Migration and Mental Health
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Edited by

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and

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Dedicated to
the memory of Mrs Deepti Gupta
and to
Dr Samir K. Gupta
# Contents

Foreword page ix  
Preface xi  
List of contributors xii  

## Section 1  Epidemiology and inequalities

1 Introduction: setting the scene  
Dinesh Bhugra and Susham Gupta

2 Epidemiological aspects of migration and mental illness  15  
James B. Kirkbride and Peter B. Jones

3 Migration and mental illness: an epidemiological perspective  44  
I-Chao Liu and Andrew T. A. Cheng

4 Globalisation: internal borders and external boundaries  56  
Dinesh Bhugra and Susham Gupta

5 Pre-migration, personality and precipitating factors  68  
Thomas Stompe, David Holzer, Alexander Friedmann and Dinesh Bhugra

6 Ethnicity, migration and mental health: the role of social and economic inequalities  79  
James Nazroo and Karen Iley

7 Risk and protective factors in mental health among migrants  98  
Driss Moussaoui and Mohamed Agoub

8 Psychosis, migration and ethnic minority status: a story of inequality, rejection and discrimination  107  
Tom K. J. Craig

## Section 2  Consequences of migration

9 Migration and its impact on the psychopathology of psychoses  117  
Thomas Stompe and David Holzer

10 Identity, idioms and inequalities: providing psychotherapies for South Asian women  128  
Kamaldeep Bhui and Tamsin Black

11 Cultural bereavement, culture shock and culture conflict: adjustments and reactions  139  
Dinesh Bhugra, Wojtek Wojcik and Susham Gupta

12 Collective trauma  149  
Daya Somasundaram

13 The impact of acculturative stress on the mental health of migrants  159  
Pedro Ruiz, I. Carol Maggi and Anna Yusim

## Section 3  Special groups

14 Migration and mental health of older people  173  
Ajit Shah

15 Migration and its effects on child mental health  196  
Nisha Dogra, Khalid Karim and Pablo Ronzoni
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Authors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Mental health issues related to migration in women</td>
<td>Prabha S. Chandra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Migration and LGBT groups</td>
<td>Dinesh Bhugra, Susham Gupta, Gurvinder Kalra and Stephen Turner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Adapting mental health services to the needs of migrants and</td>
<td>David Ingleby</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ethnic minorities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Intercultural mediation: reconstructing Hermes – the messenger gets</td>
<td>Adil Qureshi, Hilda-Wara Revollo, Francisco Collazos, Jannat el Harrak, Cristina Visiers, Maria del Mar Ramos and Miguel Casas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a voice</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Migrants and mental health: working across culture and language</td>
<td>Rachel Tribe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Psychological therapies for immigrant communities</td>
<td>Stephen Turner and Dinesh Bhugra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Ethno-psychopharmacology</td>
<td>Norman Poole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Migration and physical illnesses</td>
<td>Gurvinder Kalra, Priyadarshini Natarajan and Dinesh Bhugra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Mental health of migrants in China – is it a No Man’s Land?</td>
<td>Roger Man Kin Ng</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Immigrant and refugee mental health in Canada: lessons and prospects</td>
<td>Laura Simich and Morton Beiser</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Conclusions</td>
<td>Dinesh Bhugra and Susham Gupta</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Index 339
Foreword

The World Psychiatric Association (WPA) identified mental health and mental healthcare in migrants as one of the priority issues to be addressed in its guidances (Thornicroft et al., 2010; Sartorius et al., in press; Bhugra et al., in press; Brockington et al., in press), which are being published in its official journal *World Psychiatry*. Dinesh Bhugra was asked to chair the relevant task force, and the document was finalized in May 2010 (Bhugra et al., in press). This book is in part the product of the work of that task force.

There are several reasons why the WPA decided to focus on this issue. The first is that in our present multicultural world it is the rule that psychiatrists come into contact with first or second generation migrants in their professional activity, and this poses significant problems that have to be addressed in a rational and effective way.

Diagnosis and differential diagnosis of mental disorders in migrants is one of the most sensitive areas of these problems. Psychiatric diagnosis is based on the experiences that the service user shares with the psychiatrist, and the behaviour the psychiatrist observes. The role of laboratory and instrumental tests is, in our specialty, very limited. But the sharing and the interpretation of the user’s experiences may be problematic if there are language barriers and significant cultural differences in the idiom of distress between the user and the psychiatrist, and several behavioural manifestations may have very different meanings across cultures.

There is an urgent need for good quality information and continuing education in this area, and the WPA guidance and this book should be very useful in this respect.

