis 344–6
 - Parkinson's disease 342–4
 - sexual problems 231
 - somatoform/conversion disorders 357–9
 - stroke 337–42
 - tic disorders 353–4
- neurological examination 314–15
- neuropsychiatric history 307–9
- NMS *see* neuroleptic malignant syndrome
- non-epileptic attack disorder (NEAD) 349–51
- NRIs *see* selective noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors
- nursing 102–19
 - activities 106
 - aims 104–5
 - assessment 115
 - care aspects 115
 - care planning 112–13
 - competencies 105–6
 - development 103–4
 - focus of clinical practice 107–13
 - holistic approach 103–4
 - intervention point 114–15
 - physical illness 113–15
 - practice 104–15
 - practice domains 106–7

924 Index

- nursing (cont.)
 rehabilitation 114–15
 risk assessment 110–13
 role 102–19
 self-harm 107–10
 skills 105–6
 suicide prevention 107–10
 suicide risk assessment 114
- OA *see* osteoarthritis
 obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD), stroke 341
 obstructive sleep apnoea (OSA) 329
 OCD *see* obsessive-compulsive disorder
 olanzapine 783
 older people
 alcohol 173
 delirium 271
 drug misuse 210–11
 HIV infection 480
 self-harm 257
 suicide 257
 oncology *see* cancer
 opiates
 abstinence syndrome 198–200
 antagonists, alcohol 167
 pharmacotherapy 196
 symptoms 199
 withdrawal 199
 orientation, neurological disorders 309
 OSA *see* obstructive sleep apnoea
 osteoarthritis (OA) 538–9
 outpatients, current practice variation 16–17
- Paediatric Autoimmune
 Neuropsychiatric Disorders associated
 with Streptococcal Infection (PANDAS)
 353–4
- palliative care 592–608
 anxiety 602–4
 assessment 596–7
 context 592–3
 delirium 604–5
 dementia 605–6
 depression 597–602
 disturbed behaviour 604–6
 Endicott substitution criteria 598
 euthanasia 609–11
 gastrointestinal disorders 409–10
 history 596–7
 Kübler–Ross model 594
 mental capacity assessment 606–7, 611
 models of coping 593–6
 presentations 597
 psychotic illness 606
 referrals 596
 self-harm 607–9
 spirituality 610
 stages of dying 594
 suicide 607–9
 task-based models 594–6
 will-to-live changes 609–10
- pancreatitis, chronic 405–7
 PANDAS *see* Paediatric Autoimmune
 Neuropsychiatric Disorders associated with
 Streptococcal Infection
 panic disorder
 asthma 379–80
 eliciting mood symptoms 92
 psychological reactions to illness 73
 paranoid traits, psychological reactions to illness
 66
 Parkinson's disease 342–4
 anxiety 344
 depression 343–4
 features 342
 incidence 342
 mood disturbances 344
 patient-centred care, PMUS 849–51
 patient narratives, physical illness 799
 patient-oriented consultation 15
 PCOS *see* polycystic ovary syndrome
 pelvic pain 656–7
 peptic ulcer disease 390–2
 perception, neurological disorders 313
 perinatal disorders 632–45
 persistent medically unexplained
 symptoms (PMUS) 847–64
see also somatoform/conversion disorders
 CBT 855–6
 criteria 848
 exercise 854–5
 interventions 854–6
 links 857
 observational studies 852–3
 outcomes 852
 patient-centred care 849–51
 primary care 849–51, 854–6, 863–4
 reattribution 856–64
 routine care 851
 symptom beliefs 852–3
 working models 849–51
 personality disorders
 diabetes 461
 genitourinary disorders 742
 phencyclidine
 differential diagnosis 204
 treatment 204
 phenothiazines, delirium 281
 phobic anxiety disorder, psychological reactions
 to illness 73
 physical illness
 adjustment difficulties 114, 115
 anxiety 113
 assessment 116
 behaviour changes 114
 CBT 804–9
 comorbidity 113
 cognitive factors 807
 communication 114, 116
 depression 74–7, 88–91, 113–14
 diagnosis consequences 113–14
 frequent attendance 880–1
 intervention 118

