

CONTENTS

<i>Preface</i>	<i>xi</i>
Geometry and Physics: An Overview	
1 Geometry	1
2 Special relativity	4
3 General relativity	7
4 Local, global and infinitesimal	11
 1 The Background Manifold Structure	
1.1 Topological spaces	14
1.2 Maps	15
1.3 Coordinate neighbourhoods	17
1.4 Differentiable manifolds	19
1.5 Maps of manifolds	20
1.6 The tangent space	21
1.7 Bases in the tangent space	24
1.8 Transformation properties of vector components	25
1.9 The tangent map	27
1.10 The cotangent space	28
1.11 Bases in the cotangent space	29
1.12 The dual tangent map	31
1.13 Tensors	32
1.14 Symmetry operations on tensors	37
1.15 The metric tensor	39
1.16 Raising and lowering of tensor indices	47
1.17 Alternating tensors	48
1.18 Exterior algebra	51

1.19	Measure of lengths and the world-function	55
2	Differentiation	57
2.1	Tensor fields and congruences	57
2.2	The Lie derivative	62
2.3	The connector	68
2.4	Parallel propagation and geodesics	72
2.5	Transformation properties of the connector	77
2.6	The covariant derivative	78
2.7	Torsion and normal coordinates	82
2.8	Compatibility of the metric with the connection	84
2.9	Parallelism	85
2.10	Applications of the covariant derivative	86
2.11	The exterior derivative	88
2.12	Frobenius theorems	90
2.13	Isometries on M	99
3	The Curvature	102
3.1	The Riemann tensor	102
3.2	Symmetry properties of the Riemann tensor and the Gaussian curvature	106
3.3	Significance of a curvature tensor vanishing everywhere	109
3.4	The Ricci tensor, the curvature scalar, the Weyl tensor	111
3.5	The Bianchi identities	114
3.6	The equation of geodesic deviation	117
3.7	The covariant derivative of the world-function	120
3.8	Maximally symmetric spaces	125
4	Space-time and Tetrad Formalism	129
4.1	The space-time manifold and the physical observer	129
4.2	Construction of a tetrad	133

	<i>Contents</i>	vii
4.3	Relations among tetrads and the Lorentz group	135
4.4	The propagation laws for tetrads	138
4.5	The Ricci rotation coefficients	139
4.6	Differential operators related to a tetrad frame	141
5	Spinors and the Classification of the Weyl Tensor	146
5.1	Outline	146
5.2	The group $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$	146
5.3	Lie algebras	151
5.4	Bivector algebra	155
5.5	Spinors	159
5.6	The spinor connection	166
5.7	The spinor curvature	168
5.8	The torsion case	172
5.9	Conformal spinors	174
5.10	The Weyl spinor and the Petrov classification	177
6	Coupling Between Fields and Geometry	185
6.1	Newtonian fluids	185
6.2	Generalization to special relativity	187
6.3	Coupling between fields and geometry: the field action	188
6.4	The gravitational action and the Einstein equations	191
6.5	The energy-momentum tensor of a perfect fluid	195
6.6	The energy-momentum tensor of a single particle	198
6.7	The energy-momentum tensor of the electromagnetic field	200
6.8	The energy-momentum pseudotensor	201
7	Dynamics on Curved Manifolds	206
7.1	Conservation laws	206

7.2	The equations of motion of an extended body	211
7.3	The centre-of-mass description	216
7.4	Motion of a point particle	221
7.5	Constants of motion	225
7.6	Maxwell's equations for a free electromagnetic field	227
7.7	Maxwell's equations in the presence of charges and currents	228
7.8	The radiation field	231
7.9	The light cone	236
7.10	Stationary space-times	238
7.11	The geometry of stationary null surfaces	244
8	Geometry of Congruences	250
8.1	Tetrad decomposition of the Riemann tensor	250
8.2	The expansion equation	255
8.3	The vorticity equation	258
8.4	The Einstein equations in tetrad form	259
8.5	The geometry of null rays	261
8.6	Singularities	267
9	Physical Measurements in Space-time	274
9.1	The concept of measurement	274
9.2	The measurement of time intervals and space distances	275
9.3	Measurements of angles	281
9.4	Curvature effects in the measurement of angles	282
9.5	Measurement of frequency	286
9.6	Measurement of relative velocities	287
9.7	The velocity composition law	295
9.8	Energy and momentum of a particle	297
9.9	Measurement of electric and magnetic fields	298
9.10	The properties of a fluid	300
9.11	The equations of motion of a fluid	304
9.12	The small curvature limit	306

	<i>Contents</i>	ix
9.13 Gravitational radiation	314	
10 Spherically Symmetric Solutions		320
10.1 The spherically symmetric line element	320	
10.2 The external Schwarzschild solution	322	
10.3 The internal Schwarzschild solution	326	
10.4 The global structure of spherically symmetric space-times	329	
10.5 The extended external Schwarzschild solution	332	
10.6 Penrose diagrams	338	
10.7 Time-like geodesics in the external Schwarzschild solution	342	
10.8 The precession of the apsidal points	347	
10.9 The plunging-in observer	349	
10.10 Null geodesics in the external Schwarzschild solution	351	
10.11 The bending of light rays	354	
10.12 The Reissner-Nordström solution	358	
10.13 The extended Reissner-Nordström solution	361	
10.14 Particle behaviour near the Reissner-Nordström singularity	369	
10.15 Homogeneous and isotropic cosmology	372	
10.16 The Friedmann solutions	378	
10.17 Cosmological effects	384	
11 Axially Symmetric Solutions		389
11.1 The axially symmetric line element: the canonical form	389	
11.2 The Kerr solution	392	
11.3 Physical interpretation of the Kerr metric	397	
11.4 The space-time structure	400	
11.5 Time-like geodesics	406	
11.6 Rotationally induced effects	408	
11.7 The angular geodesic equation	413	
11.8 The equatorial circular geodesics	414	
11.9 Null geodesics	418	

Cambridge University Press

978-0-521-42908-5 - Relativity on Curved Manifolds

F. de Felice and C. J. S. Clarke

Table of Contents

[More information](#)

x

Contents

11.10	The Kerr-Newman solution	421
11.11	The Weyl and the T-S solutions	424
11.12	Hawking radiation: an overview	426
<i>Notation</i>		431
<i>References</i>		434
<i>Index</i>		441