Access to mental health services is another sensitive issue. There is evidence that several groups of migrants in various countries have difficulties with contacting health services in general, and mental health services in particular, owing to a variety of barriers and limitations. Furthermore, there are data suggesting that some particularly restrictive modalities of psychiatric care, such as compulsory admission, may be used with a high frequency in some groups of migrants, probably in part because of the above-mentioned problems in communication. A greater awareness of these problems and some guidance about how to address them is urgently needed.

Furthermore, a variety of difficulties is emerging in the implementation of all the most common psychiatric treatments in migrant populations. Pharmacological treatment is complicated by ethnic differences in the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of some psychotropic drugs, but also by users’ problems in understanding and adhering to the prescriptions, and by the interference of dietary habits, religious practices (such as complete fasting in certain periods) and the concomitant use of traditional remedies. On the other hand, the delivery of all psychotherapies is complicated by users’ difficulties in establishing an effective therapeutic relationship with professionals, in accepting some basic assumptions of the various techniques, and in agreeing with the proposed outcome indicators. Finally, all psychosocial interventions are made more difficult in migrants by the frequent lack of an efficient social network, by stigma and discrimination, and by objective obstacles to social inclusion.

A second reason that the WPA identified mental health in migrants as a priority is that research in this area has an enormous potential, which up to now has been only partially explored. The study of the epidemiology of mental disorders in migrants may provide
precious information on the role of gene–environment interactions in the development of the various disorders, on the impact of coping strategies and resilience factors, on the genesis of the comorbidity between mental and physical diseases, on the determinants of attempted and completed suicide, and on the factors affecting the course and outcome of the various disorders. Currently available research already provides some interesting hints, but findings are often inconsistent and difficult to interpret, owing to a variety of methodological problems that it will be important and instructive to address and solve. A review of the available research evidence and of its limitations, such as that provided in this book, may be of great use.

Finally, another reason that the WPA gave priority to this issue is that we need to incorporate the mental health of migrants into the curricula of medical students and residents in psychiatry. This topic does not deserve just a formal and marginal attention. Addressing mental health in migrants in the curricula provides the means to emphasise the more general issue of the role of culture in the genesis, manifestation and management of mental disorders, an element which has been lacking in the education of almost all psychiatrists practising today.

We hope that this book, and the WPA guidance produced by the task force led by Dinesh Bhugra, will call the attention of psychiatrists, other mental health professionals, policymakers and the general public to this challenging and fascinating area, and will generate improved practices and innovative research.

Professor Mario Maj
President, World Psychiatric Association

References


Preface

Human beings have migrated from one place to another for millennia. As we are discovering, the human race originated in Africa and gradually spread all over the globe. The reasons for such a movement are both personal and social. Individuals move for betterment – be it educational, financial or social – and may take their families with them or they may follow a primary migrant. Social reasons may include disasters, political turmoil and other factors. The adjustment to the new culture and society will depend upon both personal and social factors. Acculturation will allow the individual to settle down and contribute to the economy both of the new country and of their own. A vast majority of migrants will not suffer from any mental distress but some will, and their responses will depend upon a number of personal, social and cultural factors. Women, children, the elderly, lesbian, gay and transgender individuals will have additional hurdles to overcome, both in the process of migration and in postmigration stages. There is considerable evidence in the literature to suggest that some migrant groups are more prone to certain types of mental illness than others, though aetiological factors still remain unexplained. Managing people with mental illness from other cultures needs a level of awareness and sensitivity which is the hallmark of good clinical practice. Clinicians must be aware of subtle cultural nuances, cultural norms and explanations so that patients and their families can engage in the therapeutic process. Countries around the globe have experienced increasing levels of migration as a result of globalisation and resulting global interconnectedness. Globalisation has also contributed to migration from rural areas to urban areas, with a resulting increase in urbanisation: this has highlighted problems of changing family structures and social support systems and also overcrowding and strains on infrastructure.

The idea of this book emerged as a result of an invitation from the President of the World Psychiatric Association, Professor Mario Maj, made to the senior editor to chair a task force on Migration and Mental Health. The guidance emerging from this task force is being published separately. Some of the authors contributed both to the guidance and to this book; in addition, several chapters were commissioned separately for the book. Putting together and editing this book has been a great pleasure and indeed an honour. We are immensely grateful to all our contributors, who contributed on time in spite of their busy schedules and made our task seriously enjoyable. Inevitably, there is overlap between some chapters and we have deliberately left this in place, first to ensure that the themes of the chapters are not disturbed and, secondly, so that these can be read independently of each other.

Our thanks go to Richard Marley and his team at CUP for their enthusiastic support for the project. We are also thankful to Professor Mario Maj for his direction and support, and for writing the Foreword. Andrea Livingstone did a sterling job of coordinating and pulling the book together, and for this we are immensely grateful.

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