

Political Ideology in the Arab World

Arab nationalism and Islamism have been the two most potent ideological forces in the Arab region across the twentieth century. Over the last two decades, however, an accommodation of sorts has been developing between liberals, socialists, and Islamists, to protest unpopular foreign and domestic policies, such as those aimed at cooperation with Israel or the war in Iraq. By examining the writings of Arab nationalist, socialist, and Islamist intellectuals, and through numerous interviews with political participants from different persuasions, Michaelle Browers traces these developments from the "Arab age of ideology," as it has been called, through an "age of ideological transformation," demonstrating clearly how the recent flow of ideas from one group to another have their roots in the past. *Political Ideology in the Arab World* assesses the impact of ideological changes on Egypt's Kifaya! [Enough!] movement and Yemen's Joint Meeting Parties.

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Political Ideology in the Arab World

Accommodation and Transformation

Michaelle L. Browers

Wake Forest University





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Glossary

ahl al-dhimma: protected peoples, non-Muslim subjects of Islamic governments

asala: authenticity

azma: crisis

da'wa: calling or inviting to Islam

figh: Islamic jurisprudence

hadatha: modernity

ijtihad: independent reasoning, particularly in regard to interpreting religious texts

'ilmaniyya: secularism, from 'ilm (science); also rendered 'almaniyya, from 'alam (world)

jahiliyya: ignorance or barbarism; usually used in reference to the pre-Islamic era, though in modern times it has come to be used in reference to individuals, systems and societies not following Islam; also known as the "age of ignorance"

kafir, plural kuffar: unbeliever, one who rejects Islam

khuruj: literally, coming out or rising; Zaydi principle of rising up against an unjust ruler

kifaya: enough; slogan of and nickname for the Egyptian Movement for Change

mu'asira: contemporaenity

muwatin: citizen

Nahda: awakening or renaissance; name given to the period of intellectual creativity and reform from the late nineteenth to the early twentieth centuries; often seen as the Arab and Islamic counterpart to the European Enlightenment

qawmiyya: nationalism, usually referring to pan-Arab nationalism, as opposed to wataniyya

salafiyya: movement claiming to follow in the way of the righteous ancestors (salaf); used to describe traditionalist and puritanical Islamic movements in various parts of the world

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Glossary ix

shari'a: body of Islamic law; literally, the way or path

shura: consultation, used by some Islamic thinkers as a syno-

nym for democracy

turath: heritage umma: community

wasatiyya: an intellectual trend characterized or claiming characterization as centrist or moderate (wasti), or said to occupy

the middle (wasat) between extremist alternatives

watan: homeland, nation

wataniyya: nationalism, usually referring to state-based nation-

alism, as opposed to qawmiyya