

Scripture and Law in the Dead Sea Scrolls

This book is the first work of its kind to examine legal exegesis in the Dead Sea Scrolls from the perspective of both the history of Jewish law and early Jewish scriptural interpretation. It shows how the Dead Sea Scrolls transform the meaning and application of biblical law to meet the needs of new historical and cultural settings. The Dead Sea Scrolls legal texts are examined through the comparative lens of law and legal interpretation in Second Temple Judaism and rabbinic Judaism. The creative interpretation of scriptural texts in the Dead Sea Scrolls responds to the tension between seemingly rigid authoritative scripture and the need for law and scripture to be perpetually evolving entities. The ongoing legal interpretation of scriptural texts frames the development of Jewish law at the same time as it shapes the nature of the biblical canon.

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In Loving Memory of

David R. Azose

September 12, 1939–October 26, 2009

ת'נ'צ'ב'ה'





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Acknowledgments

The book of *Ecclesiastes* concludes with a warning concerning the perils of writing a book: "The making of many books is without limit and much study is a wearying of the flesh" (Eccl 12:12). Any modern scholar can certainly attest to the unending production of books and the significant amount of study that must go into adding yet another contribution. I have been very fortunate not to have embarked upon the present composition in isolation, but with a wonderful supporting cast of family, friends, and colleagues. It is undoubtedly on account of their encouragement and collective wisdom that I hope to have been able to follow in the path of *Ecclesiastes*: "To discover useful sayings and record genuinely truthful sayings" (Eccl 12:10).

The conception and writing of this book coincided with the growth of my family and the development of my professional career. This book was written while I was a member of the Department of Classical and Near Eastern Studies at the University of Minnesota. Its path from conception to completion owes much to the supportive environment of the department and university as well as the enriching intellectual climate provided by my colleagues. This book was completed during my time as a McKnight Land-Grant Professor. I am thankful to the University of Minnesota for this honor and the wonderful resources that came with the professorship. Thanks especially to my departmental colleagues Eva von Dassow, Bernie Levinson, Cal Roetzel, Phillip Sellew, George Sheets, and Jeff Stackert (now of the University of Chicago), who responded to specific queries, lent their wisdom in conversations, or read entire drafts of chapters. A special debt of gratitude goes to my department chair Chris Nappa, whose advocacy for my professional development and unstinting support of my research represent everything a junior faculty member could ask for in a chair. This work owes a great deal to the mentorship, intellectual dialogue, and friendship of Bernie Levinson. Since my arrival at Minnesota, Bernie has been a source of constant support in all my professional and intellectual pursuits. We

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have shared interests in legal history and biblical exegesis, and his imprint on my approach to these issues is apparent throughout this book. As this book was in its final stages of production, I joined the faculty of the Skirball Department of Hebrew and Judaic Studies at New York University.

Much of the writing of this book coincided with my work as an academic adviser for the exhibition *Dead Sea Scrolls:* Words That Changed the World at the Science Museum of Minnesota. I had the pleasure of working with many talented individuals in creating the exhibit. I learned much from Chris Burda, Ed Fleming, and Joe Imholte on how best to present academic research in a clear and succinct manner. Our constant dialogue on the most effective way to present any particular issue in Dead Sea Scrolls research helped refine my own thinking about many issues. I hope that some of their creative energy and constant attention to the intended audience are reflected in this book. My work on the exhibit provided a wonderful opportunity to learn much from my co-adviser Michael Wise. As we discussed countless issues related to the Dead Sea Scrolls and Qumran, I constantly found his questions and observations challenging and illuminating. My understanding of the Dead Sea Scrolls is much richer because of our friendship and dialogue.

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guest lecturer at several universities: the John Cardinal Cody Colloquium at Loyola University Chicago (March 2010); the Open History Seminar at Hebrew Union College–Jewish Institute of Religion (March 2010); Yeshiva University (October 2010); and New York University (October 2010). Thanks to all those in attendance who offered helpful and instructive feedback.