925 Index

- nursing 113–15
- preventive psychological care 116–17
- psychiatric disorders following 72–80
- psychological interventions 795–812
- SCTF 796
- stress 114
- suicide risk assessment 91, 114
- supportive techniques 798–801
- therapeutic alliance 796
- physician-assisted suicide 609–11
- Pick's disease 325–6
- planning services, drug misuse 214
- PMDD *see* premenstrual dysphoric disorder
- PMUS *see* persistent medically unexplained symptoms
- police liaison, drug misuse 211
- polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) 655–6
- post-traumatic amnesia (PTA) 333–5
- post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)
 - children 293
 - disaster planning 897–903
 - ICU 675–6, 686–8
 - information sources 911
 - psychological reactions to illness 73–4
- postnatal mood disorders 652–3
- practice domains, nursing 106–7
- practice variation *see* current practice variation
- praxis 313
- pregnancy 637–8
 - antidepressant drugs 775–6
 - anxiety 648–9
 - bipolar disorder 642–5
 - depression 638–42
 - mood disorders 638–42
 - neuroleptics 785
 - schizophrenia 646–8
 - teenage 649–50
 - violence 650
- pregnant users, drug misuse 208–9
- premenstrual dysphoric disorder (PMDD) 634–6
 - criteria 634
 - symptoms 634
 - treatment 635–6
- preventive psychological care
 - physical illness 116–17
 - suicide prevention 107–10
- previous psychiatric illness, psychological reactions to illness 71–2
- primary care
 - current practice variation 17–18
 - PMUS 849–51, 854–6, 863, 864
- problem cases 818–43
 - anxiety 827–30
 - cancer 827–30, 833–6
 - chronic obstructive airways disease 819–22
 - depression 827–30
 - endocrine disorders 833–6
 - factitious disorders 839–41
 - fatigue 836–9
 - fibromyalgia 822–4
 - gender reassignment 841–2
 - HIV infection 830–3
 - multiple sclerosis 824–7
 - self-harm 822–4
 - somatoform/conversion disorders 824–7, 836–9
- problem-solving therapy (PST), physical illness 800–1
- progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP) 326
- pruritus 720–2, 724–5
- pseudodementia 329–30
- psoriasis 726–7
- PSP *see* progressive supranuclear palsy
- PST *see* problem-solving therapy
- psychiatric patients, drug misuse 186–7
- psychocutaneous disorders 714–29
 - acne vulgaris 725
 - alopecia areata 726
 - BDD 722–4
 - chronic inflammatory skin disease 726–8
 - dermatitis artefacta 718–19
 - dermatological disorders affected by
 - psychological factors 724–8
 - Ekbom's disease 715–17
 - MDP 715–17
 - pruritus 720–2, 724–5
 - psoriasis 726–7
 - psychogenic parasitosis 714–5
 - psychogenic purpura syndromes 725–6
 - psychological reactions 728–9
 - self-inflicted skin disorders 717–22
 - trichotillomania 722
 - urticarias 724–5
- psychodynamic interpersonal therapy 804
- psychodynamic therapy 802–3
- psychogenic parasitosis 714–15
- psychogenic purpura syndromes 725–6
- psychological interventions
 - drug misuse 205–7
 - head/neck cancer 580–2
 - physical illness 795–812
 - principles 795–8
 - relational therapies 801–4
 - supportive techniques 798–801
- psychological reactions to illness 64–81
 - abnormal illness behaviour 79–80
 - adjustment disorder 72
 - ageing effects 66–7
 - anxiety 65–6, 72–4
 - communication 70–1
 - depression 74–7
 - drug treatment 68–9
 - eating disorders 78–9
 - 'expert patients' 66
 - factors influencing 65–72
 - minimizing the significance 66
 - nature of the illness 67
 - paranoid traits 66
 - personal factors 65–7
 - physical factors 69
 - previous psychiatric illness 71–2
 - psychotic reactions 77
 - sexual dysfunction 77–8
 - special procedures 68
 - stress 71–2

