

## The Evolution of Thought Evolutionary Origins of Great Ape Intelligence

Research on the evolution of higher intelligence rarely combines data from fields as diverse as paleontology and psychology. In this volume we seek to do just that, synthesizing the approaches of hominoid cognition, psychology, language studies, ecology, evolution, paleoecology, and systematics towards an understanding of great ape intelligence. Leading scholars from all these fields have been asked to evaluate the manner in which each of their topics of research informs our understanding of the evolution of intelligence in great apes and humans. The ideas thus assembled represent the most comprehensive survey to date of the various causes and consequences of cognitive evolution in great apes. *The Evolution of Thought* will therefore be an essential reference for graduate students and researchers in evolutionary psychology, paleoanthropology, and primatology.

Anne E. Russon is a professor of psychology at Glendon College of York University in Toronto. Since 1989 she has been studying intelligence and learning in ex-captive orangutans released to free forest life in central and eastern Indonesian Borneo.

DAVID R. BEGUN is a professor of anthropology at the University of Toronto. He is a leading researcher in Miocene hominoid paleobiology. His current research interests center on the biogeography of great ape and human origins and the relations between Miocene hominoids and the earliest humans.



# The Evolution of Thought

# Evolutionary Origins of Great Ape Intelligence

Edited by

Anne E. Russon

Department of Psychology, Glendon College, York University, Toronto

David R. Begun

Department of Anthropology, University of Toronto, Toronto





PUBLISHED BY THE PRESS SYNDICATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE The Pitt Building, Trumpington Street, Cambridge, United Kingdom

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS
The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge, CB2 2RU, UK
40 West 20th Street, New York, NY 10011–4211, USA
477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia
Ruiz de Alarcón 13, 28014 Madrid, Spain
Dock House, The Waterfront, Cape Town 8001, South Africa

http://www.cambridge.org

© Cambridge University Press 2004

This book is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements, no reproduction of any part may take place without the written permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 2004

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

Typeface Ehrhardt 9.5/12pt. System L $^{4}$ TEX 2 $_{\varepsilon}$  [TB]

A catalog record for this book is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication data

The evolution of thought: evolutionary origins of great ape intelligence / edited by Anne E. Russon and David R. Begun.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references.

ISBN 0 521 78335 6

1. Apes – Evolution. 2. Apes – Psychology. 3. Animal intelligence. I. Russon, Anne E. II. Begun, David R.

QL737.P96E83 2004

155.7 – dc22 2003058668

ISBN 0 521 78335 6 hardback



## Contents

List of contributors vii Preface ix

1 Evolutionary reconstructions of great ape intelligence 1

ANNE E. RUSSON

2 Enhanced cognitive capacity as a contingent fact of hominid phylogeny 15

DAVID R. BEGUN

#### PART I COGNITION IN LIVING GREAT APES

Introduction 29
ANNE E. RUSSON

- 3 The manual skills and cognition that lie behind hominid tool use 31
  RICHARD W. BYRNE
- 4 The cognitive complexity of social organization and socialization in wild baboons and chimpanzees: guided participation, socializing interactions, and event representation 45

  SUE TAYLOR PARKER
- 5 Gestural communication in the great apes 61 JOANNA BLAKE
- 6 Great ape cognitive systems 76
  ANNE E. RUSSON

#### PART II MODERN GREAT APE ADAPTATION

Introduction 101 ANNE E. RUSSON

 What's in a brain? The question of a distinctive brain anatomy in great apes 105
 CAROL E. MACLEOD

8 Life histories and the evolution of large brain size in great apes 122 CAROLINE ROSS

- 9 Evolution of complex feeding techniques in primates: is this the origin of great ape intelligence? 140
  GEN YAMAKOSHI
- 10 The special demands of great ape locomotion and posture 172

  KEVIN D. HUNT
- 11 Great ape social systems 190
  CAREL P. VAN SCHAIK, SIGNE
  PREUSCHOFT, AND DAVID
  P. WATTS
- 12 Diet and foraging of the great apes: ecological constraints on their social organizations and implications for their divergence 210 JUICHI YAMAGIWA

#### PART III FOSSIL GREAT APE ADAPTATIONS

Introduction 235 DAVID R. BEGUN

- 13 Paleoenvironments and the evolution of adaptability in great apes 237
  RICHARD POTTS
- 14 Cranial evidence of the evolution of intelligence in fossil apes 260
   DAVID R. BEGUN AND LÁSZLÓ KORDOS
- 15 Life history and cognitive evolution in the apes 280JAY KELLEY
- Fossil hominoid diets, extractive foraging, and the origins of great ape intelligence 298
   MICHELLE SINGLETON
- 17 Paleontology, terrestriality, and the intelligence of great apes 320