In the course of writing this book, I have published material from my research in progress in several venues. Early versions of Chapters 9 and 10 were published as "Tracing the Threads of Jewish Law: The Sabbath Carrying Prohibition from Jeremiah to the Rabbis," *Annali di storia dell'esegesi* 28:1 (2011): 253–78 (part of the special section "Second Temple Halakhot and the Historical Jesus: Three Contributions toward a Discussion") and "Law and Exegesis in the Dead Sea Scrolls: The Sabbath Carrying Prohibition in Comparative Perspective," in *The Dead Sea Scrolls at Sixty: Scholarly Contributions of the New York University Faculty and Alumni* (ed. L. H. Schiffman and S. L. Tsoref; STDJ 89; Leiden: Brill, 2010), 115–56. I am grateful to the publishers for permission to reprint material from these articles.

Above all, this book could not have been completed without the love and support of my family. My wife Leslie has lived with the Dead Sea Scrolls now for more than a decade. During this time, she has been a constant champion of my research, and together we continue to be enthused by all that the world of the Dead Sea Scrolls offers. She has been a source of great wisdom for our growing family and my work. Indeed, as with Lady Wisdom in the book of *Proverbs*, she "speaks noble things; uprightness comes from [her] lips" (Prov 8:6). She "endows those who love [her] with substance" and "fill[s] their treasuries" (Prov 8:21). Most importantly, Leslie is "a source of delight every day" (Prov 8:30), and together we "rejoice in the world" (Prov 8:31). In deep gratitude of her love and support, let me invoke the praise of the Woman of Valor found later in *Proverbs*: "Many women have done well, but you surpass them all" (Prov 31:29).

While I was writing this book, my now-six-year-old daughter Lila's interest in the stories of the Hebrew Bible developed. As our nighttime story time developed into biblical storytelling, I experienced firsthand the timeless enterprise of scripture and interpretation – both in the way that my own stories were often enhanced by inclusion of midrashic elaboration and by Lila's own observations on the text. The clarity of a young child's perspective attests to the enduring need to make the scriptural text comport with the moral sensibilities of the reader: on Noah cursing Canaan for something his father Ham did in Gen 9:25: "That's not fair!" As with the ancient exegetes, Lila is compelled to "update" the ancient text: on Gen 37:25: "A 'caravan' is a *car* that goes down to Egypt." Her often repeated question "Is that *really* in the Torah?" places her much closer to rabbinic Judaism than Second Temple–period Judaism with regard to the blurring of scripture and its interpretation.

This book is dedicated to the memory of my father-in-law David Azose. He had a strong desire for knowledge and deeper understanding of all things,



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particularly relating to the history of Judaism. He was a very gracious and perennially curious conversation partner. He possessed a kind and gentle demeanor that made him beloved to all who were around him. The words of I Sam 18:14 ring very true for him: ויהי דוד לכל דרכו משכיל, "David was successful in all of his undertakings" (NJPS). Drawing on a technique familiar from rabbinic midrash (Y אל תקרי, "do not read X, rather Y"), we should read not with its intended intransitive meaning ("be successful"), but with the transitive meaning "to illuminate, give insight" and also render דרך not merely as "undertakings" but with the alternate sense of "manner, behavior." With this midrashic rereading, the scriptural passage becomes an even more fitting epitaph: "David gave insight (to all) in all his ways." David's friends and family can well attest to the many ways in which his demeanor and behavior provided an exemplary model for all to emulate. Indeed, the echo of I Sam 18:14 in the Cave בן ישי חכם ואור כאור Psalms Scroll is equally fitting for David: ויהי דויד בן ישי חכם ואור כאור השמש וסופר ונבון ותמים בכול דרכיו לפני אל ואנשים ויתן לו יהוה רוח נבונה ואורה, "Now David (the son of Jesse) was wise and shone like the light of the sun, a scribe and man of discernment, blameless in all his ways before God and men; the Lord gave him a brilliant and discerning spirit" (11QPsa 27:2-4). While it certainly stretches credulity to apply this entire encomium to its intended target King David, there is no sense of exaggeration as applied to David Azose.