926 Index

- psychological reactions to illness (cont.)
 terminal illness 67
 treatment environment 68
- psychopharmacological treatment
- psychosis
 detection 95–6
 HIV infection 483–4
 stroke 341
- psychosomatic medicine, development 7
- psychotic disorders, diabetes 460–1
- psychotic reactions, psychological reactions to illness 77
- psychotropic drugs 764, 767–76
 PTA *see* post-traumatic amnesia
 PTSD *see* post-traumatic stress disorder
- puerperium
 antidepressant drugs 775–6
 neuroleptics 785
- pyramidal signs 316
- questionnaires
see also information gathering skills
 BDI 97
 BSI 97–8
 detection, psychiatric disorders 96–8
 HADS 94, 97, 568
 SCL-90 97–8
 SF36 and SF12 98
 single item screening interview 98
- RA *see* rheumatoid arthritis
- reactions to illness, psychological *see* psychological reactions to illness
- reattribution
 PMUS 856–64
 techniques 801
- referrals
 criteria 37–8
 genitourinary disorders 747–8
 liaison service 27–34
 palliative care 596
 rates 28–33
- refusal, treatment *see* treatment refusal
- rehabilitation, nursing 114–15
- relational therapies, physical illness 801–4
- renal disease 506–22
 adjustment difficulties 514–15
 adolescents 521–2
 advice sources 517
 anxiety 516
 depression 512–14
 dialysis 507–9
 family factors 511–12
 healthcare limitations awareness 511
 loss
 mortality awareness 510–11
 non-adherence 520–1
 organic disorders 515–16
 overview, renal medicine 506–7
 pharmacotherapy 517–19
 prescribing rules 518
 psychiatric disorders 512–16
- psychological issues 509–12
 psychological themes 509
 psychosocial interventions 519–20
 psychotropic drugs 517
 transplantation 507–9
 treatment 516–20
 triggers 509
 uncertainty 510
- repetitive strain injury
see also functional somatic syndromes
 treatment 140
- research 19
- residential treatments, drug misuse 207–8
- respiratory disorders 375–83
 asthma 375–6, 379–80
 breathing disorders 380–3
 COPD 375–8
 OSA 329, 380
- restricted/unrestricted liaison service 35
- reversible and selective inhibition of monoamine oxidase type A (RIMA) 773
- rheumatoid arthritis (RA) 527–33
 aetiological factors, psychiatric disorders 528–30
 assessment, psychiatric disorders 531–2
 corticosteroid-induced psychiatric syndromes 530
 depression 528–9
 impact, psychiatric illness 530–2
 neuroticism 529–30
 pain 528
 prevalence, psychiatric disorders 528
 social stress 529
 social support 529
 treatment, psychiatric disorders 531–3
 treatments problems 530
- RIMA *see* reversible and selective inhibition of monoamine oxidase type A
- risk assessment
see also suicide risk assessment
 attitudes 111
 nursing 110–13
 principles 110–11
- roles
 liaison psychiatry 3
 MHA 48–9
 nursing 102–19
- SAH *see* subarachnoid haemorrhage
- schizophrenia
 legal issues 61
 pregnancy 646–8
 suicide 250
 treatment 647–8
- SCL-90 37–8 *see* Symptom Checklist 90
- SCTF *see* specific Common Therapeutic Factors
- sedatives
 abstinence syndrome 200
 differential diagnosis 204–5
 ICU 680
 treatment 204–5

927 Index

- selective noradrenaline reuptake
 - inhibitors (NARIs or NRIs) 770
- selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs) 770
- self-harm 245–62
 - see also* suicide
 - adolescents 251, 256
 - aetiological models 251–3
 - aetiology 248–53
 - assessment 254–7
 - assessment topics 254
 - burn trauma 705–6
 - costs 261–2
 - defining 245
 - diabetes 463
 - drug misuse 184
 - epidemiology 246–7
 - frequent repeaters 257
 - general population 250–1
 - guidelines 257–8
 - hospital management 258–9
 - legal issues 59–61
 - long-term outcome 261
 - mentally ill 256–7
 - motives 255
 - nursing 107–10
 - older people 257
 - palliative care 607–9
 - problem case 822–4
 - psychological models 253
 - reasons 255
 - repetition risk factors 256
 - risk factors 250–1
 - services 257–8
 - suicide links 247–8, 255
 - treatment interventions 259–60
- self-inflicted skin disorders 717–22
- sensory signs 317–18
- serotonergic syndrome 765
- serotonin and noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors (SNARIs) 770–1
- service, liaison *see* liaison service
- sexual abuse, children 291–2
- sexual desire disorders 659–60
- sexual dysfunction 659
 - genitourinary disorders 742–3
 - psychological reactions to illness 77–8
- sexual problems 221–40
 - aetiology, medical vs. psychological 229–30
 - alcohol 237
 - anatomy 221–2
 - apomorphine 239
 - arousal 223
 - assessment 223–6, 228
 - cancer 231–2, 551, 557
 - cardiovascular disorders 230
 - classification 222–3
 - cognitive approaches 240
 - contraceptive history 225
 - current sexual preferences/practices 225
 - current sexual relationship 224
 - desire 223, 659–60
 - diabetes 230–1
 - drugs, prescribed 233–5
 - drugs, recreational 237
 - family environment 225
 - gender reassignment 841–2
 - genital and reproductive organs 232–3
 - HIV infection 235
 - hormone levels 237–8
 - hyposexuality 341
 - medical conditions, other 235
 - medical disorders 228
 - medical history 225–6
 - medical patients 228–9
 - mental state examination 226
 - neurological disorders 231
 - non-medical difficulties 223
 - obstetric history 225
 - orgasm 223
 - pain 223
 - past sexual relationships 225
 - physical examination 226
 - physical treatments 238–9
 - physiology 221–2
 - prescribed drugs 233–5
 - presenting problems 224
 - prevalence 227
 - prostaglandin-E 239
 - psychological treatments 239–40
 - screening investigations 237–8
 - sexual development 224
 - sexual education/knowledge 225
 - sildenafil 238
 - spinal injuries 231
 - tadalafil 238
 - testosterone therapy
 - transexualism 235–6
 - treatments 238–40
- SF36 and SF12 *see* Social Function Scales
- ‘shell shock’ 6
- side effects, medication 69
 - antidepressant drugs 774–5
 - HIV infection 489
 - neuroleptics 781–5
- single item screening interview 98
- situation-oriented consultation 15
- skills
 - detection, psychiatric disorders 83–6
 - information gathering 83–4
 - interviewing patients 84–5
 - mental state examination 86
 - mix 38–9
 - nursing 105–6
- skin disorders *see* psychocutaneous disorders
- SNARIs *see* serotonin and noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors
- Social Function Scales (SF36 and SF12) 98
- social network behaviour therapy, drug misuse 207
- ‘soldier’s heart’ 6
- solvents
 - differential diagnosis 205
 - treatment 205