  DANIEL L. GEBO

v



vi Contents

18 Body size and intelligence in hominoid evolution 335

CAROL V. WARD, MARK FLINN, AND DAVID R. BEGUN

#### PART IV INTEGRATION

19 Evolutionary origins of great ape intelligence: an integrated view 353

ANNE E. RUSSON AND DAVID R. BEGUN

Author index 369 Species index 373 Subject index 375



# **Contributors**

DAVID R. BEGUN

Department of Anthropology University of Toronto

Toronto, ON M5S 3G3, Canada begun@chass.utoronto.ca

JOANNA BLAKE

Department of Psychology

York University 4700 Keele St

North York, ON M3J 1P3, Canada

RICHARD W. BYRNE School of Psychology University St. Andrews

St. Andrews, Fife KY16 9JU, Scotland, UK

rwb@st-andrews.ac.uk

MARK FLINN

Department of Anthropology

107 Swallow Hall University of Missouri Columbia, MO 65211, USA FlinnM@missouri.edu

DANIEL L. GEBO

Department of Anthropology Northern Illinois University De Kalb, IL 60115-2854, USA

dgebo@niu.edu

KEVIN D. HUNT

Department of Anthropology, SB 130

Indiana University

Bloomington, IN 47405, USA kdhunt@ucs.indiana.edu

JAY KELLEY

Department of Oral Biology, College of Dentistry

University of Illinois at Chicago

801 South Paulina St.

Chicago, IL 60612-7213, USA

jkelley@uic.edu

LÁSZLÓ KORDOS

The Geological Institute of Hungary

H-1143 Budapest Stefánia út 14, Hungary kordos@mafi.hu

CAROL E. MACLEOD

Department of Anthropology

Langara College

Vancouver, BC V5Y 2Z6, Canada

caroleli@sfu.ca

SUE TAYLOR PARKER
Department of Anthropology
Sonoma State University

Rohnert Park, CA 94928, USA parker@sonoma.edu

RICHARD POTTS

Director, Human Origins Program Department of Anthropology National Museum of Natural History

Smithsonian Institute

Washington, DC 20560-0112, USA Potts.Rick@NMNH.SLEDU

SIGNE PREUSCHOFT

Living Links, Yerkes Primate Center

**Emory University** 

954 North Gatewood Road Atlanta, GA 30329, USA

Present address: Haydnstraße 25, 44147 Dortmund,

Germany

CAROLINE ROSS

School of Life & Sport Sciences

University of Surrey London, UK

c.ross@roehampton.ac.uk

ANNE E. RUSSON

Department of Psychology Glendon College, York University

vii



#### viii List of contributors

2275 Bayview Ave.

Toronto, ON M4N 3M6, Canada

arusson@gl.yorku.ca

MICHELLE SINGLETON
Department of Anatomy
Midwestern University

555 31st Street

Downers Grove, IL 60515, USA msingl@midwestern.edu

CAREL P. VAN SCHAIK

Biological Anthropology and Anatomy

**Duke University** 

Box 90383 Durham, NC 27708-0383, USA

vschaik@acpub.duke.edu

CAROL V. WARD

Department of Anthropology

Department of Pathology and Anatomical Sciences

107 Swallow Hall

University of Missouri Columbia, MO 65211, USA WardCV@missouri.edu

DAVID P. WATTS

Department of Anthropology

Yale University P.O. Box 208277

New Haven, CT 06520-8277, USA

JUICHI YAMAGIWA

Laboratory of Human Evolution Studies Faculty of Science, Kyoto University Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, 606-8502, Japan yamagiwa@jinrui.zool.kyoto-u.ac.jp

GEN YAMAKOSHI

Graduate School of Asian and African Studies

Kvoto University

Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, 606-8502, Japan yamakosh@jinrui.zool.kyoto-u.ac.jp



# **Preface**

This book arose from three realizations. First, there is an important need for good models of great ape cognitive evolution. Studies of comparative primate cognition over the last two decades increasingly show that all great apes share a grade of cognition distinct from that of other nonhuman primates. Their cognition appears to be intermediate in complexity between that of other nonhuman primates and humans, so it offers the best available model of the cognitive platform from which human cognition evolved. Understanding the position of the great apes is then essential to understanding cognitive evolution within the primate order and ultimately, in humans. Second, existing reconstructions of the evolutionary origins of great ape cognition are all in need of revision because of advances in research on great ape cognition itself, on modern great ape adaptation, and on fossil hominoids. Third, developing an accurate picture of the evolutionary origins of great ape intelligence requires bringing together expertise from a highly diverse range of fields beyond modern great ape cognition. Essential are current understandings of the brain, life histories, social and ecological challenges, and the interactions among them in both living and ancestral hominids.

We therefore assembled a team of contributors with expertise spanning the topics currently recognized as relevant to cognitive evolution in the great ape lineage, with the aim of piecing together the most comprehensive picture possible today. We asked all our contributors to explore the implications of their realm of expertise for cognition and cognitive evolution. We are grateful to all of them for their willingness to embark on this enterprise and for sticking with the sometimes trying process of fitting this broad range of material together. The product is a compilation of our contributors' views on adaptations relevant to cognition in the great ape lineage and our attempt to integrate their material into a coherent picture. Our sense is that a coherent picture does emerge. That contributors working from very different perspectives often voiced similar conclusions adds to our sense that this picture has considerable substance.

We do not presume that our reconstruction will close the book on the evolutionary origins of great ape cognition. Although we covered most if not all of the major issues currently recognized as important in the evolution of great ape mentality, the breadth of the material involved means that our coverage is inevitably brief. Further, our contributors pointed to additional factors in need of consideration and there remain vast areas of importance that have been little researched or that are still crying for evidence. This picture will undoubtedly change as understanding improves. Our hope is that this collective work will contribute to filling the need for good models of the evolutionary origins of great ape intelligence and at the same time spur efforts to improve our picture where it proves lacking.