Unfortunately, David's namesake, my son David, never got to meet his grandfather and learn these attributes from his example. For him, let me take the liberty of revocalizing the verbs in the *Psalms Scroll*. This passage assumes a dramatically different meaning when the verbs are vocalized not as the clearly intended converted imperfect forms, but rather with the consonantally identical jussive forms (יַרְיָבוּ \rightarrow בְּיָבוֹיִן: "May David be wise and shine like the light of the sun, a scribe and man of discernment, blameless in all his ways before God and men; May the Lord give him a brilliant and discerning spirit." In so doing, this passage represents my wish that he grow to emulate the kind and gentle spirit of his grandfather.



A Note on Style and Translation

This book on the whole adheres to the style outlined in Patrick H. Alexander, ed., *The SBL Handbook of Style: For Ancient Near Eastern, Biblical, and Early Christian Studies* (Peabody: Hendrickson, 1999). Any modification has been undertaken in the quest for greater clarity in presentation. I have adopted a slightly modified system for abbreviating ancient texts as outlined in the following section. Many of the scholarly articles that I discuss have been reprinted in collected volumes by the authors. In my treatment of these articles in the chapter notes, I cite the article from the most recent printing in the collected volume and indicate the original year of publication in parentheses. Full bibliographic information regarding the original place of publication can be found in the Bibliography.

The translations provided throughout the book represent a combination of my own as well as those of others. In all cases where I rely on other translations, I indicate the source and note if the translation has been modified. Passages from the Hebrew Bible generally follow the New Jewish Publication Society translation (Philadelphia, 1985). As a modern scholarly book about ancient society, this work presents many challenges in striving for inclusive language. As I note several times in the book, biblical and ancient Jewish legal texts nearly always formulate law employing masculine grammatical forms (e.g., "Let no man . . . "). Modern translators sometimes seek to render this decidedly noninclusive language into a gender-neutral translation (e.g., "Let no one . . . "). In an attempt to represent as accurately as possible these ancient texts and the social worlds to which they apply, I have retained the literal translation of the legal formulae with the masculine grammatical forms.





Abbreviations and Sigla

DEAD SEA SCROLLS SIGLA AND TEXTUAL NOTATIONS

2:4-5	Denotes column two, lines four through five. Used for
	better-preserved larger Dead Sea Scrolls.
2 iii 4-5	Denotes fragment two, column three, lines four through five.
	Used for fragmentary Dead Sea Scrolls when columns can be
	reconstructed.
2 4-5	Denotes fragment two, lines four through five. Used for
	fragmentary Dead Sea Scrolls when columns cannot be
	reconstructed.
	Lacuna in ancient manuscript
[א], [a]	Suggested restoration by modern editor
₹, a	Overlapping text represented in parallel manuscript
vac, vacat	Portion of preserved manuscript with no inscribed text
<×>, <a>	Suggested emendation by modern editor
(a)	Additional words added by modern editor to improve English
	translation
a // b	Parallel text
par.	Parallel manuscript
frg(s).	Fragment(s)

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T-2 Chr

Abbreviations and Sigla

ABBREVIATIONS OF ANCIENT TEXTS

1-2 Chronicles

Hebrew Bible and Second Temple-Period Texts

1 2 0111	1 2 00000000	1 2 1189	1 2 101185
1-2 Macc	1-2 Maccabees	1–2 Sam	1–2 Samuel
Amos	Amos	Dan	Daniel
Deut	Deuteronomy	Eccl	<i>Ecclesiastes</i>
Exod	Exodus	Ezek	Ezekiel
Ezra	Ezra	Gen	Genesis
Hos	Hosea	Isa	Isaiah
Jer	Jeremiah	Job	Job
Joel	Joel	Jub	Jubilees
Lev	Leviticus	Mic	Micah
Nah	Nahum	Neh	Nehemiah
Num	Numbers	Prov	Proverbs
Ps	Psalms	Sir	Wisdom of Ben Sira
Wis	Wisdom of Solomon	Zech	Zechariah