928 Index

- somatoform/conversion disorders 357–9
see also persistent medically unexplained symptoms
 aetiology 358
 diagnosis 358
 genitourinary disorders 740–1
 history 357–8
 management 358–9
 problem cases 824–7
- specialization beginnings
 asylum psychiatrists (alienists) 5
 history 5–6
 nervous disorder 5–6
- specific common therapeutic factors (SCTF), physical illness 796
- spinal injuries, sexual problems 231
- SSRIs *see* selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors
- standard instruments, neurological disorders 313–4
- Statute Law 47–8
- stillbirth 652
- stimulants
 differential diagnosis 203–4
 pharmacotherapy 196–7
 symptoms 199
 treatment 203–4
 withdrawal 199
- stomas 407–8
- stress
see also post-traumatic stress disorder
 cancer 552–3
 depression 89
 FSS 134
 gastrointestinal disorders 401
 ICU 679–81
 physical illness 114
 psychological reactions to illness 71–2
- stroke 337–42
 anxiety 340
 behavioural changes 338–9
 catastrophic reactions 341
 defining 337
 delirium 337
 dementia 338
 depression 338–9
 emotionalism 340
 empathy loss 342
 executive function 341
 hyposexuality 341
 inhibition control deficit 342
 OCD 341
 psychosis 341
- subarachnoid haemorrhage (SAH), headache 355
- subspecialization, current practice variation 18
- substance misuse *see* drug misuse
- suicide 245–62
see also self-harm
 adolescents 256
 aetiology 248–53
 Beck Suicidal Intent Scale 255
 behaviour 252–3
 biological aspects 252
 cancer 557
 defining 245
 epidemiology 246
 frequent repeaters 257
 general population 249
 HIV infection 486
 ICU 681–2
 older people 257
 palliative care 607–9
 physician assisted suicide 609–11
 psychiatric disorders 249–50
 risk factors 249–50
 schizophrenia 250
 self-harm links 247–8, 255
 social characteristics 252–3
- suicide prevention
 drug misuse 184
 nursing 107–10
 strategies 248
- suicide risk assessment 91, 254–7
 nursing 114
 physical illness 91, 114
- Symptom Checklist 90 (SCL-90) 97–8
- symptoms, MUS 847–64
- syphilophobia 733–5
- teaching 19–20
- terminal illness
 psychological reactions to illness 67
 single item screening interview 98
- TGA *see* transient global amnesia
- tianeptine 774
- tic disorders 315
 GTS 353–4
 PANDAS 353–4
 treatment 354
- topiramate 789
- transient global amnesia (TGA) 332
- trazodone 773
- treatment refusal, legal issues 47–58
- tremor 315
- trends, current practice variation 14
- trichotillomania 722
- tricyclic antidepressants 772
- twelve-step programmes, drug misuse 207–8
- UK, liaison psychiatry development 10–12
- ulcerative colitis 393–7
- United States CL 9–10
- urticarias 724–5
- valproate 788
- variation, current practice *see* current practice variation
- visual field abnormalities 315–16
- vitamins
 alcohol 160–1, 282, 331
 dementia 329
 WKS 331
- vulvodynia 657
- vulvovaginitis 657

929 **Index**

- wakefulness, neurological disorders 309
- war
 - First World War 6
 - Second World War 7–8
- ways of working 17
- websites
- Wernicke–Korsakoff syndrome (WKS) 331–2
- Wernicke’s dysphasia 311–12
- Wernicke’s syndrome, alcohol 160–1
- Wilson’s disease (hepatolenticular degeneration) 324, 423–4
- withdrawal
 - alcohol 157–60, 200–1
 - drug misuse 198–205
- WKS *see* Wernicke–Korsakoff syndrome