

CONTENTS

	<i>List of maps</i>	<i>page xi</i>
	<i>Preface</i>	<i>xiii</i>
	<i>List of abbreviations used in glosses</i>	<i>xvi</i>
PART 1	The Ainu language	1
1	Introduction	3
1.1	People and distribution	3
1.2	Literature	4
1.3	Linguistic affiliation and dialects	5
1.4	Data	8
2	Sound structure	11
2.1	Vowels	11
2.2	Consonants	11
2.3	Accent	12
2.4	Phonological processes	12
2.5	Vocalic euphony	13
3	Grammatical structure	17
3.1	Sentence types	18
3.1.1	Simplex sentences	18
3.1.2	Compound and complex sentences	21
3.2	Word order	22
3.3	Personal affixes	25
3.4	Nominal constructions	30
3.4.1	Pronouns	30
3.4.2	The noun	31
3.4.3	Nominalizers	32
3.4.4	The case particles	34
3.4.5	Topic particle	38

3.4.6	Nominal modification	39
3.5	Predicate constructions	44
3.5.1	Transitive- intransitive correspondences	44
3.5.2	Verbalizers	45
3.5.3	Verb affixes	45
3.5.4	Plural verb forms	50
3.5.5	Honorifics	54
3.5.6	Passive and related constructions	55
3.5.7	Incorporation and polysynthesis	60
3.5.8	Summary of valency changes and morphological effects	75
3.5.9	The order of verbal affixes	76
3.5.10	Auxiliary verbs	77
3.5.11	Tense and aspect	79
3.5.12	Adverbs	80
3.6	Imperatives, negatives, and interrogatives	81
3.7	Mood	83
	Appendix 1 Classical Ainu text	85
	Appendix 2 Ainu colloquial text	85
PART 2	The Japanese language	87
4	Introduction	89
5	Genetic affiliation	94
6	History	119
6.1	Overview	120
6.2	The writing system	125
6.3	The Old Japanese vowel system	131
7	Lexicon	140
7.1	General characteristics of the Japanese lexicon	140
7.2	Loan words	142
7.2.1	Sino-Japanese words	145
7.2.2	Foreign words	147
7.3	Onomatopoeia	153
8	Phonology	158
8.1	Syllable and mora	158
8.2	Vowels	160

8.3	Consonants	163
8.3.1	Palatalized and affricate consonants	163
8.3.2	<i>h, φ, ç, and p</i>	166
8.3.3	Moraic consonants /Q/ and /N/	167
8.3.4	[g] ~ [ŋ]	171
8.4	Morphemic alternation	173
8.4.1	Sequential voicing	173
8.4.2	Casual speech	175
8.5	Accent	177
9	Dialects	185
9.1	Standard language and common language	185
9.2	Dialect divisions	187
9.3	Ryūkyuan dialects	189
9.4	The East–West opposition	196
9.5	The central–peripheral opposition: historical residues	202
9.6	The central–peripheral opposition: parallel innovations	207
10	Word formation	215
10.1	Lexical categories	215
10.2	Affixation	217
10.3	Verb inflection	221
10.4	Transitive–intransitive pairs	235
10.5	Compounds	237
10.6	Post-syntactic compounds	247
10.7	Abbreviation	254
11	Grammatical structure	257
11.1	Word order and related phenomena	257
11.2	The topic construction	262
11.3	Grammatical relations	280
11.4	The syntax of agglutinative morphology	306
11.4.1	Causative formation	307
11.4.2	Passive formation	317
11.5	The historical development of particles	333
11.5.1	<i>Wa</i> and other adverbial particles	335
11.5.2	Case particles (<i>w</i>) <i>o</i> , <i>ga</i> and <i>no</i>	340
11.6	Pragmatics of Japanese grammar	357
11.6.1	Spoken and written language	357
11.6.2	Men’s and women’s speech	371
11.6.3	Honorifics and speech levels	374

x	<i>Contents</i>	
11.6.4	Deictic expressions	380
11.6.5	Accessibility of information and mutual knowledge	383
12	Epilogue	389
	<i>References</i>	393
	<i>Index</i>	400