1-2 Kgs 1-2 Kings

Ancient Versions

m	Masoretic Text	w	Samaritan Pentateuch
Ø	Septuagint	$\mathbf{\sigma}^{\mathrm{J}}$	Targum Jonathan
$oldsymbol{\sigma}^{ ext{N}}$	Targum Neofiti	$\sigma_{\rm O}$	Targum Ongelos
æPs-I	T D 1 I .1		

▼^{Ps-J} Targum Pseudo-Jonathan

Dead Sea Scrolls (frequently cited manuscripts)

CD	Damascus Document manuscripts from the Cairo Geniza.
1 QIsa ^{a–b}	Isaiah manuscripts from Qumran Cave 1 (superscript numbers
	indicate individual copies).
ıQS	Rule of the Community manuscript from Qumran Cave 1.
4QD ^{a-h}	Damascus Document manuscripts from Qumran Cave 4.
	Corresponds to 4Q266–273.
4QIsa ^{a-r}	Isaiah manuscripts from Qumran Cave 4. Corresponds to
	4Q55-69b.
4QJer ^{a-e}	Jeremiah manuscripts from Qumran Cave 4. Corresponds to
	4Q70-72b.
$4QS^{a-j}$	Rule of the Community manuscripts from Qumran Cave 4.
	Corresponds to 4Q255-264.
4QMMT	Composite text of Miqsat Ma'ase Ha-Torah manuscripts from
	Qumran Cave 4 (4Q394-399).
11QT ^{a-b}	Temple Scroll from Qumran Cave 11. Corresponds to 11Q19-20.



Abbreviations and Sigla

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Rabbinic Texts

Rabbinic Collections

b. Babylonian Talmud m. Mishnah

t. Tosefta y. Palestinian Talmud

Names of Specific Tractates

. . 1

'Abod. Zar.	`Abodah Zarah	Abot	Abot
B. Bat.	Baba Batra	B. Meși'a	Baba Mesi'a
B. Qam.	Baba Qamma	Bes.	Beşah
Erub.	'Erubin	Git.	Gittin
Hor.	Horayot	Hag.	Ḥagigah
Ḥul.	Hullin	Meg.	Megillah
Men.	Menahot	Miqv.	Miqva'ot
Naz.	Nazir	Nid.	Niddah
'Ohal.	'Ohalot	Pe'ah	Pe'ah
Sanh.	Sanhedrin	Shabb.	Shabbat
Sheb.	Shebu'ot	Suk.	Sukkah
Yad.	Yadayim	Yom.	Yoma
Zav.	Zavim		

MODERN PUBLICATIONS

AR	Anchor 1	Rible

ABRL Anchor Bible Reference Library

AGJU Arbeiten zur Geschichte des antiken Judentums und des

Urchristentums

AJSR Association for Jewish Studies Review

ANRW Aufstieg und Niedergang der römischen Welt: Geschichte

*und Kultur Roms im Spiegel der neueren Forschung.*Edited by Hildegard Temporini and Wolfgang Haase.

Berlin: de Gruyter, 1972-.

BASOR Bulletin of the American Schools of Oriental Research

Bib Biblica

BIOSCS Bulletin of the International Organization for Septuagint

and Cognate Studies

BJRL Bulletin of the John Rylands University Library of

Manchester

BJS Brown Judaic Studies

BZAW Beihefte zur Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche

Wissenschaft

CBQ Catholic Biblical Quarterly

CBQMS Catholic Biblical Quarterly Monograph Series



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Abbreviations and Sigla

CCWJCW Cambridge Commentaries on Writings of the Jewish and

Christian World, 200 B.C. to A.D. 200

Chi.-Kent L. Rev. Chicago-Kent Law Review

CJA Christianity and Judaism in Antiquity
CQS Companion to the Qumran Scrolls

CRINT Compendia rerum iudaicarum ad Novum Testamentum

CSCO Corpus scriptorum Christianorum Orientalium DJD Discoveries in the Judaean Desert (of Jordan)

DSD Dead Sea Discoveries

EDSS Encyclopedia of the Dead Sea Scrolls. Edited by Lawrence

H. Schiffman and James C. VanderKam. 2 vols. Oxford:

Oxford University Press, 2000.

EncJud Encyclopedia Judaica. Edited by Michael Berenbaum and

Fred Skolnik. 22 vols. 2d ed. Detroit: Macmillan

Reference USA, 2007.

ErIsr Eretz-Israel

FAT Forschungen zum Alten Testament

FIOTL The Formation and Interpretation of Old Testament

Literature

FRLANT Forschungen zur Religion und Literatur des Alten und

Neuen Testaments

HAT Handbuch zum Alten Testament **HSM** Harvard Semitic Monographs Harvard Semitic Studies **HSS** HTRHarvard Theological Review Hebrew Union College Annual **HUCA** Journal of Ancient Judaism IAIJournal of Biblical Literature JBL ICS Journal of Cuneiform Studies Journal of Jewish Studies IIS **JNES** Journal of Near Eastern Studies IORJewish Quarterly Review

JSJ Journal for the Study of Judaism in the Persian,

Hellenistic, and Roman Periods

JSJSup Journal for the Study of Judaism in the Persian,

Hellenistic, and Roman Periods: Supplement Series

JSOTSup Journal for the Study of the Old Testament: Supplement

Series

JSPSup Journal for the Study of the Pseudepigrapha: Supplement

Series

JSQ Jewish Studies Quarterly

JSRC Jerusalem Studies in Religion and Culture

JTS Journal of Theological Studies

LCL Loeb Classical Library



Abbreviations and Sigla

xxi

Leš Lešonenu

LSTS Library of Second Temple Studies

MGWJ Monatschrift für Geschichte und Wissenschaft des

Judentums

MHUC Monographs of the Hebrew Union College

NETS New English Translation of the Septuagint. Edited by

Albert Pietersma and Benjamin G. Wright. 2d ed. Oxford:

Oxford University Press, 2009.

NJPS Tanakh: A New Translation of the Holy Scriptures

According to the Traditional Hebrew Text. Philadelphia:

Jewish Publication Society, 1985.

NRSV New Revised Standard Version

NTL New Testament Library

OLA Orientalia lovaniensia analecta

OTL Old Testament Library

PTSDSSP Princeton Theological Seminary Dead Sea Scrolls

Project

RB Revue biblique

REJ Revue des études juives RevQ Revue de Qumran SA Scriptores Aethiopici

SAOC Studies in Ancient Oriental Civilizations
SBLDS Society of Biblical Literature Dissertation Series

SBLSymS Society of Biblical Literature Symposium Series
SBLWAW Society of Biblical Literature Writings from the Ancient

World

SHR Studies in the History of Religions

SI Scripta Judaica

SILA Studies in Judaism in Late Antiquity

STDJ Studies on the Texts of the Desert of Judah

StPB Studia post-biblica
StPhA Studia Philonica Annual

SVTP Studia in Veteris Testamenti pseudepigraphica

TDNT Theological Dictionary of the New Testament. Edited by

Gerhard Kittel and Gerhard Friedrich. 10 vols. Grand

Rapids: Eerdmans, 1964–76.

TDOT Theological Dictionary of the Old Testament. Edited by

G. Johannes Botterweck and Helmer Ringgren. 15 vols.

Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 1974-2006.

ThBN Themes in Biblical Narrative

TSAJ Texte und Studien zum antiken Judentum

UCPNES University of California Publications in Near Eastern

Studies

VT Vetus Testamentum



xxii Abbreviations and Sigla

VTSup Supplements to Vetus Testamentum

WBC Word Biblical Commentary

WUNT Wissenschaftliche Untersuchungen zum Neuen Testament

YJS Yale Judaica Series

ZAW Zeitschrift für die alttestamentliche Wissenschaft

ZfHB Zeitschrift für Hebraische Bibliographie